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AGENCY 881

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No. 25. FEBRUARY, 1910.

BEE'S' **Alpine** AND **Herbaceous** **PLANTS, Etc.**



BEE'S LIMITED,
175-181, MILL STREET, LIVERPOOL.

NURSERIES :

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Clients living in the neighbourhood of our shops are requested to place their orders there rather than at Mill Street.

Terms of Business.

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Orders will be taken in rotation. Order early to avoid disappointment.

TERMS NETT CASH WITH ORDER.

Acknowledgment of Orders will be made unless goods can be sent off within forty-eight hours of receipt of order.

All Catalogues are Post Free to any address, and we shall esteem it a mark of great favour if customers will send us addresses of persons interested in horticulture.

All goods are distinctly priced, but should any uncertainty exist, we shall be pleased to send a *Pro-Forma Invoice* showing exact cost, per return of post.

Carriage.—All goods not too heavy contained in this catalogue are sent **Carriage Forward by Passenger train**. To reduce carriage, all goods are consigned at owner's risk unless otherwise instructed.

As a rough guide we give the following **Parcel Rates (Owner's Risk)**:—

Up to 24 lbs., for distance not exceeding 50 miles	6d.
" " " 100 "	9d.
" (including Irish stations) above 100 "	1/-
" (Scotland) not exceeding 200 "	1/-
" " above 200 "	1/3

Heavy Packages will be sent by Goods Train unless we are otherwise directed.

Cheques, Postal Orders, &c., to be crossed and made payable to "Bees, Limited."

Complaints.—No complaint can be considered unless made within twenty-four hours of receipt of the original Order Sheet.

Complaints must be accompanied by original Order Sheet, without which nothing can be done to correct mistakes.

Guarantee.—We guarantee that all Plants named in this Catalogue and supplied by us are true to name and description. Every care is taken and no expense is spared to supply goods which are in a sound, healthy, and vigorous condition.

Insufficient Cash.—To avoid the necessity of booking small sums to customers' debit, we reserve the right to omit goods to balance.

Original Order Sheet will be returned to clients upon dispatch of goods, and will act as invoice.

For orders requiring baskets, crates, boxes, and mats, these items will be charged for at cost price, but two-thirds invoice value will be allowed for empty packages if received in good condition within fourteen days from date of invoice, carriage paid and advised by post.

Prices are nett, no discount whatever allowed except to our Agents.

Not less than 4 can be supplied at **doz. rate**.

" " 25 "	100 "
" " 250 "	1000 "

Receipts will not be posted to clients for sums under 2/6 unless 3d. stamp is enclosed to cover postage.

When goods are received by Rail note should be taken of the state of the package, whether broken or not. If damaged, a note to this effect must be made in Railway Company's receipt book over the delivery note. If there has been delay, client should sign "Unexamined." A clear receipt should never be given for rail parcels unless customer is quite satisfied that the goods have not suffered in transit.

New and Rare Plants.

- Aeonium volubile latifolium.**—A magnificent new perennial climber introduced from China by M. Maurice L. de Vilmorin. It is of most graceful habit, with dark green elegantly-cut leaves, and produces an abundance of large trusses of beautiful dark blue flowers. It blooms uninterruptedly throughout the autumn months until frost sets in. It is perfectly hardy, attaining the height of about 6 feet, and is of unsurpassed beauty for covering trellises, arbours, pillars, &c. Each, 1/-; per doz., 7/6.
- „ **Wilsoni.**—This new "Monkshood" is a recent introduction from China. It grows 5 to 6 feet high, and has large flowers of a pale blue or violet colour. It commences to bloom at the beginning of September, at a time when flowers of this colour are scarce, and continues in flower for a considerable time by means of lateral racemes, which are produced from the stem below the terminal inflorescence. 1/6.
- Æthionema Thomasianum.**—Makes a small bush, foliage very glaucous, spikes of rose pink flowers. 1/-.
- Anemone japonica**, "Autumn Queen."—This new, strong-growing variety produces enormous semi-double flowers of a fine dark rose colour. Each, 9d.; per doz., 7/6.
- „ **pulsatilla alba**, "White Swan."—Large pure snow-white flowers. Each, 1/-.
- Artemisia lactiflora.**—This new plant produces erect stems of 3½ to 4½ feet high, bearing on the upper half much-branched panicles of fragrant white flower heads. Its foliage is of a dark green and very elegant. Each, 1/6.
- Aster amellus**, "Beaute parfaits."—The very best variety of the amellus section, which has such fine general qualities. This new introduction exceeds all others in size of flower and beauty of colour, which is an unequalled fine dark violet with yellow centre. Each, 1/6.
- „ „ **"Perry's Favourite."**—New variety with red flowers, the most beautiful colour of this section. Each, 1/6.
- „ **Beauty of Colwall.**—Distinct novelty with perfectly double flowers of a very pleasing shade of lavender, very freely produced on stout erect stems about 4 feet high. It is of special interest, as it is the first double variety raised as yet, and is unquestionably a most valuable acquisition. F.C.C., R.H.S., London, September, 1907. 2/6 each.
- „ **mesa grande speciosa grandiflora.**—One of the finest Asters in cultivation; it is quite distinct, with large dark blue flowers in great abundance during July and August. It grows about 1½ feet high. Award of Merit, R.H.S., June 22nd, 1909. 1/- each.
- „ **St. Egwin.**—A novelty of recent introduction, very densely branched. It grows about 3 feet high, and is of bushy habit. It produces fine pure pink flat flowers 1½ inches across. A splendid acquisition. Award of Merit, R.H.S., London, September, 1909. 1/6 each.
- Astilbe grandis.**—A new plant of great value, introduced from China. Somewhat similar in growth to *Ast. Davidii*, but rather more vigorous, producing immense panicles of white flowers, 2 to 2½ feet long, and growing fully 6 feet high. The large pinnate leaves are over 2 feet in length. Each, 2/-.
- Calmisia Mackayi.**—One of the New Zealand giant Daisies; beautiful broad grass-like leaves, and large white flowers. Each, 2/-.
- Ceratostigma Polhillii.**—This charming plant needs a frame in winter. Blue-flowered shrubs are rare, but this dwarf creeper produces spikes of flowers of the purest azure blue. 2/6.

- Chrysanthemum maximum**, "Mrs. C. Lowthian Bell."—Splendid new Chrysanthemum with extra large flowers on stalks of some 20 inches high. Decorative garden plant, also very useful for cut flower growers, as it flowers abundantly throughout the whole summer. 9d. each; 7/6 per doz.
- " " "Mrs. J. Tersteeg."—This new variety is the tallest growing in commerce, producing flower stems 3–4 feet high. The flowers are of a fine graceful shape, and of an enormous size, even larger than those of Mrs. C. L. Bell. It produces an immense lot of flowers, which makes it the very best for cutting purposes. Each, 1/6.
- Cordylina Australis**, 6–10, tall, arching, sword-shaped leaves, splendid foliage plant. In pots, 1/-.
- Grinum Powellii intermedium**.—Quite matchless, huge flowers of a most entrancing shade of shell pink. Each, 2/6.
- Dianthus atrorubens** (Carton var.).—Perhaps the finest of the Dianthi; tall growing; very large flowers of glowing scarlet maroon.
- Eremurus Warei**.—This is a grand late-blooming species from Turkestan. The colour of the flowers is indescribably beautiful, delicate fawn flushed with salmon-pink. 10/6
- Gentiana acaulis alba**.—A rare white form of the Bell Gentian. Each, 3/6.
- Geranium Traversii**.—A strong-growing New Zealander, silvery-grey leaves and bright pink flowers. Each, 1/-.
- Incarvillea grandiflora**, var. **Brevipes**.—We find from Kew that this is the correct name of the plant we exhibited as *I. Bonvaloti*. A first-class novelty, secured by our collector, Mr. George Forrest, on the high alps of Yunnan, China. The plant produces foliage similar to *I. grandiflora*, but has the flowering habit of *I. Delavayii*. The large flowers are of a brilliant crimson colour, equal to or surpassing those of a *Cattleya*. Each, 2/6.
- Iris tectorum album**.—With pure white flowers. This is a lovely variety of the "flower which grows neither on the earth nor in heaven" (i.e., on the house-roofs in its native country). 2/-.
- Lithospermum prostratum**, "Heavenly Blue."—One of the most interesting plants that have been brought before the public for some years past. The old "prostratum" is a favourite with everyone, either for the front row of the border or for the rockery, forming a tuft of dark evergreen foliage, and for months in early spring and summer covered with a profusion of purplish blue flowers. The new variety is similar in every way in general appearance, &c., but the flowers are of a lovely sky-blue. It was exhibited before the R.H.S., who unanimously gave it an Award of Merit. Each, 2/6.
- " " **Zollingeri**.—Large flowers of the most exquisitely beautiful pale azure blue. Each, 3/6.
- Lupinus polyphyllus roseus**.—Fine long spikes of pink and white coloured flowers; a grand acquisition for cutting purposes as well as for the border; it is no doubt the best of all Lupins. Each, 1/-.
- Mertensia echioides**.—The "Borage Worts" are noted for the fine blue possessed by some of the species, and the plant now offered is one of the best. Of dwarf habit, fitting it for the rockery, but possessing a vigorous constitution capable of "roughing it" in the border, this Himalayan species produces racemes of deep blue flowers, the colour being intensified by a bright yellow eye. 6d. each; 5/- doz.
- Myosotis antarctica** (yellow).—A rare New Zealand species with yellow flowers. Each, 9d.
- Omphalodes nitida**.—This rare Portuguese alpine is hardy, but it well deserves the protection of a frame. So grown, it will push up each spring a perfect forest of graceful spikes bearing masses of delightful Forget-me-not blue flowers. 1/-.
- Ourisia macrophylla**.—A fine introduction from the New Zealand Alps; tall spikes carrying whorls of showy flowers, white, beautifully tinted pink. Each, 1/6.
- Pentstemon isophyllus**.—Grows 3ft. high, spikes of brilliant orange scarlet flowers. Each, 6d.
- Physalis Bunyardi**.—The most free-flowering of the Chinese lanterns; fine for cutting. Each, 6d.

Primula Bulleyana, First-class Certificate, Royal Hort. Soc. (see illustration).—This truly magnificent and hardy plant has brought a new colour into the Primula world. It is hard to describe; buff, orange, apricot, and scarlet all enter into it. Notwithstanding its extraordinary colouring there is no tenderness about it. We had a large bed of it in a damp wood quite without protection all through the winter, and the sight of this mass of glorious colour, rising tier above tier, when it came into flower in early summer, was certainly worth going a great many miles to see. Strong plants, 5/- each.

„ **Forresti**, First-class Certificate, Royal Hort. Soc. (see illustration).—Another very remarkable plant. It is quite correctly termed perennial, for on its native mountains it lives for 50 or perhaps 100 years. The flowers, which are large for the genus, are carried in a drooping head, and are of a glorious golden yellow, sometimes passing into rich orange. The flowers have the delicious fragrance of ripe fruit, and this peculiarity is not confined to them, but is also given off by the charming wrinkled foliage. Strong plants, 5/- each.

„ **Littoniana**, First-class Certificate, Royal Hort. Soc. (Syn. P. Viali) (see illustration). In some respects this is the most notable plant of the three. The flower spike under cultivation will rise more than 2ft. in height, but, unlike other Primulas, it does not wait till the flowers expand to attract attention, for the calyces, the envelopes in which the coming flowers are contained, are bright red. Mr. Forrest tells us that the effect of a great mass of these glowing red spikes in the alpine pasture in which he first saw them was simply indescribable, and they have been wonderful enough in our own nursery. Presently the flowers themselves begin to open. They vary from a tender lilac to a very rich dark purple. Perhaps the finest effect of all is got when the flowers are fully expanded on the lower part of the spike, and are sharply contrasted with the glowing red above. Strong plants, 5/- each.

„ **malaccides** (see illustration).—Award of Merit, Royal Horticultural Society, London. Here we come on something very different. The three Primulas described above are essentially outdoor plants, but this fairy charmer is at its best in the greenhouse all through the long winter months. The plants we offer will soon come into flower, and will go on pushing up a succession of spikes each carrying a wealth of beautiful lilac bloom, until at last they present the appearance of a shower of blooms, far surpassing our poor illustration. We wish this invaluable plant to be widely distributed, and therefore offer it at the low price of 1/- each, in pots.

We offer one strong plant of each of these glorious new Primulas for 15/-.

„ **Hochiangensis**.—In the way of *P. cortusoides*, very showy spikes of rich magenta flowers. Each, 1/6.

Rodgersia tabularis.—Flat table-shaped leaves, spikes of feathery white flowers. Each, 3/6.

Saxifraga Cherry Trees.—Foliage like *S. Bursleriana*. Each, 2/6.

„ **Gibrani**.—Reported to have the deepest red of all the Saxifrages. Each, 1/6.

„ **diversifolia**.—Introduced by our collector, Mr. Forrest, from China. Flowers rich buttery yellow; likes damp. Each, 2/6.

Senecio Veitchianus.—From a wide-spreading tuft of large cordate leaves tall flower stems rise, bearing bright yellow blossoms along the upper portion for a length of 2 feet. A true bog-garden plant. Award of Merit, R.H.S. Each, 2/6.

„ **Wilsonianus**.—A beautiful species with large cordate leaves, forming large tufts from which rise erect stems 3 to 5 feet in height, of much-branching habit, thickly covered with rich golden yellow flowers. For planting near streams, or for any bold effect in wild gardens, it is unsurpassed. Each, 2/6.

Stokesia cyanea alba.—In this novelty we have a counterpart of the blue *S. cyanea*, in general habit of growth and freedom of bloom, but in colour it is pure white and flowering already in July. A plant that is certain to be welcomed as a desirable addition to the hardy garden. Each, 1/-.

Tunioa saxifraga fl. pl.—A rare double variety of a neat little alpine, being from June till autumn covered with an immense quantity of pretty double blush flowers. It is a charming little plant for the rock garden. Award of Merit, R.H.S. Each, 2/6.

A CATALOGUE OF Hardy Herbaceous and Alpine Plants.

NOTE THE PRICES.

We believe them to be the Lowest in the Kingdom,
yet all the stuff is

FAMOUSLY ROOTED.

PRICES	{	Plants at 9d. each ...	7/6	per doz.
		" 6d. " ...	5/-	"
		" 4d. " ...	3/6	"
		" 3d. " ...	2/6	"

We will sell Four Plants of any one variety at the per Dozen Rate.

Collections of Alpine or Herbaceous Plants to suit any situation or locality, Our Selection, all good, strong, healthy plants, true to name, no rubbish, at the following low rates:—

12 Plants in 12 Varieties for 2/9.
25 " " 12 or 25 " " 5/-.
50 " " 25 or 50 " " 10/-.
100 " " 25 or 50 " " 18/6.

Special Quotations for Larger Quantities.

The figure after the name represents the approximate height,
in feet or fractions of a foot.

- Acæna adscendens*, $\frac{1}{2}$, of creeping habit, with silvery leaves and round purplish "burrs." 4d.
- " *argentea*, $\frac{1}{2}$, with bronzy foliage overlaid with a metallic hue. 4d.
- " *Buchanani*, $\frac{1}{2}$, the leaves are of a refreshing glaucous pea-green colour, in fine contrast with the round heads of reddish fruits. 6d.
- " *glabra*, from New Zealand; distinct and pretty. 4d.
- " *Novæ-Zelandiæ*, $\frac{1}{2}$, dwarf creeping, foliage of a metallic bronze hue. 4d.
- " *ovina*, $\frac{1}{2}$, with green foliage and purplish spikes of fruits; of more erect habit. 4d.
- Acantholimon*, "Prickly Thrift."—These plants form dense tufts of evergreen spiny foliage, not unlike that of *Saxifraga burseriana* magnified three or four times. Natives of Asia Minor, &c. The "Prickly Thrifts," though quite hardy, do best in sunny well-drained positions, and produce their lovely rose-crimson, carmine, or pink flowers more abundantly.
- " *glumaceum*, "Prickly Thrift," $\frac{1}{2}$, will grow anywhere, but flowers best in sunny well-drained soil; flowers bright rose, with rosettes of leaves not unlike those of *Saxifraga burseriana* magnified three or four times. 9d.

Acanthus, "Bear's Breach, Bear's Foot," &c.—The noble leaves of *Acanthus* have, apparently, for a long period been notable for their beautiful outline and generally handsome appearance, since the *Acanthus* leaf enters largely into some of the finest ancient Grecian and Roman architecture. In addition to the fine evergreen foliage, the *Acanthus* is notable for the handsome spikes of curious and interesting flowers, which, when skeletonised by the weather, bear some resemblance to the skull of a "dragon." These splendid perennials should be made more use of on account of their ornamental effect during the winter.

" **mollis**, 3-4, a fine foliage plant; the long leaves gracefully drooping outwards are productive of a splendid effect; flower spikes 1 to 2 feet long, purple and white. This is probably the plant which the Greeks used as the model for the beautiful scroll work of *Acanthus* leaves seen in some of the finest Corinthian architecture. 9d.

Achillea Clavennæ, $\frac{1}{2}$, quite distinct and charming, almost sub-shrubby; silky white leaves, white flower heads. 6d.

" **compacta**, $\frac{1}{2}$, a lovely plant from the Orient, with white flowers and silvery rosettes of leaves. 4d.

" **filipendulina**, **Parker's Variety**, 3-4, the finest variety; the heads of bloom are of a convex form, and show to better advantage than the typical flat corymbs. 4d.

" **Griesbachii**, a fine rock plant, with glaucous foliage and corymbs of white flower heads. 1/-.

" **Jaborneggii**, $\frac{1}{2}$, a pretty and interesting hybrid with showy white flowers. 4d.

" **lingulata**, 1, dwarf, with heads of white flowers. 4d.

" **millefolium rosea**, a highly decorative plant well worthy of a place in the border, and quite capable of taking care of itself in the wild garden; flower heads large, of varying shades of rosy crimson. 3d.

" **ptarmica fl. pl.**, "The Pearl."—This fine variety has easily forced its way into the front rank of market plants. It begins flowering in June, and if the growths are properly stopped it will continue throwing up a succession of its beautiful spikes till well into October. The special merit of the flower is its peculiarly pure and clear shade of white, and this is enhanced by the fact that the petals are too double to permit any yellow to be seen. The effect, therefore, is white only. It will easily be understood what a valuable quality this is for all classes of decorative work. 4d.

" **rupestris**, "Rock Yarrow," $\frac{1}{2}$, a rock plant of excellent prostrate habit, with pretty green foliage and masses of white flowers. 6d.

" **siberica**, $1\frac{1}{2}$, rather large white flower heads, and narrow foliage; a good plant for almost all purposes, better known as *A. mongolica*. It is of rapid increase, and will soon cover and make beautiful a considerable area of ground, even under unfavourable conditions. 4d.

" **taygetea**, $1\frac{1}{2}$, with bright golden yellow flower heads and graceful plume-like silvery foliage; a distinct and handsome perennial from Egypt, &c.; likes a warm position. 4d.

" **tomentosa**, $\frac{3}{4}$, a native of Europe and N. Asia. This species is without a doubt one of the finest of all dwarf perennials. On border or rockery, but preferring a gritty or sandy soil, it will form dense carpets of bright green fern-like foliage, and produce numerous corymbs of rich golden yellow flower heads. 4d.

" **umbellata**, $\frac{1}{2}$, from Greece. This is a plant which cannot be omitted, so charming are the silvery leaves and white flowers. 4d.

Acolphylla squarrosa, "Bayonet Plant," 6, in New Zealand the dense bushes of spiny leaves formed by this plant amply justify the popular name. 1/6.

Aconitum Fischeri, 4-5, with large flowers of a pretty shade of soft bluish lilac, and three-parted leaves. In autumn, from August to October, there are few more delightful border plants than this, and the deeper-coloured varieties. 6d.

- Aconitum Fischeri acutum**, with large deep blue flowers; a grand autumn bloomer. 4d.
- " " **autumnale**, a fine tall-growing late blooming variety, with richly-coloured flowers; almost an autumn-flowering replica of *A. Napellus* 4d.
- " **japonicum**, 2-3, produces masses of very large deep violet-blue flowers in September and October. 4d.
- " **lycoctonum**, "Common Wolf's Bane," 4.—This is the yellow Monkshood. The flowers, of a charming shade of straw yellow, are borne in great profusion, and contrast admirably with the purple-flowered kinds. 6d.
- " **Napellus**, "Common Monkshood," 5-6, believed to be a native of this country, found wild in the western counties and in S. Wales. When naturalised or massed together in woodlands or borders this "Monkshood" presents a fine appearance; the magnificent indigo-blue of the large hooded flowers is seldom or never seen in such large masses. The roots are very poisonous, and care should be taken that they do not become mixed with other tubers. 4d.
- " " **album**, a fine white-flowered form. The only white "Monkshood" in existence, varies somewhat in height. 4d.
- " " **carneum**, an extraordinary "break" in the family, flowers pale flesh colour. 6d.
- " " **bicolor**, see *variegatum*.
- " **variegatum**, 4-6, with tinted white flowers edged lilac or purple, in fairly large terminal panicles; a very distinct and effective plant. 6d.
- " **Wilsoni**, see New and Rare Plants.

Adenophora Potanini, 2, flowers pale blue, bell-shaped, in elegant slender spikes; a native of Turkestan, of somewhat shrubby habit 6d.

Adonis amurensis, 1.—This very handsome species blooms with the "Snowdrops," and a healthy clump of the fern-like leaves, on stems each supporting a large, golden, buttercup-yellow flower, often over 2 inches across, is a charming and lovely sight in February. 1/6.

" " **fl. pl.**, the value of this early flower is much enhanced by doubling, since the blooms last much longer. 1/6.

" **vernalis**, "Ox-eye," 1-1, a lovely spring-blooming plant, cheap enough to plant in large masses. What the "Buttercup" does for the meadows in early summer, transforming them into sheets of gold, this plant will do for the garden or woodland still more effectively in spring. 4d.

Æthionema Iberidum, 1, forms dwarf twiggy bushes, clothed with heads of white or lilac tinted flowers in early summer. 4d.

" **persicum**, 1, a very showy little plant, with masses of rosy lilac flowers in numerous dense heads; stems clothed with glaucous leaves. 6d.

" **Thomasianum**, see New and Rare Plants.

Ajuga genevensis crispa, a very distinct dwarf compact form of curled or crisped leaves of a deep green colour, slightly shaded with a metallic hue; flowers fine deep blue; an excellent rockery or border plant. 9d.

" **metallica crispa**, see *genevensis crispa*.

" **reptans**, "Common Bugle," 1, this native plant spreads rapidly, and has purplish flowers in short spikes; will be found useful in wild gardens, &c. 4d.

" " **atropurpurea**, one of the best dwarf dark foliage plants, the leaves are of a rich bronzy purple colour the year round. 4d.

" " **variegata**, leaves variegated with white, tinged with rose. 4d.

Allium macranthum, 1, a very ornamental introduction from China, flowers deep violet purple and of large size. 4d.

Alysium alpestre, 1, scarcely raising itself from the soil, this pretty alpine covers itself with bright yellow flowers over the carpet of hoary leaves. 6d.

" **argenteum**, 1, with downy leaves and large panicles of bright yellow flowers; its special value is that it comes into flower when all the other kinds are over. 4d.

" **moellendorffianum**, 1, a rare species; native of Bosnia; with silvery grey foliage and bright yellow flowers. 6d.

- Alyssum montanum**, 1, scarcely larger than *A. alpestre*, with leaves only slightly hoary, and larger heads of sweetly scented bright yellow flowers; a very charming rock plant. 6d.
- " **saxatile**, "Rock Madwort," 2, this well-known species scarcely requires description; the masses of rich yellow flowers and evergreen hoary foliage make it one of the most valuable of spring-flowering plants. At our Neston nursery we have a big clump of it which is a striking object a quarter of a mile away. 4d.
- " **citrinum**, a fine variety which produces masses of pale yellow flowers of an exceptionally attractive shade; is universally admired by all who see it. 6d.
- " **fl. pl.**, with double flowers, giving a richer and deeper appearance to the bright yellow colour, not so free blooming as the type. 6d.
- " **"Tom Thumb,"** the whole plant is rarely more than 3 or 4 inches in height, with leaves and panicles of flowers in proportion. 6d.
- " **serpyllifolium**, the tiniest of all the "Madworts." 6d.
- " **spinosum**, 1, forms dense bushes of spiny woody branches clothed with small hoary leaves and producing numerous flowers varying from white to a charming shade of pink. This is the only *Alyssum* with any red in its flowers. 6d.
- " **wulfenianum**, 1, resembling *A. montanum*, but even more effective than that showy rock plant. 4d.
- Anchusa Barrelieri**, 2, flowers blue with a white tube and yellow throat, freely produced from May to August. 4d.
- " **italica**, "Dropmore Var.," 4, one of the most magnificent plants of recent introduction; tall spikes absolutely loaded with relatively large flowers of the very purest Gentian blue. 6d.
- " **"Opal,"** a counterpart of the above, save that the flowers are very beautifully shaded with milk. 9d.
- " **sempervirens**, 3, a handsome evergreen early-blooming species, flowers rich blue with white centre. 4d.
- Androsace carnea**, 1, a most charming little Fairy Primrose, very showy and easily grown, forms dense mats of bright green foliage covered with yellow-eyed, bright rose-coloured flowers. 6d.
- " **ciliata**, 1, forms dense cushions of leaves and bright carmine flowers; a very rare and charming plant. 2/-.
- " **lanuginosa**, 1, from the Himalayas. This is undoubtedly one of the most beautiful plants in the genus. Quite distinct from all the others, it produces long trailing branches clothed with silvery white leaves, with terminal umbels of lovely rose-coloured flowers. As the growths elongate, it is advisable to cover them with gritty soil; this will prevent them from being blown about and broken off, and the roots emitted will invigorate the plant. 9d.
- " **sarmentosa**, 1, a very beautiful plant from the Himalayas. It produces large umbels of from 10 to 20 bright rose, white-eyed flowers, on graceful stems from rosettes of pale green silky hairy leaves. Growing readily, and increasing itself by means of runners, which should be pegged down, it soon covers a good space, and produces an effect in its way quite unmatched. 6d.
- " **"Chumbyi,"** 1, perhaps the handsomest of all the *Androsaces*, relatively large and very woolly rosettes, set off by showy dark crimson flowers; a truly splendid alpine. 9d.
- " **villosa**, 1, with small rosettes of densely woolly leaves in loose clusters, and umbels of honey-scented, reddish flowers with deeper red or yellow centres; a charming native of the Pyrenees. 9d.
- Anemone alpina**, "Alpine Windflower," 1-1½. On the Alps, this species is a feature of great beauty, and under cultivation the large white flowers, tinged with purple on the outside, and the graceful pinnate leaves are charming when associated with rock plants. 9d.
- " **angulosa**, 1-1½, one of the loveliest of spring flowers, somewhat resembling *A. Hepatica*, but much larger in flower and leaf and twice the height; flowers a fine sky blue over 2 inches across, with black and yellow stamens; one of the most charming of rockery or border plants. 6d.

- Anemone apennina*, $\frac{1}{2}$, practically a counterpart of our native "Wood Anemone," with lovely blue flowers. This is an ideal plant for naturalising, increasing rapidly by means of its underground stems. In pots, 4d.
- " *aiba*, as free as the type, flowers pure white. In pots, 6d.
- " *baldensis*, $\frac{1}{2}$, with solitary white flowers, clothed on the outside with hairs, and tinged with reddish lilac; forms sheets of colour in the Alps. 9d.
- " *bianda*, "Greek Anemone," $\frac{1}{2}$, with deep blue flowers, blooms earlier than *A. apennina*, and is one of the loveliest of early spring flowers for rockery or woodland. In pots, 6d.
- " *mixed*, blue, lilac, rose, white, &c.; fine. In pots, 6d.
- " *coronaria syriaca*, this is a form with pale green foliage and scarlet vermilion flowers; one of the most dazzling shades of colour. 1/-.
- " *Hepatica alba*, pure white. 6d.
- " *coerulea*, single blue. 6d.
- " *fl. pl.*, the doubling of the flowers apparently increases the depth of colour; very effective. 1/6.
- " *rubra*, bright reddish rose-pink. 6d.
- " *japonica*, "Japanese Wind Flower," 2-4. Too well known to need description, this fine border plant likes a larger share of sunshine than most other species; flowers rosy carmine, deeper on the outside; valuable for cutting in autumn. 4d.
- " *alba*, pure white with golden stamens. 4d.
- " *crispa*, the foliage is prettily curled like that of "Parsley." 4d.
- " *Queen Charlotte*, large, very showy, semi-double flowers of a beautiful pink. 6d.
- " *narcissiflora*, "Daffodil Anemone," 1, one of the most beautiful of the taller "Wind Flowers," with numerous umbels of white flowers, tinged with rose on the outside, forming bushy specimens when well grown. 6d.
- " *nemerosa*, "Wood Anemone," $\frac{1}{2}$, our charming native species. With its many exquisitely beautiful varieties, it is one of the most decorative species known; flowers white or rosy white; spreads rapidly by means of its underground stems. In pots, 6d.
- " *alba plena*, double white flowers. In pots, 6d.
- " *major*, large white flowers, of good form. In pots, 6d.
- " *robinsonianā*. In its way there is nothing in the whole world of flowers to surpass this plant; the colour is the most lovely lilac imaginable, quite equal to the best of the alpine phloxes, and it is set off by a mass of pure gold stamens in the centre of the flower. The blooms last for a considerable time, opening and closing each day with the greatest regularity. In pots, 6d.
- " *rosa*, opens blush-white, but gradually deepens to a fine deep rose. In pots, 6d.
- " *puisatilla*, "Pasque Flower," 1. This rare native plant, found in only a few localities in the eastern counties, is one of our handsomest spring-blooming perennials. Preferring a calcareous soil, and a fairly sunny position, it will grow freely and flower well on border or rockery; large nodding violet flowers with golden yellow stamens; very ornamental also when the silvery heads of seed succeed the flowers. 6d.
- " *alba*, "White Swan," purest white, rare and beautiful. 1/-.
- " *ranunculoides*, "Wood Ginger," $\frac{1}{2}$, with the habit of the "Wood Anemone," but of smaller growth, and with bright buttercup-yellow starry flowers. 6d.
- " *rivularis*, $1\frac{1}{2}$, from the Himalayas; grows best by waterside, but is also a good border plant. The flowers are peculiarly beautiful; in the centre of the pure white petals is a mass of bluish violet stamens. The buds are tinged with violet. 6d.
- " *sulphurea*, 1- $1\frac{1}{2}$, one of the chief glories of the Alps, even more beautiful than *A. alpina*; leaves fernlike and very graceful, flowers large and showy, of the most marvellously delicate pale saffron yellow; perfectly hardy and will increase in size and beauty from year to year. 9d.
- " *sylvestris*, "Snowdrop Windflower," $1\frac{1}{2}$, one of the best border species, with satiny white flowers produced singly on rather long pedicels, slightly nodding and sweetly scented. 6d.

- Anemonopsis macrophylla**, 2, flowers pale lilac inside, deeper without; a very beautiful and singular plant. 1/6.
- Antennaria dioica tomentosa**, also known as *A. candida*, with large silvery leaves and charming heads of pink flowers; a quick grower and very dwarf. 4d.
- Anthemis ætnensis**, with showy white flowers; only found on Mount Etna. 6d.
- „ **pademontana**, ½, choice alpine, with silvery leaves and white flowers. 4d.
- „ **tinctoria**, "Ox-eye Chamomile," 1½. This species and the several improved forms are admirable perennials of bushy habit, foliage prettily cut, flowers bright yellow. 4d.
- „ „ **"E. C. Buxton,"** lemon-yellow. 4d.
- „ „ **grandiflora**, golden-yellow, very fine. 4d.
- „ „ **Kelwayi**, bright yellow, in flower for months. 4d.
- „ „ **"Mrs. H. T. Brooks,"** large soft pale creamy yellow flowers. 4d.
- „ „ **pallida**, creamy sulphur-yellow. 4d.
- Anthericum Hookeri**, see *Bulbinella Hookeri*.
- „ **Liliastrum**, see *Paradisca Liliastrum*.
- „ **ramosum**, 1-2, a quick-growing plant, spreading by means of underground stems, and throwing up numerous tufts of grass-like foliage, graceful racemes of white flowers which are excellent for cutting. 4d.
- Anthyllis montana**, ½, with heads of rose-pink flowers, which "go well" with the silvery silky foliage; a sturdy little alpine which will do well anywhere. 6d.
- Antirrhinum Asarina**, "Italian Snapdragon," ½, a somewhat tender species, should be given a sheltered position; flowers large, white with yellow palate, leaves slightly hoary, trailing habit. 6d.
- „ **glutinosum**, ½, flowers yellowish white, rather large, with downy foliage and stems; of trailing habit eventually forming a rather shrubby bush in sheltered positions; a native of Spain. 6d.
- Aquilegia alpina**, "Alpine Columbine," 1, flowers large, violet-blue and white with rather short spurs. 4d.
- „ **cœrulea**, "Rocky Mountain Columbine," 1½, one of the loveliest species. The true plant is scarce and has long-spurred wide-open flowers, nearly or more than 3 inches across; colour pale lavender and white, delicately suffused with lilac. 6d.
- „ **chrysantha**, 2-3, with golden-yellow petals and primrose-yellow sepals. This splendid border plant produces masses of flowers from May till the end of July. 4d.
- „ **glandulosa**, 1, the true species is rare, but is an exceedingly beautiful plant of dwarf habit, with deep blue and pure white flowers. 6d.
- „ **Skinneri**, 2, very bright and effective, with orange-scarlet and golden yellow flowers tinged with green on the sepals. 4d.
- „ **hybrids**, long-spurred, the finest in the country. 4d.
- Arabis albidula fl. pl.**, "Snowdrift," "Double Rock," "Snow in Summer," bears large spikes of double white flowers from April to September; one of the most showy and effective plants of recent years. 4d.
- „ „ **rosea**, a rose-coloured form of this fine plant. 6d.
- „ „ **variegata**, foliage handsomely mottled with yellow and green. 4d.
- „ **aubrieticoides**, ½, flowers rose touched with lighter and darker shades. 4d.
- „ **Billiardieri rosea**, ½, flowers pink, a very unusual and attractive colour. 4d.
- „ **bisepharophylla**, ½, flowers rose-purple, free-flowering and showy. 4d.
- „ **procurrens**, ½, flowers white, creeping habit. 6d.
- Aralia Sieboldi**, "Sarsaparilla," 3-6, the well-known greenhouse foliage plant, with highly-glazed dark green leaves; nearly hardy; first class in all respects. 1/-.
Arenaria balearica, ½, moss-like plant, forms deep green carpet, studded in summer with myriads of wee white flowers, a real gem. 4d.
- „ **grandiflora**, ½, flowers large, white. 6d.
- „ **montana**, ½, flowers white, and borne in the wildest profusion; quite indispensable. 6d.
- „ **tetraquetra**, ½, choice rock plant, white flowers. 6d.
- „ **verna cœspitosa aurea**, beautiful golden foliage. 6d.

- Armaria maritima**, "Thrift," "Sea Pink," $\frac{1}{2}$ –2, flowers pink, useful edging plant; will grow anywhere. 4d.
- " " **alba**, flowers white. 4d.
- " " **lauchiana**, flowers rich rose. 4d.
- " " **purpurea**, flowers dark lilac. 6d.
- Arnica echioides**, "Prophet Flower," showy heads of soft primrose-yellow flowers; each petal has a prominent dark brown-purple spot; the waning of this spot (which always takes place) is supposed to indicate change in the weather. 1/-.
- Arnica**, "Lamb's-skin." Among Composites with yellow flowers there is usually a coarseness which is far from pleasing. This is not a fault of the Arnica. The bright flowers are vivid in colour, and are not wanting in refinement.
- " **montana**, "Lamb's-skin," 1, flowers large, rich orange-yellow; most striking in the alpine turf, and just as good here. 6d.
- " **sachalinensis**, $1\frac{1}{2}$, flowers yellow, numerous. 1/-.
- Aronicum**, see **Doronicum**.
- Artemisia borealis**, 2, silvery leaves cut into the finest filigree work. 4d.
- " **stelleriana**, 1–2. This choice plant seems to be quite unknown, but we make free use of it both for edgings and for rock work; the leaves are very downy, and of a most striking white; they catch the eye a long way off, and can be used in all sorts of arrangements; perfectly hardy. 6d.
- Anthropodium cirrhatum**, 3. This handsome plant coming from New Zealand is not safe without protection, but it only needs enough to bring it through the winter; in early summer it will push up numerous spikes bearing pure white flowers in such quantities as to produce the effect of a cloud (cirrhus), whence the name. 1/-.
- Asclepias incarnata**, "Swallow-wort," 2, flowers purplish red; a good bee plant. 4d.
- " **syriaca**, 2, flowers bright pink. 4d.
- " **tuberosa**, $1\frac{1}{2}$, very showy, flowers intense orange scarlet. 6d.
- " **verticillatus**, 2, berries red, leaves tufted. 2/6.
- Asperula ciliata**, $\frac{1}{2}$, flowers white, numerous, compact. 4d.
- " **oderata**, "Woodruff," $\frac{3}{4}$, flowers white; when dried the leaves give out the delicious scent of new-mown hay. 4d.
- Asphodeline lutea**, "Leafless Asphodel," 3–4, flowers yellow, fragrant, practically a hardy, easily contented, very showy Lily. 4d.
- Aster**.—All 4d. each, 3/- per doz., except where priced. **Our Selection**, 3d. each, 2/- per doz.
- " **acris**, $1\frac{1}{2}$ –2, lilac, very free flowering. 6d.
- " **alpinus**, $\frac{1}{2}$, blue flowers, fine plant for rockery.
- " " **sub-ceruleus**, 1, one of the most effective of alpine plants. In the months of June and July it absolutely smothers itself with large, showy flowers of deep rich purple; first class in all respects.
- " **arcturus**, 3–4, deep blue, erect habit, stems and leaves dark bronze, very distinct.
- " **cordifolius**, **Hon. E. Gibbs**, 3, lavender-blue flowers on long, graceful, arching branches.
- " " **Photograph**, 4, very useful for cutting, white flowers shaded lavender.
- " **diffusus horizontalis**, 3–4, horizontal sprays, Gypsophila-like masses of tiny lilac flowers.
- " **ericoides**, $2\frac{1}{2}$, flowers white, numerous, and graceful
- " " **Clio**, 3, the tallest of this section, flowers pure white in graceful sprays.
- " " **Delight**, $2\frac{1}{2}$, one of the best; it looks more like a bush of pure white heather than an Aster.
- " " **Freedom**, $2\frac{1}{2}$, a cloud of small white flowers
- " " **Ophir**, $2\frac{1}{2}$, compact bushes of rosy lilac flowers.
- " " **Sensation**, $2\frac{1}{2}$, innumerable small white flowers suffused lilac; the earliest of this section.

Aster ericoides Superbus, 2½, white flowers, good.

" *Thora*, 2½, a fine variety, flowers white suffused pink.

" *gracillimus*, 2½, a unique and valuable late variety; flowers white shaded pink; quite one of the best. 6d.

" *multiflorus*, 3, flowers small, white, in graceful sprays.

" *Novæ-Angliæ, rosous*, 4, clear pink.

" *rubra*, 4, dark rose, very showy.

" *Ryecroft Pink*, 4, tall, very fine, beautiful pink flowers.

" *Ryecroft Purple*, 4, very large flowers of a deep plum purple.

" *Novæ-Belgiæ alba*, 3, pure white variety.

" *Archer Hind*, 3-4, dark blue, a fine colour.

" *Brightness*, 3, erect growing, flowers a soft pink, good.

" *D. B. Crane*, 2½, very large flowers of a purple lilac shade; early variety.

" *Delight*, 3, flowers pure white, very large.

" *Duchess of Albany*, 3-4, a fine variety, flowers rosy lilac.

" *Edna Mercier*, 3, bright rosy red, very showy.

" *F. W. Burbidge*, 3-4, one of the best of all Asters; flowers very large, of a beautiful shade of rosy blue, exceptionally free-flowering.

" *Grace Darling*, 3, a fine variety, flowers flesh pink.

" *Claucus*, 5-6, large lilac flowers, a good grower.

" *Cloire de Nancy*, 3, pure white.

" *Katie*, 1½, compact growing, flowers bright blue, very dwarf.

" *Mrs. E. W. Earle*, 4-5, late-flowering kind, flowers very pale blue.

" *Prosperine*, 5-6, charming lilac flowers.

" *Royalty*, 2, fine dwarf var., flowers bright rosy lilac.

" *St. Bridget*, 3, white faintly touched with pink, good.

" *Top Sawyer*, 3-4, extra large well-formed flowers of a fine shade of blue.

" *White Queen*, 2-3, fine early white.

" *Riversii*, 1½-2, very compact, white flowers.

" *Thomsoni*, 1-2, one of the handsomest of "Starworts," with large pale blue flowers 2½ inches across, freely produced from July to November. 6d. each.

" *Vimineus*, 2, very compact pyramid bushes of white flowers, looks like a bush of heather.

Asterixus, see *Odontospermum*.

Astilbe chinensis, 3-4, flowers pink, first rate for cutting. 1/-.

" *Davidii*, elegant tufted leaves bronzed when young, ruddy flower stems, and sheaves of rich violet-crimson flowers very freely produced. Each, 6d.; per doz., 5/-.

" *japonica*, "Silver Sheaf," 2½, flowers white, a greatly improved form, with flowers of the most perfect purity. 3d.

Astragalus alpinus. "Milk Vetch," ½, trailing species, flowers purple. 9d.

Astrantia carniolica, "Masterwort," 1, heads of greenish white flowers. 9d.

" *major*, 1-2, pinkish, very ornamental. 6d.

Aubrietia deltoidea, "Purple Rock Cress," ½, flowers pale purple. 4d.

" *Bougainvillea*, light blue. 6d.

" *"Dr. Mules"*, fine glowing purple, perhaps the most striking of the lot; a patch of it catches the eye a long way off. 6d.

" *Hendersoni*, rich purple, very large showy flowers. 4d.

" *Leichtlini*, bright rosy crimson. 6d.

" *"Fire King"*, glowing crimson, the reddest of the *Aubrietias*. 9d.

" *rosea*, bright rose. 6d.

" *Moorheimi*, pale rose, extra fine, a peculiarly delicate colour. 6d.

" *Prichard's A1*, extra large deep purple flowers, with a prominent white eye. 6d.

- Aubrietia deltoidea purpurea**, purple.
- " " **taurica alba**, pure white form. 6d.
- " " **variegata argentea** leaves margined silver; to our thinking this and the following are two of the best of variegated plants. 6d.
- " " **aurea**, leaves margined gold. 6d.
- " " **Wallacei**, violet flowers, unique among Aubrietias by the fact that it is always in bloom. 6d.
- " " **"Wm. Ingram,"** flowers large, deep rose. 6d.
- Auriculas**, raised from a fine strain of seed, flowers in all colours. 1/- per doz.
- Azalea (Loiseleuria) procumbens**, "Fairy Azalea," $\frac{1}{2}$, a delicious little creeping alpine, leaves heath-like, flowers in great quantity, soft pink. 1/-.
- Barbarea vulgaris fl. pl.**, $1\frac{1}{2}$, double yellow flowers, very showy. 6d.
- Bocconia cordata**, "Plume Poppy," leaves glaucous, flowers creamy white, borne in cloud-like masses on stems 6ft. high. 6d.
- " **microcarpa**, 6-7, flowers yellowish, fruits buff, very striking either in flower or in fruit. 6d.
- Borago laxiflora**, 2, flowers a peculiarly delicate shade of purest azure blue suffused with milk. 6d.
- Briza maxima**, "Giant Quaking Grass," $2\frac{1}{2}$, produces a most fairy-like effect with its myriads of nodding brown bells. 4d.
- Bulbinella Hookeri**, "Golden Wand," $1\frac{1}{2}$, very effective border plant, flowers bright yellow on long spikes. 9d.
- Eupthalmum salicifolium**, 2, flowers yellow, free, good habit, constantly in bloom. 4d.
- " **speciosum**, 4, flowers yellow, large, strong grower. 9d.
- Calamintha alpina**, $\frac{1}{2}$, flowers purplish, neat plant. 6d.
- Calandrinia umbellata**, "Rock Purslane," $\frac{1}{2}$, flowers glowing magenta, produces in full sunshine a tremendous effect. 4d.
- " **Leana**, $\frac{1}{2}$, a most delightful little alpine, succulent leaves in evergreen rosettes, flowers pink veined with dark rose, borne gracefully on slender stalks. 9d.
- Calceolaria plantaginea**, 1, produces numerous bright clear yellow flowers on slender graceful stems from rosettes of bright green leaves. 1/-.
- " **violacea**, 2, flowers pale violet; a shrubby species, hardy only in warm positions. 6d.
- Calystegia pubescens fl. pl.**, "Double Convolvulus," 5, flowers double, pink. 4d.
- Camassia esculenta**, 3, arching green leaves, and tall spikes of beautiful dark blue flowers. In pots, 4d.
- Campanula abietina**, $\frac{1}{2}$ -1, flowers light blue, plant tufted. 4d.
- " **alliariaefolia**, $2\frac{1}{2}$, flowers white, nodding. 4d.
- " **x balchiniana**, $\frac{1}{2}$, pretty variegated leaves, pale blue flowers; a hybrid between *C. fragilis* and *C. isophylla alba*, dwarf trailing habit. 1/-.
- " **bononiensis**, 2, flowers bluish violet. 4d.
- " " **alba**, fine white form, a most effective plant; the flowers are crowded together along the whole upper part of the long stem. 4d.
- " **carpatica**, 1, flowers purple in crowded masses; an old favourite. 4d.
- " " **alba**, pure white, first class. 4d.
- " " **China Cup**, very pale large cups, exquisite. 6d.
- " **Isabel**, a most remarkable "break" in this beautiful family; the rich purple flowers are quite flat and salver-shaped; when the sun falls fully on them the effect is very striking. 4d.
- " " **"Little Gem,"** dwarf compact, white flowers. 4d.
- " " **"Riverslea,"** flowers large, deep blue. 6d.
- " " **turbinata**, $\frac{1}{2}$, dwarf, open rich blue flowers, one of the best of alpine. 4d.
- " " **pallida**, one of the choicest of this section, flowers delicate pale blue. 6d.

Campanula Elatines, $\frac{1}{2}$, flowers bluish purple, trailer. 9d.

" **garganica**, $\frac{1}{2}$, pretty star-like flowers, blue with white centre, in racemes, a perfectly splendid alpine; we grow it in masses on our rookeries. 4d.

" " **alba**, a beautiful white form. 6d.

" " **hirsuta**, flowers paler than in the type, hoary foliage, very pretty trailer. 4d.

" x "**C. F. Wilson**," $\frac{3}{4}$, a fine hybrid between *C. carpatica* and *C. pulla*, possesses the deep violet-blue flowers of the latter and the free-flowering character of the former. 4d.

" **glomerata**, 1-2, handsome border plants, flowers blue in terminal heads, creeping habit. 4d.

" " **alba**, a pure white form. 6d.

" " " **pl.**, the rare double white. 6d.

" **isophylla**, $\frac{1}{2}$, lovely trailing plant, useful for baskets and greenhouse work, but quite hardy, flowers pale bright blue. 6d.

" " **alba**, a pure white counterpart of the above. 6d.

" **latifolia**, 3-4, elegant drooping very large blue flowers. 4d.

" " **alba**, fine white-flowered plant. 4d.

" " **macrantha**, monster flowers, paler in colour than the type. 4d.

" **latiloba**, 3, flowers light blue, leaves and flowers very like those of *C. persicifolia*, but the latter are more open, and the former always a light green. 4d.

" **medium**, "**Canterbury Bells**," 2 3, well-known garden favourites; can be supplied in 3 distinct colours, white, rose, and blue. 1/6 doz.

" **persicifolia**, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ -4, one of the most effective border plants, good for cutting, blue, some of the varieties give 2 to 3 feet of flowers. 4d.

" " **alba**, fine paper-white, large flowers. 4d.

" " **grandiflora**, splendid large white bells. 6d.

" " " **plena**, very useful double white flowers. 4d.

" " "**Humosa**," very effective, quite distinct flowers a beautiful shade of lavender blue; semi-double, so last longer. 6d.

" " **maxima duplex**, a deep blue form with semi-double flowers. 4d.

" **Moerheimi**, fine semi-double white. 4d.

" " "**Newry Giant**," a finer plant than the last-named, flowers large, white, semi-double. 6d.

" **portenschlagiana**, $\frac{1}{2}$, one of the best dwarf species, of tufted habit, with long racemes of blue-purple flowers. 4d.

" " **bavarica**, a larger and finer variety; this and the preceding make fine wall plants. 4d.

" **primulaefolia**, 2, leaves like a *Primula*, blue flowers. 4d.

" **pulla**, $\frac{1}{2}$, the gem of the genus, the flowers are one-quarter the size of the whole plant, of a deep rich violet, produced so freely as to hide the leaves. 6d.

" **punctata**, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$, flowers suffused white spotted with red, large and drooping. 6d.

" **pusilla**, $\frac{1}{2}$, dwarf gem for rockery or border, flowers small but very freely produced; blue. 4d.

" " **alba**, a lovely pure white form. 4d.

" **pyramidalis**, 3-5, the well-known "**Chimney Bellflower**," effective in pots or border, blue flowers on elegant pyramidal spikes; quite hardy. 4d.

" **Raineri**, $\frac{1}{2}$, a rare and beautiful alpine, flowers deep blue. 9d.

" **rapunculoides**, 2-4, a strong grower of creeping habit, suitable for wild garden, flowers bluish violet. 4d.

" **Trachelium**, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$, common blue "**Throatwort**," good for borders or wild garden, showy purple flowers. 4d.

Cardamine pratensis fl. pl., 1, good double lilac-flowered form of the "**Cuckoo Flower**," the blue colour is much more pronounced than in the single form; first class for a damp spot. 9d.

Carlina acañthifolia, "**Carlina Thistle**," 1-2, enormous and very showy white flowers with black centres, vanilla scented at times, leaves spiny, partly evergreen. 4d.

Carnations—Border Varieties

Few plants are so universally popular as the Carnations. They succeed in any well-cultivated, but not too sandy, soil. We have made it our care to list only the very best kinds. The plants are strong, well established in pots, and free from disease.

Duchess of Fife, beautiful salmon pink, free blooming. 6d. each.

Helmsman, pure white, large flowers, non-bursting. 6d.

King of Cloves, dark crimson, a grand vigorous variety, free flowering, delightfully scented. 6d.

Jim Yates, apricot and rose, well-shaped flowers, one of the best. 6d.

Miss A. Campbell, fine yellow, well-formed flowers. 6d.

Salamander, a grand variety, flowers large, salmon scarlet, a good doer. 6d.

Mrs. Nicholson, a general favourite, and probably the best pink-coloured border Carnation, very free and fragrant. 6d.

Purple King, a grand variety, flowers purplish crimson. 6d.

Redbraes, a Picotee much in demand, white ground heavily edged with red, free flowering. 6d.

Catananche cœrulea, "Blue Cupidone," 2, flowers "Cornflower blue," pretty. 4d.

Centaurea macrocephala, 3–5, large handsome yellow flowers; a most striking and effective plant. 4d.

" *montana*, 2, large blue flowers with laciniated petals. 4d.

" " *carnea*, flowers flesh colour. 6d.

" " *purpurea*, flowers purple. 4d.

" " *rubra*, rich red. 4d.

" " *sulphurea*, pale yellow, very good. 4d.

Centranthus ruber, "Red Valerian," 2, large heads of bright red flowers. 6d.

" " *albus*, pretty pure white form. 6d.

Cephalaria tartarica, "Giant Scabious," a most glorious plant, carrying architectural foliage, from which rise in July many graceful branching spikes, perhaps 5ft. high, and bearing large flowers of the shape of *Scabiosa caucasica*, but of a delicious lemon-yellow colour. 4d.

Cerastium Biebersteinii, 1, snowy white foliage, white flowers, evergreen, the largest and best of the Mouse-ear Chickweeds. 4d.

Cerastostigma plumbaginoides (Larpentae), "Lady Larpent's Leadwort," 2–1, flowers an almost unique cobalt blue colour. 9d.

" *Polhillii*, see Novelties.

Cheiranthus alpinus, "Alpine Wallflower," 1–1, shrubby alpine with sweet-scented clear yellow flowers, good rock plant. 6d.

" " *"Moonlight"*, soft lemon-yellow flowers. 4d.

Cheildonium majus fl. pl., "Double Celandine," pretty double yellow flowers. 4d.

Cheilone glabra, 2, heads of pale rose-coloured flowers. 6d.

" *obliqua*, 2½, flowers lovely deep pink. 9d.

" " *alba*, showy white flowers in shape rather like Foxgloves. 6d.

Chrysanthemum lacustre, 3–4, a strong-growing perennial, yielding plenty of large white flowers; good for moist situations. 6d.

" *maximum*, 1½–2, a fine plant with large white Marguerite flowers on stiff stalks; quite indispensable for cutting. 4d.

" " *Daviesii*, comparatively dwarf, much earlier in flower than the type, often a month earlier. 4d.

" " *grandiflorum*, a great improvement on the type, larger flowers, 4ft. stems. 4d.

" " *King Edward*, only 2ft., very large flowers, compact growth. 4d.

" *uliginosum*, 4–6, a grand "Giant Ox-eye Daisy," flowers white, in elegant "bunches" on long stems; very late blooming. 6d.

Chrysactron, see *Bulbinella*.

Chrysosplenium alternifolium, "Golden Saxifrage," $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$, yellow flowers, first class for carpeting a damp spot. 4d.

Chicorium intybus, "Chicory," few people know what a fine plant the Chicory is; true blue is a rare enough colour at any time, but it is particularly rare in the Aster family. Yet here is a plant which can be bought for a few pence, and which will grow and bloom freely under the hardest circumstances, bearing immense numbers of very large flowers of the purest Cornflower blue. By good luck it is as useful as it is beautiful, for its long roots think nothing of going 3 or 4 feet down into the most forbidding sub-soil, and doing at no expense the aerating work of a sub-soil plough. 4d.

Cnicifuga japonica, 3, flowers white in erect plume-like spikes. 9d.

" **simplex**, 3, flowers white in dense feathery spikes, most distinct and beautiful. 9d.

Circæa lutetiana, "Enchanter's Nightshade," $\frac{1}{2}$ —1, flowers pinkish, a pretty native. 4d.

Clematis davidiana, beautiful sweetly-scented pale blue flowers; a splendid border plant. 9d.

" **integrifolia**, 3, flowers violet, large, bell-shaped, very showy border plant. 9d.

Clintonia borealis, "Clinton's Solomon's Seal," 1, flowers greenish yellow in pretty umbels. 1/-.

Codonopsis ovata, $1\frac{1}{2}$, flowers slaty blue, veined and speckled white and orange. The beauty of the flowers is inside the drooping bell. 6d.

Convallaria majalis, $\frac{1}{2}$, the popular "Lily of the Valley." Strong planting crowns, 6d. doz., $\frac{3}{6}$ 100.

Convolvulus althæoides, flowers rose-pink, leaves silvery. 1/-.

" **œneum**, 2, very beautiful silvery leaves covered with floss silk, large Convolvulus flowers, white touched with pink. 6d.

" **mauritanicus**, flowers violet, admirable rock plant, in its colour and habit quite unique. 4d.

Coreopsis grandiflora, "Golden Marguerite," $1\frac{1}{2}$ —2 $\frac{1}{2}$, most handsome golden-yellow flowers with long stems; quite one of the best for cutting. 4d.

" **rosea**, $\frac{1}{2}$ —1, flowers rose, a compact grower, good in moist positions in rockery or bog garden. 9d.

" **verticillata**, 2, has somewhat the appearance of "Love-in-the-Mist," with yellow flowers. 4d.

Corydalis bulbosa, "Climbing Fumitory," $\frac{1}{2}$, large purplish flowers, a charming spring bloomer. 6d.

" **nobilis**, $\frac{1}{2}$, flowers golden yellow with dark centre, in dense terminal heads. 6d.

Cotula squalida, $\frac{1}{2}$, flowers purple, fern-like leaves; first class for running over stones in a damp place or under shade; it always attracts attention here. 4d.

Crambe cordifolia, "Giant Kale," 5. Apparently quite an unknown plant, though of the first order of value, and doing work which no other plant does. The huge leaves are massed together about the lower portion of the plant, and form an effective screen. From them rise the flower spikes bearing deliciously-scented flowers, whose fragrance is carried some distance beyond the plant, and whose quantity and effect can only be compared to Gypsophila paniculata on a colossal scale. Absolutely hardy. 6d.

Crinum longifolium, "Cape Lily," 1—2, flowers flushed with pink. 6d.

" " **album**, fine white flowers. 6d.

" **Powellii**, 2—3, a beautiful hybrid with large very showy red flowers; it is hardy anywhere, but to get the best flower effects it should be planted at the base of a wall or in some other dry, sunny spot. 1/-.

" " **album**, one of the most glorious of all plants, huge flowers of the purest and chastest alabaster. 1/-.

- Cyananthus lobatus*, 3, flowers rich bluish purple, a gem of the first water, likes a damp position with drainage. 1/-.
Cyclamen africanum, 2, this species requires a little protection in winter; flowers rose coloured, fragrant. 6d.
 " *Coum*, 3, effulgent crimson flowers, very early, often opening its first blooms in January. 6d.
 " " *album*, a chaste white form. 6d.
 " *neapolitanum*, 1-2, bright rose flowers with violet-crimson centre, handsome marbled foliage. 6d.
 " " *album*, a beautiful pure white form, rare. 1/6.
 " *repandum*, 3, charming rose-crimson flowers, valuable late spring flower. 6d.
Synoglossum furcatum, 2, quite distinct from all other plants by the unique "ghost-blue" colour of its flowers. 4d.
 " *nervosum*, heads of deep Forget-me-not-blue flowers. 4d.
Cypripedium calceolus, "Lady's Slipper," 1-1½, sepals and petals reddish brown, lip yellow. A very rare and beautiful British plant; grows best in a calcareous loam. 9d.
Delphinium cardinale, 3-4, bright scarlet flowers on long spikes. 9d.
 " *formosum*, 3-4, equal in many respects to the finest hybrids; flowers large, rich blue shaded with indigo. 4d.
 " *coelestinum*, flowers lovely shade of sky-blue. 6d.
 " *grandiflorum*, 1-1½, the finest of dwarf blue "Larkspurs;" flowers large, rich gentian-blue in colour, most freely produced. 4d.
 " *hybridum*, "Hybrid Larkspurs," a truly magnificent collection; everything not first class has been remorselessly weeded out.
 " " *Augustus*, dark blue and purple violet. 9d.
 " " *Bandine*, light blue and milk. 9d.
 " " *Bella Donna*, purest azure blue, one of the most beautiful of known plants. 5d.
 " " *Emmie*, pale blue, compact spikes. 9d.
 " " *Gentian*, deep gentian blue. 9d.
 " " *Madame Lavinge*, true blue, fine large flower. 9d.
 " " *Magnificum*, fine gentian blue, large flower. 9d.
 " " *Mediterranean*, beautiful azure blue. 9d.
 " " *Porcelain*, sky blue, white eye, most beautiful. 9d.
 " " *Proteus*, extraordinary blend of blue, brown, mauve, and violet, flowers double. 9d.
 " " *Purple East*, deep violet, grand flower. 1/-.
 " " *Tricolor*, purple, blue, and white; very striking. 9d.
 " " *Truth*, magnificent gentian blue and white. 9d.
 " *mixed hybrids*, strong clumps, including all the finest colours. 4d.
 " *nudicaule*, 1-1½, a bright dwarf gem, with flowers of varying shades of orange-scarlet and crimson. Very early, in fact, almost a spring flower, but continues throughout the summer. 4d.
Dianthus alpinus, 3, flowers deep rose, with crimson spots; a free-growing and free-flowering gem. 6d.
 " *castus*, 2, the favourite "Cheddar Pink," found growing wild in this country only on the Cheddar cliffs in Somersetshire; flowers delicate rose colour, very fragrant. 4d.
 " *deltoides*, 1-2, "Maiden Pink," flowers small, rose-coloured, but produced in such great numbers as to hide the growth. 4d.
 " *hybridus*, Mrs. Sinkins, the well-known, deliciously-scented, double white Pink. 3d.
 " " *Pink Beauty*, large single clear pink flowers with crimson centre. 6d.
 " " *Princess May*, probably the best of the Single Pinks, very large flowers, clear cherry red. 4d.
 " " *rossus*, resembles Napoleon III. in growth and habit, but has double bright rose-coloured flowers; excellent for rock work. 4d.
 " *microsepalus*, 1½, a miniature but most exquisite plant, flowers almost white, with rosy lilac spots; very scarce. 1/-.

- Oianthus neglectus*, 2-3, without the least doubt this is one of the most charming rock plants in cultivation, and one of the easiest to grow. The flowers are a bright deep carmine-rose in colour, with prettily serrated petals. 6d.
- " *Simsii*, a most desirable and beautiful rock plant, foliage glaucous, flowers delicate rose colour and very fragrant. 6d.
- Oicentra spectabilis*, "Bleeding Heart," 1½-2½, a favourite garden plant, and one of the most graceful and charming. The beautifully shaded rosy crimson flowers depend from gracefully arching stems. Good also for forcing. 4d.
- " *alba*, the rare and beautiful white form. 1/6.
- Oictamnus fraxinella*, "Burning Bush," 2-3, very showy large reddish purple flowers on tall spikes; if a light be applied on a quiet evening, an oil which the plant exudes will burst into flame and an aromatic odour will be given off. 9d.
- " *alba*, a chaste and beautiful form of the above, with pure white flowers. 9d.
- " *giganteus*, 3-4, a monster form with giant spikes and very large flowers. 1/6.
- Digitalis ambigua*, 3, the uncommon "Yellow Foxglove," flowers yellow, with brown markings, a good perennial. 4d.
- " *lutea*, 3, spikes of yellowish brown flowers. 4d.
- " *purpurea*, 3-5, beautiful wild "Foxglove," not a good perennial, though it often flowers a second year; is best therefore treated as a biennial, as also are the forms described hereunder. 4d.
- " *alba*, the beautiful white form, perfectly splendid when grown in a mass. 4d.
- " *gloxinioides*, a fine strain of "Foxgloves," with large flowers beautifully spotted, rivalling in beauty of colouring the exquisite *Gloxinia*. 4d.
- Decedatheon Meadia*, "American Cowslip," 2-1½, flowers rosy purple, not unlike those of a *Cyclamen*, but larger and borne on tall heads. 6d.
- " *mixed colours*, lilac, rose, purple, and pure white. 4d.
- Doronicum caucasicum*, 1, bright yellow, one of the very earliest of the spring flowers, of rapid increase, soon capable of producing sheets of colour; very little known and very valuable. 4d.
- " *glaciale*, 1, a dwarf form, flowers rich yellow, in abundance. 4d.
- " *"Harpur Crewe"*, see *plantagineum excelsum*.
- " *plantagineum excelsum*, "Leopard's Bane," 3-4, the tallest and showiest variety, golden yellow, flowers large and fine on long stems; in flower from March to October. 6d.
- Draba aizoides*, 1, charming tufts of green, set off with golden yellow flowers in early spring. 4d.
- " *pyrenaica*, 1, a delightful rock plant; flowers a pretty shade of rose-lilac; it is one of the chief glories of the Italian Alps. 9d.
- Dracecephalum Japonicum*, "Dragon's Head," 1, flowers purple, in dense spikes. 9d.
- " *Ruprechtii*, 1, showy lilac flowers; a charming plant. 4d.
- Dryas octopetala*, "Mountain Avens," one of the most popular of alpine plants; leaves like those of an oak, silvery on the under side; large flowers, pure white, with a bunch of golden stamens in the centre. 9d.
- Echinops bannaticus*, "Globe Thistle," 4, flower heads a unique shade of steel blue; a glorious coloured plant, much beloved by bees. 4d.
- " *giganteus*, 6, towering heads of silvery grey. 6d.
- " *humilis*, 2, new dwarf species, with bright blue heads. 6d.
- " *ruthenicus*, see *bannaticus*.
- " *sphærocephalus*, 4-5, large handsome white heads, very showy. 4d.
- Echium rubrum*, "Viper's Bugloss," 2-3, flowers reddish violet, in long spikes, a very handsome plant. 1/-.
- Edralanthus*, see *Wahlenbergia*.
- Elymus racemosus*, "Blue Lyme Grass," 3, a most ornamental grass, with blades of a pronounced glaucous blue, identical with the colour of the Colorado Blue spruce. 4d.

Epilobium angustifolium album, "White Rose Bay," one of the most useful plants in existence, and one of the handsomest; it takes possession of the soil with such rapidity that it soon covers a considerable area of ground, and produces most splendid effects; flowers of the very purest possible transparent white, borne in immense quantity. 6d.

" **Dodonæi**, 1, a most desirable rock or border plant, of compact growth, with large deep rose-coloured flowers. 6d.

" **luteum**, 1, with flowers of straw yellow, the only yellow in the family. 6d.

" **obcordatum**, 1, a beautiful neat trailer, with bright rose-purple flowers. 6d.

Epimedium alpinum, "Barrenwort," $\frac{3}{4}$; like all the other members of the family, this plant takes charming tints on both spring and autumn foliage; the flowers are crimson and yellow, and of most unusual shape. 6d.

" **coccineum**, fiery red. 6d.

" **lilacinum**, lilac. 6d.

" **niveum**, pure white. 6d.

" **rubrum**, rose coloured. 6d.

" **sulphureum**, fresh chrome yellow. 6d.

" **rubrum**, 1, flowers bright crimson and pale yellow; a very excellent alpine plant of rapid increase, with foliage which takes most beautiful tints in early spring, and all sorts of fiery colours in autumn; it is practically an evergreen. 6d.

Eranthis hyemalis, "Winter Aconite," 1, the first of all the spring flowers, bright yellow. In pots, 4d.

Eremurus robustus, one of the best. Well-established plants will attain a height of 10 or 11 feet, 5 or 6 feet of the stem being covered with delicate peach-pink flowers. A group of 3 or 5 (or more) plants in flower is a glorious sight, never to be forgotten. 2/6, 5/-.

" **x Warei**, see Novelties.

Erica vagans, "Cornish Heath," 1, flowers rosy white; summer. 4d.

Erigeron aurantiacus, "Orange Daisy," 1, flowers bright golden orange colour. 4d.

" **bellidifolius**, "Robin's Plantain," $\frac{3}{4}$ –1 $\frac{1}{2}$, a very distinct species with evergreen leaves in large rosettes, from which ascend corymbose heads of purplish flowers. 6d.

" **Coulteri**, 1, flowers white, with golden centre. 4d.

" **glauca**, 1, rich violet flowers, very good. 6d.

" **grandiflorus**, $\frac{1}{2}$, large solitary violet flowers; a scarce alpine from the Rocky Mountains. 6d.

" **mucronatus**, 1, a pretty daisy-like plant, flowers pink and white; requires a sheltered position on the rockery. 6d.

" **philadelphicus**, 1–2, a most charming border plant, producing masses of pink daisy-like flowers, rather small individually, but so pretty, and produced in abundance from May till November. 6d.

" **salsuginosus**, 2, flowers pale lilac, very free. 6d.

" **speciosus**, "Fleabane," 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ –2 $\frac{1}{2}$, this is one of the best plants for cut flowers, having handsome narrow-petalled violet flowers, with bright golden-yellow disk. In flower from about May to November. 4d.

Erinus alpinus, $\frac{3}{4}$, flowers reddish purple. 4d.

" **albus**, pure white form. 6d.

" **carmineus**, a fine variety with bright red flowers. 9d.

" **hirsutus**, a very hairy variety. 4d.

Eriogonum umbellatum, "Woolly Knotweed," $\frac{1}{2}$ –1, a pretty dwarf plant, with golden yellow flowers and whitish leaves. 6d.

Eriogynia pectinata, see *Spiræa pectinata*.

- Erodium chamædryoides**, $\frac{1}{2}$, a very dainty rock plant for sheltered positions; flowers white veined with pink, leaves small, round, bright green. 9d.
- " **hybridum**, 1, a giant in the family, flowers as large as those of a *Geranium*, and of a strikingly brilliant magenta. 4d.
- " **Menescavi**, 1-2, flowers purplish crimson, a very handsome strong-growing plant. 4d.
- " **Reichardi**, see *chamædryoides*.
- " **trichomanefolium**, $\frac{1}{2}$, bluish white flowers, with deeper veins, foliage silvery grey, very pretty and very hardy. 6d.
- Eryngium alpinum**, "Alpine Sea Holly," 2-3. We should put this fine thing among the half-dozen best herbaceous plants; the large, shining, bright green leaves are in themselves very beautiful, but they are altogether surpassed by the rest of the plant; the stems and large flower heads are of the most indescribably splendid steel blue, and they are set off by bracts which look like steel on burnished silver; absolutely glorious. 6d.
- " **azureum**, 3, crowded heads of small flowers, white passing to dark blue. 6d.
- " **Bourgati**, 2, a new and distinct species, with bright steely blue stems and bracts. 9d.
- " **giganteum**, 3-5, a very handsome silvery white plant. 4d.
- " **oliverianum**, 3-5, in its way as good as *E. alpinum*; the individual flower heads are not quite as large, but they are of an even richer and darker blue, and the stems take the same fine colour. 6d.
- " **superbum**, an improved form; deep amethystine blue. 9d.
- " **pandaniifolium**, 6-10, a splendid foliage plant. As the name suggests, the leaves resemble those of the "Screw Pine," are bright green in colour, and several feet in length. The candelabra-like inflorescence is often 7 or 10 feet in height, and with the giant foliage produces an effect unlike anything else in the garden. 4d.
- " **pianum**, 2, branching stems and masses of small heads; a pretty, deep blue. 4d.
- " **tripartitum**, 3, a handsome species, flowers opening white and passing to deep blue, produces a fine effect in late autumn. 6d.
- " **Zabelii**, 3, a striking hybrid between *E. alpinum* and *E. Bourgati*; fine heads and stems of steely blue. 9d.
- Erysimum rupestre**, "Perennial Wallflower," 1, a very compact tufted plant, with sulphur yellow flowers, which are freely produced in spring and again in autumn. 4d.
- Erythraea Massoni**, "Centaury," $\frac{1}{2}$, flowers clear rose-pink, borne in dense heads, a liliputian gem from the Azores, very showy. 9d.
- Euphorbia Cyparissias**, "Cypress Spurge," 1, an old but very handsome evergreen plant, with bright yellow inflorescence in spring. 4d.
- " **dendroides**, from the Mediterranean, striking masses of golden yellow flowers. 6d.
- " **epithymoides (polychroma)**, $1\frac{1}{2}$, one of the showiest of the Spurges, large heads of striking chrome yellow, presently passing to reddish ochre; catches the eye a long way off. 6d.
- " **pilosa major**, $1\frac{1}{2}$, a very effective plant in early summer, when almost wholly a bright chrome yellow, and again later when tinged with red. 6d.
- Ferns, Hardy**, all quite easy to grow.
- " **Adiantum capillus veneris**, "Wild Maidenhair," loves a shad chink among damp rocks. 4d.
- " **Allosorus crispus**, "Parsley Fern," loves a shady spot, not too wet. 6d.
- " **Aspidium lonchitis**, "Holly Fern," any shady spot. 6d.
- " **Asplenium trichomanes**, "Spleenwort," any shady spot. 6d.
- " **Ceterach officinarum**, "Ceterach," loves limestone, and if there is damp behind it can stand full sunshine. 4d.
- " **Cystopteris fragilis**, "Brittle Bladder Fern," loves a bit of rock or old wall. 6d.
- " **Polypodium phegopteris**, "Beech Fern." 4d.
- " **Polystichum dryopteris**, "Oak Fern." 4d.

Both these will flourish in any shady spot; they particularly enjoy a little leaf mould.

Ferns, *Osmunda regalis*, "Royal Fern," needs damp. 9d.

" *Scelopendrium vulgare*, "Hart's Tongue," will grow almost anywhere. 4d.

" *Struthiopteris germanica*, "Ostrich Fern," if it has some damp can stand full sunshine. 6d.

A Collection of 6 Distinct Hardy Ferns, Our Selection, for 1/3.

Francoa appendiculata, pale red flowers in compact spikes on stems 2 feet in length. 4d.

" *ramosa*, "Bridal Wreath," flowers pure white, in lovely spikes, on branching stems, 2-3 feet long. Both these plants are the better for a little protection in winter. 4d.

Frankenia lævis, "Sea Heath," 4, a very pretty carpeter, with pink flowers and dense carpet of foliage. 4d.

Funkia Fortunei, "Plantain Lily," 1½, a most distinct species. The leaves are a shade of blue-green, flowers pale lilac. 9d.

" *glauca*, a handsome Japanese species with sea-green leaves. 6d.

" *lanceifolia*, 1, flowers lilac, on dwarf scapes; leaves green, narrow. 6d.

" " *albo-marginata*, silvery edged leaves, exceedingly striking and handsome. 9d.

" *ovata*, 1-1½, flowers purple, large, in handsome racemes; leaves deep glaucous green; early flowering. 6d.

" " *marginata*, fine bold leaves, with broad white margin. 9d.

" *sieboldiana*, 1½-2½, the strongest growing species, makes a most effective bold clump. The flowers are white, tinged with pale lilac, leaves soft greyish green. 6d.

" " *elatio*, taller, the largest of all. 1/-.

" " *univittata*, leaves with a single stripe down the centre. 1/-.

Gaillardia hybrida, 2, magnificent hybrids, with large flaunting flowers in gold, copper, yellow, crimson, &c. They are borne on stout stalks, and are excellent for cutting. They never cease blooming from the beginning to the end of the season. 4d.

Calega officinalis, "Goat's Rue," 3-4, a very rapid-growing plant with handsome pinnate foliage and striking masses of pea-shaped lilac flowers. 4d.

" " *alba*, pretty pure white form. 4d.

" *patula Hartlandi*, 3, this is a very ornamental border plant with flowers of lavender-blue and white, while in spring and early summer the foliage is variegated white and green. 6d.

Gaitionia candicans, "Cape Hyacinth," 3, one of the few perfectly hardy plants from the Cape. Will flourish anywhere. Stately spikes bearing many large hyacinth blooms of a most wonderful wax-white. 4d.

Caura Lindheimeri, 2-4, charming spikes of blush, white, and rose flowers; exceedingly free flowering, and very effective and light for house decoration; in flower from early summer until frost appears. 6d.

Genista tinctoria fl. pl., "Double Broom," 1, loaded with small double yellow flowers, very showy when in flower, makes a first-class rock plant. 6d.

" *sagittalis*, "Arrow Broom," curious strap-shaped evergreen leaves, and crowds of showy rather large flowers; soon spreads and makes a good colony. 4d.

Gentiana acaulis, "Gentianella," ½, this is the great Bell Gentian of the Alps, and one of the most beautiful of all known flowers; rich blue, with a yellowish mark inside each petal, very large, bells 2 inches long and 1½ inches across. 4d.

" *asclepiadea*, "Willow Gentian," ¾-1½. This very graceful species has rich purple flowers, from near the bottom of the stem to the top, in the axils of the leaves. 9d.

" *cruciata*, ½-1, deep blue flowers, with green throats, in crowded clusters; quite easy to grow. 9d.

" *decumbens*, ½, flowers blue, in terminal spikes; growths prostrate, with ascending tips. 1/6.

" *Friedrichi*, ½, a beautiful tufted plant with large solitary flowers, of a lovely shade of blue. 1/6.

" *macrophylla*, ½-1, flowers pale blue, in terminal clusters. 4d.

Gentiana septemfida, $\frac{1}{2}$ —1, large clusters of bright azure blue flowers. An exceptionally showy and easy species. 9d.

" **verna**, $\frac{1}{2}$, an enchantingly beautiful spring flower, colour a splendid, glowing, deep blue, white-fringed eye; its only requirements are good sandy loam, well-drained but moist in summer, and full exposure to the sun. Strong plants, 6d.

Ceranium argenteum, $\frac{3}{4}$ — $\frac{3}{4}$, a true alpine plant of rare beauty, flowers soft pale rose-pink, with pretty veins of deeper colour, leaves beautiful silvery white. 1/-.

" **cinereum**, $\frac{1}{2}$, another beautiful silvery leaved alpine, flowers reddish purple with darker stripes. 6d.

" **Endressii**, 1, very showy crimson flower with darker veins, a charming plant. 4d.

" **grandiflorum**, $\frac{1}{2}$, this is a handsome species from the Himalayas, and is best described as a dwarf form of the "Meadow Crane's Bill," of refined habit and with larger bright purple flowers. 9d.

" **ibericum**, 1—2, a very showy plant, with fine blue flowers. 4d.

" **macrohizum**, 1, brilliant crimson flowers in abundance. 6d.

" **nodosum**, 1, flowers vary from pink to reddish purple. 4d.

" **pratense**, "Meadow Crane's Bill," 2, purplish flowers, very free. 6d.

" **prostratum**, a creeping plant, covered with very bright magenta flowers. 6d.

" **sanguineum**, $\frac{1}{2}$, a very handsome prostrate plant, suitable for border or rockery; the vivid crimson-purple flowers are most freely produced; this species and its varieties should be in every garden. 6d.

" " **album**, a pure white form, equal in every respect to the type. 4d.

" " **lancastriense (roseum)**, this beautiful variety was originally discovered in the Isle of Walney, Lancashire; it has delicate pink or rose flowers, with darker veins. 4d.

Cerbera Jamesoni, "Transvaal or Barberton Daisy," 1— $1\frac{1}{2}$, one of the most splendid plants of recent introduction; for practical purposes it may be described as a Scarlet Marguerite; the colour of the flower is extremely vivid, the bloom is of large size, and the habit of the plant is about as graceful as can be imagined; like most South African plants, it is not quite hardy except in warm spots, but it is well worth winter protection. 2/6.

Cean coccineum, 2— $2\frac{1}{2}$, flowers vivid scarlet, with golden anthers; one of the finest and most free flowering of border plants. 6d.

" " **fl. pl.**, semi-double flowers; an improvement on the type. 6d.

" **Eweni**, $1\frac{1}{2}$ —2, a fine hybrid, the flowers are a beautiful combination of shades of orange and terra cotta. 4d.

" **Heldreichii**, $\frac{3}{4}$ —1, a very fine free-flowering supposed hybrid, having as one parent the beautiful *G. montanum*. Beginning very early in the spring, this first-rate border or rock plant continues to produce its large, striking, orange-red flowers throughout summer and autumn. 6d.

" " **superbum**, an exceptionally large and brilliantly coloured variety; the individual flowers are as large as a crown piece, produced early in May and June, and again in autumn. 9d.

" **montanum**, $\frac{3}{4}$ —1, one of the best spring-flowering plants; of dwarf compact habit, with large bright yellow flowers, produced so freely as almost to hide the foliage. 6d.

" **pyrenaicum**, $1\frac{1}{2}$, pretty nodding yellow flowers. 4d.

" **rivale**, "Leonard's variety," a distinct form, with flowers which are reminiscent of some of the delicate tints of *Pyrus japonica*. 4d.

" **Rossii**, fine N. American species, quite unlike any of the others, handsome shining pinnate leaves, flowers golden yellow, borne on long stalks. 1/6.

" **ibericum (virginicum)**, 1, curiously little known, but possessing one of the finest of flower colours, a glowing copper scarlet; well worth growing. 4d.

Gillenia trifoliata, $1\frac{1}{2}$, flowers white tipped with red, with a persistent red calyx, which greatly increases the decorative value, one of the handsomest of border plants. 9d.

Gladiolus, "Corn Flag," see our Bulb Catalogue.

- Clautium flavum**, 1-2, flowers bright yellow, leaves silvery white; a handsome native plant. 4d.
- " **tricolor**, rich orange, copper, and mahogany red flowers, of large size and borne in great abundance; one of the finest of garden plants, quite unique in colour. 6d.
- Cleburnaria trichosanthe**, "Globe Daisy," $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{3}{4}$, flowers light blue, in large heads, leaves deep green. 6d.
- " **vulgaris**, "Blue Daisy," $\frac{1}{2}$ -1, numerous heads of bright blue flowers. 6d.
- " **alba**, beautiful heads of white flowers over glistening green foliage. 1/-.
- Cunera magellanica**, 1, most interesting on account of its small stature (3 inches), as compared with the 6 or 9 feet of the rest of the species; delights in moisture, one of the best of plants for running among damp stones, soon produces a most charming effect. 9d.
- " **scabra**, "Chilian Rhubarb," 6-10, one of the finest of waterside plants, huge leaves many feet in circumference, of the finest architectural shape. 9d.
- Cymnotheca chinensis**, 1-2, with spikes of bottle-brush-like flowers in summer, likes a little shade. 9d.
- Cymnothrix latifolia**, 2-3, broad rush-like evergreen leaves, a capital cover plant. 6d.
- Cypsothila acutifolia**, 4, beautiful late-flowering species, begins to flower end of July and continues until cut down by frost; the flowers are much larger than those of *G. paniculata*, of a rose-lilac colour, in light graceful panicles. 4d.
- " **cerastioides**, 1, one of the dwarfiest species and possessed of the largest flowers; this beautiful rock plant is most distinct in habit, is tufted and almost stemless; flowers white with red veins, in small clusters; grows best in very sandy soil. 4d.
- " **paniculata**, "Gauze Flower," 2-3, the well-known indispensable decorative plant; cloud-like masses of small white flowers; in flower from end of June to September. 4d.
- " **fl. pl.**, one of the most popular plants of recent introduction; in this case the doubling adds to the whiteness. 6d.
- " **repens monstrosa**, 1, a large form of semi-erect habit, with large white flowers. 4d.
- " **rosea grandiflora**, dwarf free flowering, with rose-pink flowers, of good size.
- " **Steveni**, 2, fine white flowers, semi-decumbent habit. 4d.
- Helenium autumnale**, 4-6, heads of bright yellow, long-petalled flowers. 4d.
- " **grandicephalum**, 5, clear yellow flowers, the largest of all. 4d.
- " **aurantiacum**, a glorious plant, very large flower heads coloured with rich red, copper, and old gold. 4d.
- " **pumilum magnificum**, 2-3, large soft pale yellow flowers; this fine variety has rapidly marched into the very front rank of flowering plants; the large size of the flowers, the delightful shade of colour, the freedom with which they are borne, and their suitability for cutting, makes them as good for house decoration as for effect in the border. 4d.
- " **striatum (cupreum)**, "Copper Sneezeweed," with crimson and gold flowers, a most unusual and most beautiful combination of colours; the flowers are produced in large heads, 2 or 3 feet in diameter, on stems 5 or 6 feet in height; this is one of the finest and most striking of border plants. 1/-.
- " **superbum**, 5, large branching heads of large bright yellow flowers, with wavy margins. 9d.
- " **Bigelovii**, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$, rich yellow flowers with brown centre. 9d.
- " **Bolanderi**, 1-2, large golden yellow flowers 2 to 3 inches across, with a black disc, solitary or with 2 or 3 on the leafy stems. 4d.
- " **Hoopesii**, 2-3, flowers orange-yellow, black centre, showy summer-flowering species; the earliest of the *Heleniums*. 4d.
- Helianthemum** (Sun Roses). While many hardy shrubs are easy to grow, probably none grow so readily as these. In habit they are dwarf and trailing, and do well on dry sunny banks where little else will grow. Although the individual flowers are not of long duration, this is amply compensated for by the immense profusion in which they are borne.

- Helianthemum, Bronze Beauty**, double, bronzy yellow. 4d. each.
- " **Fireball**, single, fiery scarlet. 4d. each.
- " **Golden Queen**, rich golden yellow, single. 4d. each.
- " **Jubilee**, double, clear yellow. 4d. each.
- " **Miss Mould**, one of the best, colour a beautiful rosy pink, with a light shade towards the centre, single. 4d. each.
- " **Parvifolium album**, single, pure white. 4d. each.
- " **Sanguineum plenum**, double, blood red. 4d. each.
- " **Villosum aureum**, silvery foliage, yellow flowers. 4d. each.
- Helianthus decapetalus**, 6, pale lemon-yellow flowers, rather small, but abundant, excellent habit. 4d.
- " " **nanus**, a fine dwarf form, with numerous pale yellow flowers. 6d.
- " **giganteus**, 7-8, great towering heads of small bright yellow flowers. 4d.
- " **grosse-serratus**, 9-12, more gigantic than *H. giganteus*, striking as a foliage plant alone, flowers yellow. 9d.
- " " **H. C. Moon**, 4, the flowers are a soft pleasing yellow in colour, with very broad florets and a small centre, and are very freely produced. 6d.
- " " **Miss Mellish**, 5-6, large bright orange-yellow flowers, each with a double row of florets, one of the best of the "Perennial Sunflowers," first class for cutting. 6d.
- " **multiflorus fl. pl.**, 4, the good old double yellow perennial Sunflower. 6d.
- " " **maximus**, 5-6, very large single golden-yellow flowers with brown centres. 4d.
- " " **fl. pl.**, golden yellow flowers, with long florets surrounding much shorter ones in the centre, giving to the flower the shape of an Anemone. 4d.
- " **Mutabilis**, 2-4, a very early-flowering species, flowers rich yellow with dark centres; a rarely seen but beautiful plant. 4d.
- " **orgyalis**, "Willow-leaved Sunflower," 6-10, few plants are more effective than a good clump of this; clothed, as are the strong unbranched stems, with long narrow leaves from base to tip, and surmounted by heads of yellow flowers. 6d.
- " **rigidus**, "Prairie Sunflower," 4, one of the old favourites under the name of *Harpalium*. The clear yellow flowers are produced in great profusion and are most valuable for cutting. 4d.
- " **tomentosus**, 4, quite a new species, with striking very pale yellow flowers and hoary foliage, the habit sturdy and compact; the flower colour is unlike that of any other *Helianthus*. 9d.
- Heliosis lævis superba**, "Orange Sunflower," 4, very showy large starry flowers, colour bright orange-yellow. 4d.
- " **scabra**, "B. Ladhams," extra fine orange-yellow flowers, with very broad florets. 4d.
- " **pitcheriana**, a good dwarf variety, flowers bright golden orange. 4d.
- " **Soleil d'Or**, flowers rich golden yellow. 4d.
- Helleborus niger**, "Christmas Rose," the old type with beautiful pure white flowers, first opening in December, and continuing in flower for 2 or 3 months. Good roots, 6d.
- Helonias bullata**, "Stud Flower," 1, rosettes of deep green shining foliage, from which arise lovely spikes of rose-lilac flowers. 1/-.
- Hamorocallis aurantiaca major**, flowers deep orange, one of the most vigorous and showy, flowers throughout August, September, and October. 6d.
- " **Dumortierii**, 1½, rich orange-yellow flowers, tinged with brown on the outside; a splendid free-flowering dwarf plant. 6d.
- " **flava**, 2-3, the common "Day Lily," but unsurpassed in freedom of flowering; flowers bright clear yellow, very sweetly scented; much prized for cutting. 4d.
- " **fulva**, 2-4, coppery orange flowers, shaded with crimson. 4d.
- " " **Kwanse fl. pl.**, fine double flowers, of a coppery orange shade. 6d.
- " **hybrida citrina**, 4, a strong-growing "Day Lily," with much-branched stems bearing a profusion of pale citron-yellow flowers, which open in the evening, and last for 24 hours; in artificial light the colour is very refined and peculiarly pleasing. 1/-.
- " " **"Cold Dust"**, 2-3, with all the most desirable characters of *H. flava*, and in addition flowers of a fine rich golden colour. 9d.

- Hemerocallis hybrida**, "Orange Man," 3, slender graceful stems, bearing rich clear orange-coloured flowers in great abundance. 9d.
- " **Thunbergii**, 1½, a fine late-flowering species from Japan; flowers rich golden yellow, very freely produced, and of fine form. 6d.
- Herniaria glabra**, a first-rate carpeter, grows very fast and completely covers the ground. 4d.
- " **" aurea**, very showy, makes a bright golden-yellow carpet. 4d.
- Hesperis matronalis**, "Dame's Violet," 2, the old single purple form, very sweetly scented. 4d.
- Heuchera Drummondii**, 1-1½, loose feathery plumes of small white flowers. 4d.
- " **hybrida Zabeliana**, bright rosy pink flowers on strong stems, 3 feet in height; an excellent free-flowering variety. 6d.
- " **micrantha resea**, 1-2, delightful clouds of tiny flowers varying from pink to white, makes an effect like Gypsophila, stems often rosy. 4d.
- " **regularis**, slender branching stems, bearing small dainty rose-pink flowers. 6d.
- " **sanguinea**, "Coral Bells," "Scarlet Saxifrage," 2-1½, one of the best hardy plants for border or rockery, the flowers are bright coral scarlet, of good size and very pretty in the spike. 6d.
- " **" alba**, similar in habit and in its free-flowering qualities, but with white flowers. 6d.
- " **" splendens**, more richly-coloured flowers, more freely produced; colour rich, glowing, coral scarlet. 9d.
- Hexine Soleirolii**, a dense emerald-green carpeter, grows at a tremendous rate, first class for shady places. 4d.
- Hieracium aurantiacum**, "Orange Hawkweed," 1-1½, numerous heads of bright orange-red flowers; a handsome, strong-growing, border plant of creeping habit. 4d.
- " **villosum**, 1, one of the most distinct of alpine plants, tufts of white hairy foliage surmounted in May and onwards by large, showy, bright yellow flowers. 4d.
- Hollyhocks**--
- | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Single, in separate colours | } 3d. each, 2/- doz. |
| Double, " " | |
- All Nice Plants which will flower this year.
- Homogyne alpina**, "Alpine Coltsfoot," 2-2½, rich glossy evergreen foliage and clear rose-purple flowers. 6d.
- Horminum pyrenaicum**, "Pyrenean Dead Nettle," 2-1, flowers bright purple, leaves in pretty rosettes, not unlike those of a Ramondia. 6d.
- Hotei**, see Astilbe.
- " **barbata**, see A. japonica.
- Houstonia purpurea**, "Bluets," a heavenly little gem, dainty tufts of tiny green leaves, and immense numbers of most charming pale lilac flowers; in its way quite unique; likes a little damp and shade. 6d.
- " **serpyllifolia**, 2, very dwarf and creeping, flowers slightly differing in shade from the above, and just as freely borne. 6d.
- Hutchinsia alpina**, see Nocceæ alpina.
- Hypericum empetrifolium**, 2-1, a lovely evergreen heath-like plant, with an abundance of bright yellow flowers. 6d.
- " **orientale**, 2-1, from the Levant; flowers in summer very freely, yellow, habit compact. 4d.
- " **polyphyllum**, 2, one of the most choice plants for the rockery; forms compact little bushes of growths from a woody base, each crowned with several bright pale yellow flowers. 4d.
- " **repens**, 2, a quite distinct plant from the following, has narrow heath-like leaves, on prostrate stems, terminating in racemes of bright yellow flowers; very rare. 4d.
- " **reptans**, 2, one of the brightest of gems for the rockery, prostrate growths, with evergreen foliage and golden yellow flowers, which are of an unusually large size, considering the stature of the plant. 4d.

Hypericum tomentosum, $\frac{1}{2}$, an exceedingly pretty species, which must have some protection from extreme wet in winter, otherwise quite hardy; flowers yellow, foliage hoary grey. 4d.

Hyperis nana, a rare dwarf species. 4d.

" *Pruti*, $\frac{1}{2}$, a very pretty species from Sicily; flowers white in numerous compact heads. 4d.

" *saxatilis*, $\frac{1}{2}$, white flowers in numerous small capitate heads, on dense evergreen shoots. 4d.

" *semperflorens*, $\frac{3}{4}$ —1, sweetly scented snow-white flowers; a very handsome evergreen plant of shrubby habit, commences to flower in the autumn, and continues throughout the winter and until early summer. 4d.

" *sempervirens*, "Evergreen Candytuft," $\frac{3}{4}$ —1, this great favourite is quite deserving of more extended planting; the drift-like masses of snow-white flowers are not quite equalled by anything else; seedlings vary in height and size of flowers. 4d.

" " *"Little Gem"*, $\frac{1}{2}$, a miniature form of perfect habit. 4d.

" " *"Snowflake"*, generally considered the largest and finest of the forms, makes a terrific show every spring on one of our rockeries at Neston. 4d.

Incavillea grandiflora, huge trumpet flowers of deep crimson rose with pale yellow throat. 9d.

" *Brevipes*, see Novelties.

" *Delavayi*, "Trumpet Flower," one of the most remarkable of recent introductions, and one whose capabilities are only just becoming realised. Five or six years ago a plant with two or three flowers on a stem one foot in length was looked upon with admiration. Lately the plant has been found capable of producing a perfect sheaf of bloom upon numerous stems 3 or 4 feet in height, and handsome leaves of deep green colour and leathery texture 2 and 3 feet long. Each flower is often over 3 inches in length, of corresponding width, rich carmine rose in colour, and with a golden yellow throat. To obtain these most desirable results, it is necessary that the plants should have a deep root-run in rich soil, and be well established. 6d.

Impatiens glandulosa, $1\frac{1}{2}$ —2, striking orange-yellow flowers with narrow wavy petals, a splendid plant for borders or cut flowers. 6d.

" *royleana*, 2, a fine Himalayan species, with deep golden yellow flowers, of good shape and substance; late flowering. 1/-.

Iris albobpurpurea caerulea, said to be "the most beautiful Iris ever found in Japan;" an early bloomer, flowers rich purple and white. 9d.

" *amena reticulata*, heavily reticulated blue on pale lilac ground. 4d.

" *aurea*, 3—4, one of the finest of yellow-flowered "Flags," with deep green graceful foliage and beautifully-fringed golden yellow flowers; fine in damp positions. 9d.

" *caucasica*, a gem amongst Irises, perhaps the only one of the early-flowering section which can be relied on to do well, flower freely, and increase in quantity from year to year; flowers very variable, but always beautiful, colour anything from straw yellow to the most delicate pale lilac and white. 6d.

" *Chamaeiris sibirica grandiflora*, (S) rich violet-purple; (F) deep violet, very large flowers of good substance. 9d.

" " *sulphurea grandiflora*, charming sulphur-yellow flowers. 6d.

" *cypriana*, $1\frac{1}{2}$, large bright lilac, delicately perfumed flowers, often 7 or 8 inches in diameter; a most elegant and distinct plant, flowering late in June. 1/6.

" *Delavayi*, 2—5, a new and strikingly effective species from Yunnan. Although a good border plant, in which position it will attain a height of 2 or 3 feet, and flower profusely, the full dimensions are only reached in a moist position, such as suits the "Japanese Iris." The whole plant is reminiscent of a gigantic form of *I. sibirica*, with narrow graceful foliage and rich violet flowers, blotched with white, on stems 5 feet in height. 6d.

" *ensata*, 1, beautiful soft lilac flowers; (F) marked with yellow. 6d.

" *florentina*, "Orris Root," 2—3, lovely white flowers tinted with lavender and most deliciously scented. 6d.

" " *albicans*, flowers of the purest white; one of the loveliest of the tall bearded Flags. 6d.

Iris foetidissima, "Gladwyn Iris," 2-3, a native plant of a decidedly handsome appearance, with evergreen foliage and bluish lilac flowers, followed by large pods of brilliant orange-scarlet seeds, which are retained in an exposed position in the capsule for a considerable time. 4d.

" **fulva**, 1½, a most unusually distinct species with rich coppery maroon coloured flowers, with orange-yellow markings. 6d.

" **germanica**, "German Iris," "Poor Man's Orchid," will grow anywhere, and flower anywhere; handsome at all times, with their magnificent sword-shaped leaves; when they are in full bloom they eclipse everything else in the garden. The following list covers a truly splendid selection of first-classers, and we offer them at our usual ridiculous price of 4d. each, 3/6 per doz. In the following descriptions, (S) standards, or upright petals; (F) falls, or the drooping petals.

" " **Abdul Aziz**; (S) a beautiful combination of bronze and lilac; (F) deep purple

" " **Action**, (S) bright yellow, (F) reticulated purple.

" " **Albicans**, palest porcelain, blue when in bud, turning to pure white as the flower opens.

" " **Argus**, deep rich purple blue.

" " **Asiatica**, a bold grower, purple violet, centre finely reticulated.

" " **Benacensis**, enormous flowers of a rich purple violet, when in bud almost black.

" " **Bismarck**, beautiful combination of chestnut and gold.

" " **Delia**, pale lilac and rosy purple.

" " **Dr. Berge**, brown and bronze.

" " **Enchantress**, (S) rich gold, (F) beautiful chestnut, a fine flower.

" " **Eureka**, (S) pale rosy blue, (F) deeper colour.

" " **Fairy**, pale lilac, darker at the tips.

" " **Fontarabie**, handsome large flowers of deep blue, suffused purple.

" " **Colden King**, (S) rich gold, (F) red and sulphur.

" " **Hector**, (S) bronzy yellow, (F) deep purple.

" " **Hericart de Thury**, (S) bronze tipped lilac, (F) reddish purple.

" " **Khaki**, aptly named.

" " **Lavine**, (S) delicate blue, reticulated lilac; (F) rich purple.

" " **Malvina**, (S) rich yellow, (F) beautifully reticulated chestnut.

" " **Mozart**, (S) pale lilac, (F) violet.

" " **Mrs. H. Darwin**, white and lilac.

" " **Nimrod**, (S) bluish lilac, (F) deep purple.

" " **Othello**, deep rich purple.

" " **Perdita**, delicate lilac and gold.

" " **Queen of the Gipsies**, (S) khaki and purple, (F) purple violet.

" " **Rebecca**, (S) rich yellow, (F) ruby purple.

" " **Rembrandt**, a beautiful blue.

" " **Reticulata**, (S) creamy white, (F) reticulated purple.

" " **Rubella**, rich reddish purple.

" " **Salar Jung**, bronze netted purple.

" " **Sir C. Napier**, brown and bronze, finely netted.

" " **Spectabilis**, large flowers of a rich violet colour.

" " **Territa**, (S) pale lilac, (F) deep purple.

" " **Venusta**, (S) khaki, (F) dark maroon.

" " **Virginica**, purple and lavender.

" " **Yellow Prince**, (S) light sulphur, (F) reticulated purple on a light ground; one of the best.

" **guldenstædtiana**, 3, graceful foliage and pale lilac flowers, with bright yellow throat. 9d.

" " **hexagona Lamancei**, 1½, quite unique amongst Irises, the colour is nearer a deep sea blue than anything else we know, very beautiful. 6d.

Iris Kaempferi, "Japanese Iris." To get the best out of these glorious Irises it is necessary to give them damp in some degree; they will grow and flower in an ordinary rich border, but they will always do better near water. Their enormous salver-shaped flowers, running through every combination of purple, blue, and white, are amongst the richest of garden ornaments. We offer fine mixed colours at 4d.

" **lacustris**, $\frac{1}{2}$, rare and lovely, resembling *I. cristata* generally in habit and growth. Flowers pale lilac and white with yellow throat; in flower the whole season. 1/6.

" **laevigata**, one of the finest of Irises, flowers of a rich Tyrian purple, a very striking colour. 4d.

" **longipetala**, 2, delicate but large flowers, lilac and white in colour, veined with rich blue. 9d.

" **lutescens**, 1, charming primrose-yellow flowers, (F) tinged and veined with purplish brown, with bright yellow beard. 6d.

" **missouriensis**, $\frac{1}{2}$ – $1\frac{1}{2}$, pretty flowers very freely produced, pale blue or lilac to white in colour, with a bright yellow spot near throat. 9d.

" **Monaurea**, a fine hybrid between *I. aurea* and *I. Monnieri*, which in favourable circumstances attains a height of 6 feet. The flowers are a rich deep yellow in colour, of large size, and fine form, as becomes the offspring of such handsome parents; especially recommended for damp positions, but, like *I. aurea*, will grow and flower magnificently in the ordinary border. 1/-.

" **Monnieri**, 3–4, golden yellow flowers, of handsome form, and deliciously fragrant; a superb border plant, or for waterside. 1/-.

" **Monspur**, 4, a distinct and choice hybrid, the result of crossing *I. Monnieri* with *I. spuria*. The fine blue colour of the latter predominates, while the robust habit and fine form are owed to the former parent. 9d.

" **nepalensis**, 1–2, a very fine Himalayan species, suitable for boggy grounds, but also a good border plant; flowers a rich violet colour. 9d.

" **orientalis**, 4, (S) pure white, (F) white and yellow. This is one of the noblest of "Beardless Flags;" whether in the ordinary border or by the water side, this grand Iris produces most freely, in June and July, its chastely beautiful flowers. 9d.

" " **gigantea**, a larger and finer form, growing to 5 feet or more in height. 1/-.

" **Polakii**, 2–3, lovely silvery grey flowers delicately reticulated with violet. 9d.

" **Pseudacorus**, 2–3, our native "Water Flag," offered here on account of its free-flowering proclivities when planted in the ordinary border, quite twice the number of yellow flowers are produced as compared with plants in their natural element. 6d.

" " **albus**, a rare and beautiful creamy white form. 6d.

" **pumila**, $\frac{1}{2}$, this species and its varieties form a group of most lovely spring and early summer flowers; of the easiest culture, they are suitable for border or rockery, and also make fine objects in pots or pans for house decoration; (S) violet, (F) deep violet-purple with white beard. 6d.

" " **coerulea**, a fine and distinctly lovely shade of sky blue. 6d.

" " **cyanea**, indigo blue. 6d.

" " **lutea**, bright clear yellow flowers. 6d.

" " **violacea**, rich royal purple. 6d.

" **Reichenbachiana**, fine dwarf yellow, early flowering. 9d.

" **reticulata**, "The Netted Iris," not surpassed in value by any spring flower, rich and splendid Tyrian purple, netted and veined with old gold; scent something between Violets and *Fraesias*. In pots, 6d.

" **setosa**, $1\frac{1}{2}$, flowers rich vinous purple, relieved and reticulated at the base with white. 9d.

" **siberica**, 2–4, a slender-growing, graceful species, with narrow leaves, and wiry stems carrying masses of flowers; like our native "Flag," this species is an excellent border plant, and also luxuriates in boggy situations; bright blue flowers in May and June. 4d.

Iris siberica acuta alba, large-flowered dwarf form. 6d.

" *alba*, handsome white tall variety. 6d.

" *major*, one of the finest of the many fine forms of the "Siberian Flag," tall growing, and with large flowers of the most charming shades of blue and rich violet. 6d.

" *nana*, the dwarfest, with richly-coloured flowers. 6d.

" *orientalis*, an old and valued favourite under the name of *I. sanguinea*, possessed of the largest flowers among these varieties, rich imperial purple when open, but showing a bright crimson colour in bud, an excellent border or bog plant. 4d.

" *spuria*, 3-4, a glorious *Iris*, flowers very large, of rich blue-violet and milk-surfaced with gold dust. 9d.

" *alba*, 1, a charming dwarf white form. 9d.

" "A. W. Tait," splendid lavender. 9d.

" *susiana*, "Mourning *Iris*." We strongly urge our friends to buy this truly gorgeous *Iris*. It will be a revelation. The colour has a groundwork of wolf grey, and is suffused with violet, white, and brown; the network is of a most extraordinary character, and produces the effect of fine filigree work; the flowers are of huge size—indeed, barring the difficult *I. Gatesi*, they are far the largest of all *Iris* flowers. Strong plants in pots, 6d.

" *tectorum*, in China and Japan this *Iris* is used in country districts as a "coping" to hold down the straw thatch forming the roof of many a house. In this position it is said to grow freely and flower abundantly. A well-drained sandy soil and a sunny position are essential in this country to successful outdoor culture; though grown as greenhouse subjects in pots, no trouble is experienced. Flowers lovely pale blue with white crests. 9d.

" *album*, see Novelties.

" *verna*, 4-4, the true species is a very rare and delicately beautiful little gem; deep blue flowers with throats of rich orange colour. This enchanting miniature *Iris* is a native of the United States, and is a beau ideal rock plant, where its delicious violet perfume is always appreciated. 1/-.

Jasione perennis, 1, fine for border or rockery, produces masses of rather light blue flowers; a really desirable plant of strong constitution. 4d.

Kniphofia aloides, "Torch Lily," "Red Hot Pokers," 4-5, the best known species, handsome spikes of orange and yellow flowers. 6d.

" *corallina*, 2-3, this is one of the most useful sorts. It is probably of hybrid origin, and produces an abundance of rich coral-red spikes, which are excellent for cutting. 1/-.

" *foliosa*, 4-5, a fine June-flowering species, with stout spikes of bright scarlet flowers, which fade a delicate lemon-yellow. 1/-.

" *hybrida*, mixed hybrids, all sorts of fine colours from scarlet through orange to palest lemon yellow. 6d.

" *Lemon Queen*, spikes of fine citron yellow. 9d.

" *Macowanii*, 2, spikes of brilliant coral-red flowers in the most wonderful profusion, excellent for cutting. 6d.

" *Northiæ*, 4-5, very handsome as a foliage plant in a sheltered sunny position; aloe-like foliage in dense rosettes on shrubby stems, and spikes of red and yellow flowers. 6d.

" *pauciflora*, 1½-3, pretty canary-yellow drooping flowers, a most charming and distinct species; with many others of similar habit, it makes a pretty pot plant. 9d.

" *rufa*, 2, a very pretty dwarf plant, with spikes of bright yellow flowers tipped red. 1/-.

" *Tuckii*, 3-5, handsome spikes of bright red flowers, fading pale yellow, and ornamental Yucca-like foliage. A most effective June-flowering species. 6d.

Lamium purpureum, "Pink Dead Nettle," flowers of a charming shade of shell pink. 4d.

- Lathyrus latifolius**, "Everlasting Pea," 4-6, racemes of bright rose-coloured flowers on long stems, fine for cutting. 6d.
- " " **albus**, a beautiful white form, one of the most charming of herbaceous climbers. 6d.
- " " **roseus**, a lovely variety with flowers of exquisite shades of delicate pink colour. 1/-.
- " **annonicus Smithi**, a little-known Pea, but one of the finest, foliage a delicate downy green, flowers borne in great quantity, pale straw yellow. 6d.
- Leontopodium alpinum**, "Swiss Edelweiss," $\frac{1}{2}$. There is not the slightest difficulty in growing this choice alpine; if a little old mortar is put into the soil about its roots, the flowers will come of a purer white. 4d.
- " " **sibericum**, "Siberian Edelweiss," the largest of all the many forms of Edelweiss, otherwise identical with the type. 4d.
- Lepachys pinnata**, 4, pretty yellow flowers with chocolate brown cones. 6d.
- Leucocyclus formosus**, 2, silvery foliage cut into finest filigree work, a highly ornamental plant. 4d.
- Lewisia rediviva**, $\frac{1}{2}$, rosettes of narrow green leaves, from which spring a profusion of bright satiny rose-coloured flowers. 1/-.
- Liatris scariosa**, 2-3, large dark purple tassel-like flowers, very showy. 6d.
- Libertia formosa**, "New Zealand Satin Flower," 1-1 $\frac{1}{2}$, slender grass-like foliage and pure white flowers. 6d.
- " **grandiflora**, 3, much taller, and larger flowers. 6d.
- Linaria alpina**, $\frac{1}{2}$, rich purple and orange coloured flowers, most free blooming, one of the finest of alpine plants. 4d.
- " **Cymbalaria**, "Kenilworth Ivy," "Ivy-leaved Toad-flax," $\frac{1}{2}$, of graceful procumbent or pendent habit, flowers numerous, bright lilac in colour; a charming wall plant; flowers from spring till winter sets in. 4d.
- " **pallida**, $\frac{1}{2}$, purple flowers of unusually large size, on procumbent stems, similar in habit to the "Ivy-leaved Toad-flax," but liking better soil. 4d.
- " **pilosa**, $\frac{1}{2}$, purple and yellow flowers and hoary creeping stems, deep green leaves with bright reddish-purple reverse. 4d.
- " **purpurea**, "Giant Toad-flax," 3-5, graceful slender stems, with glaucous leafage, terminating in numerous spikes of rich maroon-purple flowers, a most distinct and effective shade of colour, quite one of the showiest of plants. 4d.
- " **triornithophora**, 1-1 $\frac{1}{2}$, a curious and pretty plant, the shape and arrangement of the flowers suggest, in miniature, the appearance of birds perched in threes upon the stems, hence the name; large flowers, purple and yellow. 4d.
- Lindlofia longifolia**, 2, flowers true gentian blue, a most beautiful late spring plant. 4d.
- " **spectabilis**, 1-1 $\frac{1}{2}$, bright blue flowers on tall spikes. 4d.
- Linnæa borealis**, "Twin Flower," $\frac{1}{2}$, fragrant rose-pink flowers in twos on slender stems, rising from pretty foliage, with brownish under sides and tawny coloured stalks. 1/-.
- Linum alpinum**, $\frac{1}{2}$, a dwarf gem, with bright blue flowers on slender stems. 4d.
- " **arborescens**, 1, forms a miniature evergreen tree, covered in summer with bright lemon yellow flowers, when it is a most beautiful and a unique sight. In order to prevent the "killing back" of the branches, they should be protected in severe weather. 6d.
- " **campanulatum**, 1, bright yellow flowers, a distinct hardy perennial. 1/-.
- " **flavum**, 1, one of the showiest of dwarf yellow-flowered plants, produces masses of flowers from June to September. 6d.
- " **maritimum**, 2-4, beautiful large deep-blue flowers on slender branching stems. 4d.
- " **perenne**, 1-1 $\frac{1}{2}$, lovely pale-blue flowers, slender graceful habit; a very popular favourite. 4d.
- " " **album**, pure white form, useful and handsome. 4d.

- Lithospermum Castoni**, 1, clusters of flowers, a lovely azure-blue colour with a white eye; a rare plant from the Pyrenees, likes lime. 1/-.
- „ **intermedium**, a pretty dwarf shrubby species, flowers a lovely shade of blue. 6d.
- „ **petraeum**, see *Moltkia petraea*.
- „ **prostratum**, 1-1, this is one of those plants which become universal favourites as soon as seen. Everyone who sees this dwarf evergreen shrub is charmed with it. Persons who have grown it for years declare that they have never, at any time of the year, failed to find a few flowers open upon the twiggy growths, so beautifully clothed with evergreen leaves. Border and rockery are both congenial homes, and in either position the pretty deep green mounds of foliage studded or partially covered with the rich Gentian-blue flowers are unique and lovely in effect. For wall-gardening there is nothing better than this beautiful shrub; its dwarf, somewhat trailing habit seems peculiarly suited to the accompaniment of stones and rock-work. 6d.
- „ **Heavenly Blue**, see *Novelties*.
- „ **purpureo-ceruleum**, 1, a pretty native plant of trailing habit, the flowers are in clusters, red at first, afterwards purple. To induce this species to flower more freely it is a good practice to remove the runner-like growths which are so freely produced. 6d.
- Lobelia cardinalis**, "Cardinal Flower," -3, graceful spikes of rich carmine-scarlet flowers, and green foliage. Splendid effects may be obtained by masses of this plant over a dwarf ground-work of a complementary colour. 4d.
- „ **fulgens**, 3-4, resembling *L. cardinalis* in the rich scarlet flowers, but has an additional charm in the deep bronzy purple foliage; a most magnificent plant for massing in beds and borders; beautiful effects may be produced by carpeting the ground with *Violas* and other dwarf plants of contrasting colours. 4d.
- „ **syphilitica**, 2-3, this species and its varieties are quite hardy and very handsome border plants, and grow luxuriantly in rich moist soil; flowers light blue, in leafy spikes; foliage green. 4d.
- Lupinus arboreus**, "Tree Lupin," numerous spikes of fragrant yellow flowers, and pretty foliage, on shrubby stems, which, in sheltered positions, attain a height of from 3 to 6 or even 8 feet. 6d.
- „ **arborous albus**, "Snow Queen," a chaste white form; when flowering freely the plants present the appearance of a bank of snow, deliciously fragrant. 4d.
- „ **versicolor**, sulphur and violet, changing to reddish purple. 9d.
- „ **polyphyllus**, the common "Lupin," 3, numerous handsome spikes of dark blue flowers, and tufts of pretty bright green foliage. This indispensable plant flowers in spring and early summer, but by cutting off the flower stalks as soon as the flowers are faded, a second crop of bloom may be had in the autumn, when the fine blue flowers will be thoroughly appreciated; this cultural hint applies equally well to all the excellent varieties. 6d.
- „ **albus**, pure white form, very effective. 6d.
- „ **roseus**, see *Novelties*.
- Lychnis chalcedonica**, "Jerusalem Cross," 3, bright scarlet flowers in terminal heads; this species and the varieties are some of the best of border plants. 6d.
- „ **alba**, good white form. 4d.
- „ **carnea**, charming flesh-pink flowers. 4d.
- „ **plena**, vivid scarlet heads of double flowers. 9d.
- „ **variabilis**, bright rose and white flowers, distinct and pretty. 4d.
- „ **coronaria**, 2-3, leaves covered with a white tomentum, flowers rosy-crimson. 4d.
- „ **alba**, good white form. 4d.
- „ **atrosanguinea**, rich crimson maroon, one of the richest colours in all flowers. 4d.
- „ **dioica plena**, 2-3, brilliant crimson, very showy. 4d.
- „ **Flos-jovis**, "Flower of Jove," "Rose Campeon," 1½-2, bright pink flowers in numerous heads. 4d.
- „ **haageana**, 1, bright deep scarlet; beds and groups of this species and the hybrid forms are unexcelled in brilliancy. 4d.

Lychnis haageana hybrida, mixed, shades of crimson, rose, scarlet, pink, salmon, blush &c., produce a splendid effect in masses. 4d.

" **Lagascæ**, $\frac{1}{2}$, one of the loveliest of rock plants; bright rose-coloured flowers with white centres, in masses almost covering the foliage. 6d.

" **Viscaria**, "German Catch-fly," 1-1 $\frac{1}{2}$, rose-coloured flowers in compact heads; this and the following are excellent dwarf free-flowering plants. 4d.

" " **grandiflora**, a great improvement on the above. 4d.

" " **alba**, fine white flowers. 6d.

Lysimachia lobelioides, "Loose-strife," a charming plant with spikes of brownish yellow flowers arranged in whorls; it is very free flowering, and has an additional good point in the fact that its foliage takes delightful autumn tints. 4d.

" **Nummularia**, "Money-wort, Creeping Jerny," $\frac{1}{2}$, a very pretty prostrate native plant, with large bright yellow flowers; of great value as a carpeting perennial, and also for hanging baskets, &c., &c. 6d.

" " **aurea**, a handsome form with golden-yellow foliage. 6d.

Lythrum alatum, 2-3, quite distinct in flower and habit from *L. Salicaria*, with more of the appearance of a rock plant, compact and bushy, leaves short and deep green, with rich vinous purple flowers in the axils, from June to late autumn; one of the prettiest and most free-flowering of border or rock plants. 6d.

" **Salicaria rosea**, a great and splendid improvement on the type; flowers in long spikes, a rich bright rose in colour, each plant forming a compact erect bush with sheaves of bloom from early summer to late autumn. 4d.

Malva alcea, "Vervain Mallow," 4, not unlike a small "Hollyhock," with branching stems bearing rosy flowers and downy leaves. 6d.

" **moschata**, "Musk Mallow," 1-2, a very showy plant, masses of flowers, a lovely shade of bright rose-pink in colour, and deeply cut leaves, slightly musk scented. 4d.

" " **alba**, beautiful paper-white flowers; these two varieties are excellent and effective border plants. 4d.

Margarycarpus setosus, "Pearl Berry," $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{3}{4}$, inconspicuous green flowers, pretty pinnate leaves, and pure white berries as large as peas in the axils of leaves and branches. 4d.

Meconopsis cambrica, "Welsh Poppy," $\frac{1}{2}$, clear yellow flowers, a pretty bright shade; free-flowering, an excellent plant. 4d.

" " **plena**, very double yellow flowers heavily splashed with scarlet, one of the showiest plants of recent introduction. 1/-.

" **paniculata**, "Golden Himalayan Poppy," 3-5, a glorious plant, pale golden yellow drooping flowers, on fine branching stems, handsome rosettes of leaves covered densely with tawny silky hairs. 1/-.

" **Wallichii**, "Satin Poppy-wort," 4-6, the lovely pale blue flowers fully bear out the descriptive popular name. Crinkled after the manner of "Poppies," the petals have also that shimmering appearance combined with a delicate texture which is so charming in effect, while the pale blue or purplish colour of the petals contrasts finely with the masses of yellow stamens. The gigantic mounds of beautifully cut leaves, clothed with "rusty golden-yellow" silky hairs, on which the globules of water rest like jewels, would, even without the flowers, make this still a most handsome plant. 1/6.

Mentha Requienii, "Fairv Mint," $\frac{1}{2}$, a lovely dwarf creeper, closely resembling *Arenaria balearica*, but with pale purple flowers in tiny whorls; practically odourless until bruised, when a strong peppermint-like scent is emitted. 4d.

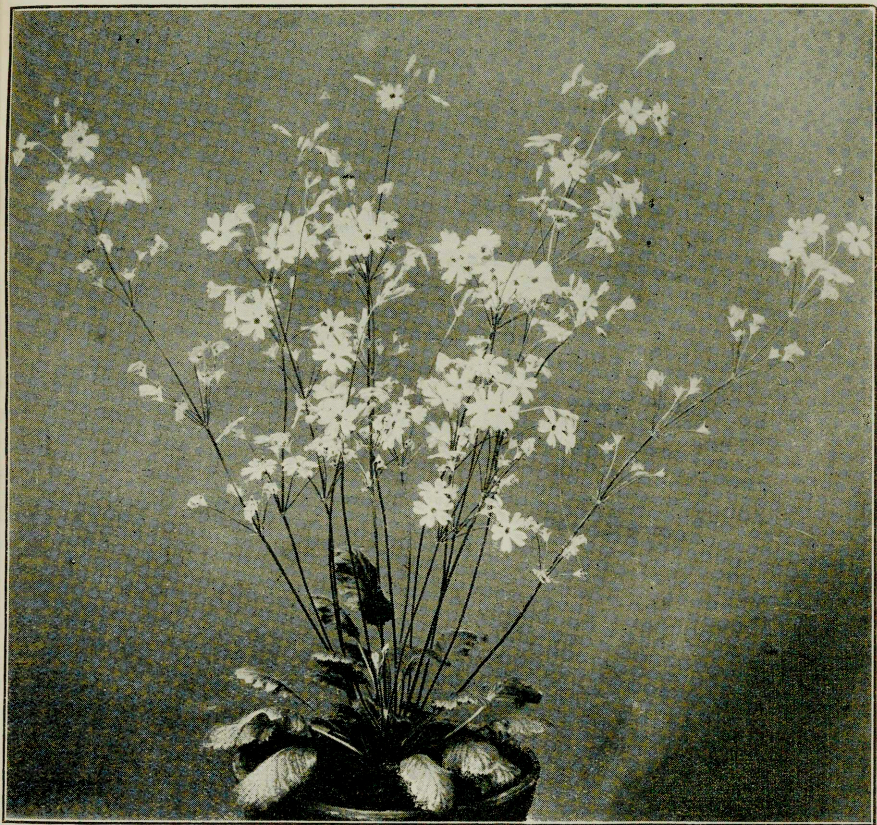
Menyanthes trifoliata, "Bog Bean," a Gentian which loves damp, flowers white, heavily fringed, tinged outside with rose pink, extremely beautiful. 9d.

Mertensia echioides, $\frac{1}{2}$, of dwarf habit and vigorous constitution, flowers deep blue with a bright yellow eye. 6d.

" **elongata**, $\frac{1}{2}$, a beautiful Himalayan alpine, nodding racemes of Gentian-blue flowers. 1/-.

" **oblongifolia**, rich deep green foliage and panicles of flowers of a fine blue colour. 6d.

- Mertensia primuloides*, 1, quite a miniature plant, but thoroughly strong and hardy, flowers of a unique and beautiful shade of amethyst. 1/-.
- " *siberica*, 1½, from May to early autumn, over blue-green handsome foliage, this fine border plant produces long drooping racemes of pretty flowers, which open a pretty pale pink colour and gradually change to pale lavender or blue. So numerous are the flowers that they may be seen in all the various tender shades on one slender stem, which has a pretty effect. 6d.
- Moum athamanticum*, "Spiguel," 1, very finely divided leaves in pretty mounds, white flowers. 4d.
- Michauxia Tchihatcheffi*, "Persian Bellflower," 5-7, resembling in habit some of the "Mulleins," the large blue-white flowers are produced in great numbers and clothe the branches of the stem completely; they are admirably set off by the handsome downy grey leaves. 9d.
- Micromeria croatica*, ½, pale rose-violet flowers, for several months in summer and autumn, compact habit. 6d.
- " *piperella*, "Pepper Nettle," 2, of charming habit, slender arching stems with purple and white flowers in clusters neat, compact, bushy appearance. 6d.
- Mimulus luteus*, "Monkey Flower," 2-1, a fine showy hardy perennial, effective as a border plant and grows luxuriantly in moist positions. 4d.
- " *alpinus*, "Brilliant," aptly named. This is one of the best of dwarf border plants, not more than 6 inches in height, with intensely brilliant velvety carmine-scarlet flowers, a blaze of colour all summer. 4d.
- " *Beauty of Ness*, the result of a cross between *M. luteus* and a variety of *M. maculosus*. It is an exceedingly handsome variety, and grows 18in. high, perfectly erect. It is highly suitable for the waterside, and is equally valuable as a pot or border plant. It bears Gloxinia-like flowers fully 2in. in diameter, rich crimson in colour, and with a white throat. 6d. each, 5/- per doz.
- Molopospermum cleutarium*, 3-5, mounds of graceful foliage, with striking umbels of yellowish flowers, a stately architectural plant. 4d.
- Moltkia petrea*, "Rock Gromwell," flowers in dense cymes, at first pinkish, when open a rich violet colour; a very beautiful sub-shrubby rock plant. 1/-.
- Monarda didyma*, "Oswego Tea," 2-3, bright scarlet flowers in dense heads; this species and the varieties are some of the best of border plants. 4d.
- " *alba*, very handsome white form. 4d.
- " *"Cambridge Scarlet"*, an exceptionally brilliantly coloured form. 6d.
- " *rosea*, unusually fine rich glowing rose-coloured flowers; one of the best varieties, produces a most telling effect in masses. 6d.
- Morina longifolia*, "Whorl Flower," 2, a very charming plant, with numerous whorls of flowers which are white in the bud and gradually change to a beautiful crimson in the mature blooms; the foliage is evergreen, and forms handsome tufts. 9d.
- Morisia hypogaea*, one of the most charming of rock plants, with rosettes of prettily serrated deep green leaves, among which nestle the numerous bright yellow flowers; the whole plant is scarcely 2 inches in height. 9d.
- Mulgedium Plumieri*, 6-9, light panicles of bright blue flowers towering high overhead, most handsome in border and wild garden. 4d.
- Mycotidium nobile*, "Otham Island Forget-me-not," 2, large handsome glossy green leaves, and dense paniculate racemes of white flowers with rich blue centres. Thrives best in an open compost of which sea sand forms a part, in most parts of the country needs a little protection in winter. 1/6.
- Mycotis alpestris*, 1, a dainty perennial species, bright blue flowers with a small yellow eye, produced in abundance. 1/6 doz.
- " *alba*, pretty white form. 1/6 doz.
- " *rupicola*, this, the true plant, is undoubtedly one of the loveliest of alpine; scarcely rising above the rosettes of leaves, the deep blue flowers are charming beyond description. 4d.



PRIMULA MALACOIDES. Award of Merit, R.H.S.



1st Class Certificate, R.H.S., London

- Myosotis caespitosa Rehsteineri*, $\frac{1}{2}$, a charming tufted perennial, covered with bright blue flowers resembling those of *M. palustris* but smaller; the whole plant is rarely more than 2 inches in height, and is only native of the shores of Lake Geneva. 4d.
- „ *disitiflora*, $\frac{1}{2}$ -1, this fine "Spring Forget-me-not" is much used for bedding, for which purpose its dwarf compact habit and free-flowering qualities render it particularly suitable; the large deep sky blue flowers are produced in very early spring. 3d., 2/- doz.
- „ *palustris*, "True Forget-me-not," $\frac{1}{2}$ -1, a lovely native plant, with numerous flowers of an exquisite shade of azure blue, each with a small yellow eye. 4d., 3/- doz.
- „ „ *alba*, pretty white form. 9d.
- Nepeta hederacea florentine*, a rapid creeper, with trails of purple flowers in early spring, and leaves richly ornamented with silver and white. 4d.
- „ *Mussini*, "Cat Mint," 1, is an excellent plant for any position, of dwarf compact habit, producing masses of bloom of a beautiful shade of pale lavender; this is one of the most effective and most easily grown of border plants, remaining in bloom from May to September. 4d.
- Nertera depressa*, "Bead Plant," 1, when in fruit has more the appearance of a mound of "Coral beads" set on moss than anything else. 9d.
- Nierembergia frutescens*, "Cup Flower," 1-1 $\frac{1}{2}$, delicate blue flowers shading to white at the edges; a pretty rock plant requiring a well-drained position on the rockery. 4d.
- „ *rivularis*, "Trailing Cup Flower," 1, forms a dense carpet of green leaves, amongst which nestle the large creamy or bluish-white flowers; likes a moist but well-drained position in sandy soil. 6d.
- Noceosa alpina*, $\frac{1}{2}$ -1, tufts of deep green, shining leaves and umbellate heads of white flowers. 4d.
- „ *stylota*, 1, sweetly scented rosy lilac flowers in numerous heads and tiny tufts of deep green foliage; excellent on walls or dry slopes in the rockery; sows itself very freely. 6d.
- Oenothera biennis grandiflora* (Lamarckiana), 4-5, an improved form of the "Common Evening Primrose," with very large pale yellow flowers, peculiarly conspicuous in the evening, when they emit a delicious scent; a biennial, but produces seed freely and sows itself, so that there is always a supply of plants to bloom each year. 4d.
- „ *caespitosa* (eximia, marginata), $\frac{1}{2}$ -1, opening about sundown, the beautiful large white flowers, from 4 to 6 inches across, emit a most delicious fragrance and close soon after sunrise. This operation is repeated twice or three times in the case of each flower, and on the last occasion the petals are beautifully suffused with pink; leaves slightly hoary, the plant forming quite a colony in sandy soil by means of the running underground stems. 1/-.
- „ *major*, large flowers of rich golden yellow. 4d.
- „ „ *Youngii*, 2, one of the finest forms, and an excellent border plant with rich yellow flowers. 4d.
- „ „ „ *plena*, with several rows of petals; a pretty form, not spoilt by the doubling. 6d.
- „ *lamarckiana*, see *biennis grandiflora*.
- „ *rosea* (Mexicana), $\frac{1}{2}$, numerous slender stems bearing rose-pink flowers; a very distinct and desirable species. 4d.
- „ *serotina*, 1, dwarf, erect growing, with large yellow flowers. 6d.
- „ *speciosa*, 2-3, sub-shrubby, numerous slender wiry stems bearing numbers of large pure white flowers, which fade a delicate rose colour; beautiful by day and charming by night, when the delicious scent is more in evidence. 6d.
- „ „ *rosea*, a new pretty rose-coloured form, one of the most charming of garden plants. 4d.
- Omphalodes nitida*, see Novelties.
- „ *varna*, "Creeping Forget-me-not, Blue-eyed Mary," $\frac{1}{2}$, charming creeping plant with tiny panicles of white-eyed rich blue flowers, produced in abundance in spring and early summer. 6d.
- „ „ *alba*, a pretty white-flowered counterpart. 4d.

- Onosma albo-roseum*, $\frac{1}{2}$, racemes of rose and white pear-shaped flowers, harmonising well with the hoary leaves; this is a rare and very fine plant, by no means difficult to grow. 6d.
- " *echioides*, "Golden Drop," $\frac{1}{2}$ — $\frac{3}{4}$, masses of large bright yellow flowers of a particularly pleasing shade of colour, and deep green foliage on sub-shrubby stems; this pretty plant is one of the most showy and hardy of rock plants; the flowers are sweetly almond-scented. 9d.
- Origanum gracile flore roseo*, "Pink Marjoram," charming heads of rose-pink flowers, scented foliage. 4d.
- " *hybridum*, "Pink Hops," 1, a very charming plant for border or rockery, produces masses of nodding pink flowers in summer. 6d.
- " *vulgare aureum*, "Golden Marjoram," the whole plant in spring and early summer is of a showy bright yellow colour. 4d.
- Orobis lathyroides*, 2, a showy border plant, racemes of dark red-purple flowers in June. 4d.
- Ostrowskia magnifica*, "Giant Bellflower," the height attained by the noble flower stems depends on the vigour of the plant, but a healthy specimen when well established will send up stems over 5 feet in height, terminating in a raceme of exquisite flowers, each 5 or 6 inches across; the colour of the large bell-shaped flowers varies from a lovely shade of pale mauve suffused with white to a rich dark lilac; stems and leaves are a glaucous grey colour, the latter are in whorls of from 4 to 5 to near a dozen. 2/6.
- Ourisia coccinea*, $\frac{3}{4}$, deep green rugose leaves, and erect stems bearing terminal clusters of vivid scarlet flowers with exposed cream-coloured anthers; one of the most brilliantly coloured of rock plants, producing the numerous flowers from spring to autumn. 1/-.
- Oxalis rosea*, $\frac{1}{2}$, numerous flowers in compact heads on erect stems, arising from tufts of leaves, colour bright rosy red; a very pretty and showy plant; produces masses of flowers from spring to autumn. 4d.
- " " *alba*, an excellent white-flowered counterpart. 4d.
- Oxytropis campestris*, "Keel'd Vetch," $\frac{1}{2}$ — $\frac{3}{4}$, pale yellow flowers tinged with purple in clusters; a very pretty and rare native alpine found only in one spot on the Clova Mountains. 1/-.
- Pachysandra terminalis*, $\frac{3}{4}$, leathery dark green handsome leaves and inconspicuous flowers. 1/6.
- Pæonia*, "Pæony," gorgeous beyond description. Their glorious masses of flowers tell their own tale. They may be planted with good effect in almost any position.
- " **Double Chinese**, a selection of the very finest varieties:—
- Abel Carriere*, clear violet amaranth, large. 9d. each, 7/6 doz.
 - Achille*, delicate flesh colour. 9d. each, 7/6 doz.
 - Alba superba*, the largest of all, loosely double and worthy of all the superlatives imaginable. 9d. each, 7/6 doz.
 - Alexandra*, flowers large, of a beautiful rose. 6d. each, 5/- doz.
 - Alice de Julvecourt*, cream colour, suffused with carmine. 1/- each, 10/- doz.
 - Arsene Muirel*, dark rose, slightly suffused violet. 9d. each, 7/6 doz.
 - Atrosanguinea*, deep crimson. 1/- each, 10/- doz.
 - Auguste Lemonnier*, velvety red. 1/3 each, 12/- doz.
 - Belle Chatelaine*, delicate rose colour, sulphur centre. 9d. each, 7/6 doz.
 - Comte de Nanteuil*, pink shaded salmon, large full flowers. 9d. each, 7/6 doz.
 - Duchess de Nemours*, white, primrose centre. 9d. each, 7/6 doz.
 - Elegans superba*, white suffused flesh colour. 6d. each, 5/- doz.
 - Eugene Verdier*, flesh pink, shaded yellow and salmon. 1/- each, 10/- doz.
 - Festiva*, white, with carmine centre. 9d. each, 7/6 doz.
 - " *maxima*, white, flaked crimson, one of the best Pæonies for cutting. 1/6 each, 15/8 doz.
 - Francess*, Anemone shape, very full clear violet-red. 9d. each, 7/6 doz.
 - George Cuvier*, purplish lilac, silvery border. 1/3 each, 12/- doz.

Pæonia, Double Chinese, continued—

- Cloire de Patrie**, flowers of an enormous size, fleshy pink. 9d. each, 7/6 doz.
La Vestale, white, with yellow centre. 1/6 each, 15/- doz.
L'Elegant, bright pink. 6d. each, 5/- doz.
Louis van Houtte, brilliant red. 6d. each, 5/- doz.
Lutoliana, soft pink colours, centre pink and salmon yellow. 9d. each, 7/6 doz.
Madame Buquet, amaranth. 6d. each, 5/- doz.
 „ **Chaumny**, dark rose. 6d. each, 5/- doz.
 „ **Louis Mère**, flesh colour, tipped white, large. 1/- each, 10/- doz.
Maria, rose colour, shaded buff. 1/6 each, 15/- doz.
Marie d'Hour, light flesh colour, fine, distinct. 1/6 each, 15/- doz.
 „ **Jacquin**, creamy white, shaded sulphur. 9d. each, 7/6 doz.
Marquis of Lorne, silver pink with yellow stamens. 9d. each, 7/6 doz.
Monsieur Boquii, dark rose, large flowers. 6d. each, 5/- doz.
 „ **Duchartie**, bright rose-violet colour. 1/- each, 10/- doz.
Officinalis, finest mixed kinds. 4d. each, 3/6 doz.
Philomèle, rich rosy lilac, sulphur centre. 9d. each, 7/6 doz.
Prince Charles, rich rosy cerise, centre tinged salmon. 6d. each, 5/- doz.
 „ **de Salm Dyck**, bright rose. 6d. each, 5/- doz.
 „ **Prospér**, glowing crimson, with large glowing anthers. 6d. each, 5/- doz.
Princess Mathilde, rich rose colour. 9d. each, 7/6 doz.
 „ **Nicholas Rabera**, clear purple-pink, pale yellow and salmon centre. 8d. each, 6/- doz.
Reine des Français, rose colour, sulphur centre. 9d. each, 7/6 doz.
Rosea elegans, soft pink shaded salmon. 6d. each, 5/- doz.
 „ **maxima**, delicate flesh colour, very fine. 6d. each, 5/- doz.

Single Pæonies, decora, 2—3, crimson flowers and rather glaucous leaves. 6d.
 „ „ **wittmanniana**, 2, very beautiful flowers of a unique shade of soft primrose yellow. 2/6.

Mixed Single and Double Pæonies of which the labels have got lost, 4d. each, 3/- doz.

Papaver alpinum, 1, compact growing rock or border plant, with multitudes of beautiful flowers; it is practically an alpine edition of the Iceland Poppy, but with even more refinement and a wider range of colour. There is no more beautiful plant than the Alpine Poppy. In mixed colours, 4d. each, 3/- doz.

„ **nudicaule**, "Iceland Poppy," 1—1½, of compact habit with erect slender stems bearing pretty translucent flowers; when it is in full bloom it is probably the most striking plant on the rockery; the colours range from white, through chrome yellow, to richest orange, and even rose. In mixed colours, 4d. each, 3/- doz.

„ **orientale**, "Oriental Poppy," in its way quite unmatched; huge flaunting flowers, the size of teacups, and of inconceivable brilliance, borne in the greatest freedom above the strong, rough leaves.

- „ „ **Mahogany**, a deep dark red. 4d.
 „ „ **Marie Studholme**, lovely shell pink. 6d.
 „ „ **Pink Beauty**, glowing salmon rose. 4d.
 „ „ **Minium**, the best orange-coloured Poppy. 4d.
 „ „ **Prince of Orange**, rich orange, large flowers. 4d.
 „ „ **Rose Perfection**, rose-coloured flowers. 4d.
 „ „ **Rembrandt**, brick-red flowers. 4d.
 „ „ **Royal Scarlet**, rich glowing scarlet. 4d.
 „ „ **Scarlet Defiance**, very large, fiery scarlet. 4d.
 „ „ **Silver Queen**, silver rose flowers, most effective. 4d.
 „ „ **mixed varieties**, 3d. each, 2/- per doz.

Paracaryum angustifolium, 1, pretty sky-blue "Forget-me-not" flowers, a very elegant tufted perennial. 4d.

Paradisea giganteum, "Giant St. Bruno's Lily," produces when in flower the effect of a dwarf longiflorum Lily; the individual spikes are upwards of 4 feet in height, bearing large white flowers, which are sweetly scented. 9d.

- Pentstemon barbatus**, "Common Beard Tongue," 2-3, bright scarlet or carmine flowers in long spikes, glaucous leaves; one of the most showy species, fine for cutting. 6d.
- " **confertus**, 1, dense heads of sulphur-coloured flowers; a rather variable plant from the Rocky Mountains. 6d.
- " " **coeruleo-purpureus**, flowers bluish purple; a very handsome and compact growing variety. 6d.
- " **glaber**, 2, dense thyrsoid heads of showy violet or purple flowers; a splendid rock plant of compact habit. 4d.
- " " **roseus**, a charming rosy flowered form. 6d.
- " **Hartwegii**, 2, the typical form, with scarlet or blood-red flowers; very scarce. This is the parent which infused the rich red colours into the splendid strain of Florist's varieties. 4d.
- " **Newbury Cam** and other bedding Pentstemons will be included in our Catalogue of Bedding Plants, to be issued in April.
- " **ovatus**, 2, very pretty small bluish flowers in dense clustered heads. 4d.
- Petasites fragrans**, "Winter Heliotrope," 1-1½, produces masses of sweetly-fragrant flowers at a time when they are most welcome. 4d.
- " **japonicus giganteus**, 4-6, a very striking and handsome foliage plant, producing gigantic umbrella-like leaves on stout stalks, often 5 or 6 feet in height, splendid for sub-tropical gardening and for waterside. 4d.
- Petrocallis pyrenaica**, see *Draba pyrenaica*.
- Phalaris arundinacea**, 3, "Gardener's Garters," a handsome quick-growing grass, blades heavily marked with silver. 4d.
- Phlomis fruticosa**, "Jerusalem Sage," 3, numerous spikes of showy golden yellow flowers, and evergreen handsome foliage covered with a rusty down; forms quite a compact bush, is quite hardy, and of shrubby habit; may be planted in the mixed border or associated with shrubs. 4d.
- " **tuberosa**, 3, crimson or rosy-purple flowers on tall handsome spikes; foliage dark green. 4d.
- Phlox amena**, 2, pleasing rose-coloured flowers, freely produced in spring and early summer. 6d.
- " " **variegata**, with richly variegated foliage. 6d.
- " **canadensis**, Perry's variety, 1, a most attractive and showy plant bearing large flowers of delicate lavender. 9d.
- " **decussata**, "Garden Phlox," "Late-flowering Phlox," 3, we offer half a dozen exceptionally fine varieties—
- " " **Coquellcot**, very fine orange-scarlet with purplish centre. 6d.
- " " **Eclairer**, rich carmine purple, very large flowers. 6d.
- " " **Eugene Danzanvilliers**, rich lilac blue, with a white centre. 6d.
- " " **Iris**, finely formed flowers of large size, colour bluish violet. 6d.
- " " **Mont Blanc**, pure white flowers, very fine. 6d.
- " " **Silver Fairy**, white flowers, free flowering. 6d.
- " " **mixed hybrids**, strong clumps, in many fine colours. 4d.
- " **divaricata**, 2-1½, a most beautiful semi-dwarf species, with lovely lavender-blue flowers most freely produced in numerous corymbose heads; with the white variety, this fine species is an excellent pot plant for conservatory decoration as well as for the rockery and front of herbaceous border. 6d.
- " " **alba**, charming pure white flowers. 9d.
- " **hybrida**, late-flowering Garden Phloxes, 3, we offer strong clumps of magnificent unnamed hybrids, quite as good as most of the named ones, in all sorts of splendid colours, at the absurd price of 4d.
- " **ovata**, 1, an exceptionally handsome dwarf evergreen-leaved species, with masses of deep rosy pink flowers in small terminal heads for several months. 6d.
- " **Stellaria atro-lilacina**, "Starry Alpine Phlox," a beautiful shade of mauve, deeper than in the flowers of *P. Stellaria lilacina*. 6d.
- " " **"Bridesmaid"**, delicate white, lilac-tinted flowers with a much more deeply coloured centre; compact habit. 9d.

Phlox *Stellaria lilacina*, flowers of the most exquisitely lovely shade of pale mauve; one of the most charming of plants for massing on border or rockery. 4d.

" " **"Seraph,"** masses of white flowers with blue centres. 4d.

" ***subulata***, "**Leila**," "**Moss Pink**, Alpine Phlox," a distinct shade of pale rosy grey, with purple eye; one of the newest shades and very pretty. 6d.

" " **"Little Dot,"** of compact growth with small round white flowers, with bluish centres; very dainty. 6d.

" " **"Mabel,"** masses of flowers of a distinct shade of pale rosy lilac. 6d.

" " **"Nelsoni,"** lovely pure white. 4d.

" " ***pallida***, pretty rosy mauve. 6d.

" " **"Sprite,"** bright rose-pink with carmine eye; one of the brightest and most effective. 1/-.

" " **"Vivid,"** a rich shade of rose with crimson centre; very aptly named. 9d.

" ***verna***, 3, probably of hybrid origin, with rich deep rose coloured flowers; a charming dwarf species. 6d.

Phormium tenax, "**New Zealand Flax**," 8-12, very vigorous, gigantic sword-like leaves 7 or 8 feet in length, makes fine specimen plants when planted out in sheltered positions, flowers yellow or red. 9d.

Phuopsis (*Crucianella*) *stylosa*, "**Brilliant**," worthy its name; this variety of the "**Cross-wort**" has rich rosy crimson flowers, and charming "**Bedstraw-like**" foliage. 4d.

Physalis *alkokengi*, "**Winter Cherry**," "**Chinese Lanterns**," 1½, with dark orange-scarlet "**lanterns**," 1 or 2 inches in diameter. 4d.

" ***Francheti***, similar, but with "**lanterns**" 2-4 times the size, on stems sometimes over 2 feet in height; colour a brighter shade of orange-scarlet. 4d.

Physostegia virginiana, "**False Dragon's Head**," 3-5, dense spikes of rosy-pink flowers. 6d.

Phyteuma *Michelli*, 1-2, fine blue flowers on ovate spikes, habit graceful and compact. 4d.

" ***orbiculare***, "**Round-Headed Rampion**," 1, handsome round heads of deep violet flowers. 4d.

Phytolacca *decandra*, "**Virginian Poke**," 4-6, racemes of white flowers from the forks of the branching stems followed by erect clusters of deep rich purple berries filled with crimson juice. 9d.

Pimpinella *magna rosea*, "**Burnet Saxifrage**," 1, rose-coloured flowers in umbels; very desirable. 6d.

Platycodon *grandiflorum*, "**Chinese Bellflower**," 1½, rich blue flowers netted with lines of a deeper shade; leaves and stems rather glaucous; one of the finest perennials in existence. 6d.

" " ***Mariesii***, a splendid dwarf variety with large rich blue flowers on stems about 1 foot in height; the compact sturdy habit of this plant renders it particularly valuable. 9d.

" " ***album***, a white-flowered counterpart of the above, and one of the most beautiful of all hardy plants. 1/-.

" " ***major***, except *Ostrowskya* probably the largest-flowered of all "**Bell-flowers**." 1/-.

Plumbago *Larpenæ*, see *Ceratostigma plumbaginoides*.

Podophyllum *Emodi*, "**Himalayan May Apple**," 1, leaves 9 to 12 inches across, three to five lobed, and beautifully marbled with black; flowers milk-white followed by bright coral-red fruits in August. 1/-.

Polemonium *cœruleum*, "**Jacob's Ladder**," "**Charity**, Greek Valerian," 2, panicles of blue flowers and tufts of pretty pinnate leaves; a very elegant border plant. 4d.

- Polemonium coerulescens album**, an old favourite, white with delicate veining. 4d.
- " " **variegatum**, leaves prettily variegated with white, flowers pale blue. (Since this plant is grown only for its foliage, the flower stems should be cut off, with the result that the tuft of leaves will be larger and more handsome.) 1/-.
- " " **confertum**, $\frac{1}{2}$, this species and its varieties are among the loveliest of rock plants; flowers a beautiful shade of deep blue, in clusters, on stems just exceeding in length the finely pinnate rather hoary leaves; of compact and neat habit, this "Rocky Mountain Jacob's Ladder" should be planted in gritty leafy soil in half shade, well drained. 1/6
- " " **melitum**, of similar habit, but rather more vigorous, with sheaves of white flowers; a most excellent plant. 6d.
- " " **humile (Richardsoni)**, 1, clusters of charming pale sky-blue flowers on numerous stems, and tufts of pale green foliage; in habit free-flowering and compact: a splendid border plant. 4d.
- " " **album**, pure white flowers, with yellow centres. 4d.
- " " **repens**, $\frac{1}{2}$ -1, a pretty distinct plant of spreading habit, with pale slaty-blue flowers in numerous small clusters. 4d.
- Polyanthus**, mixed, in all colours, yellow, olive, white, orange, mauve, crimson, maroon, &c. Strong flowering plants, 1/- per doz.
- Polygonatum latifolium**, "Solomon's Seal," 3-4, a grand species, stems often attain a height of 4 feet, with broad leaves and flowers in clusters of from 1 to 5, white, green tipped. 4d.
- Polygonatum multiflorum**, "David's Harp," 2, a most graceful plant, with arching stems of a total length of 3 or 4 feet, the upper half bearing clusters of 2 to 5 large white flowers; splendid for forcing and house decoration. 4d.
- Polygonum affine**, $\frac{1}{2}$ -1, a splendid dwarf plant for almost any position. In the rockery it will form a dense mat of deep green leaves covered in autumn with innumerable spikes of rosy-red flowers, which will hang over stones or cover the surface of the soil; later, when the flowers are past, the leaves take on a pretty bronzy tint, which is retained through the winter; equally useful on the border or in beds, where the flowering season is more prolonged. 4d
- " " **amplexicaule**, 2-3, bright crimson flowers in spikes on long slender graceful stems. 4d.
- " " **oxyphyllum**, quite a distinct plant, having spray-like panicles of sweetly-scented white flowers. 4d.
- " " **Bistorta**, "Bistort, Snake-weed," 1 $\frac{1}{2}$, produces spikes of reddish pink flowers. 4d.
- " " **cuspidatum**, 6-9, one of the most handsome of tall perennials, with tall, arching, branched, bamboo-like stems, sometimes 12 feet in length, clothed with beautiful leaves and sprays of creamy white flowers; the stems should not be cut down until growth commences in spring; the bright ruddy colour is very effective and pleasing in the winter months. 4d.
- " " **polystachyum**, 4-6, pink or blush-white flowers in numerous graceful sprays; one of the finest of border plants, requires plenty of room. 6d.
- " " **vaccinifolium**, $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{3}{4}$, one of the loveliest and most free-flowering of rockery or dwarf border plants, and one of the easiest and most hardy; forming dense sheets of pretty bright green leaves, covered from July to October with innumerable slender spikes of bright rosy pink flowers, this fascinating trailer becomes tinted with scarlet on the stems and foliage, and is a pretty object throughout the year. 4d.
- Potentilla alba**, $\frac{1}{2}$, pretty white flowers, leaves 5-parted, in bloom almost continually. 6d.
- " " **alchomilloides**, 1, foliage smooth and shining, flowers white, very distinct. 6d.
- " " **alpestris**, $\frac{3}{4}$, large bright yellow flowers, leaves green, hairy, 5-7-parted. 6d.
- " " **pyrenaica**, golden yellow, large flowers, rich shade; a fine variety. 6d.
- " " **argyrophylla**, 2, with the habit of the florists' varieties, strong and vigorous, flowers yellow, over an inch in diameter, leaves silvery. 9d.
- " " **atrosanguinea**, with beautiful crimson-blood-red flowers. 6d.
- " " **davurica**, $\frac{3}{4}$, a pretty shrubby species of prostrate habit, with yellow flowers, fine for rockery. 9d.

- Potentilla nitida**, $\frac{1}{2}$, one of the most charming of all dwarf plants; of neat tufted habit, spreading by means of underground stems, with pretty ternate silvery leaves and pale rosy flowers. 6d.
- „ **recta**, 1, a distinct yellow-flowered species, with serrated palmately divided leaves. 4d.
- „ **rupestris**, 1, numerous corymbs of white flowers on slender stems, a very pretty early-flowering species, suitable for either border or rockery. 4d.
- „ **sibbaldia**, $\frac{1}{2}$, a charming creeper, with bright yellow flowers. 4d.
- „ **speciosa**, 1, handsome silvery foliage in neat tufts, and yellowish white flowers; a rare and distinct species. 1/-.
- „ **Tenguei**, $\frac{1}{2}$, quite unlike any other *Potentilla*, throws out long stems crowned with masses of flowers of most unusual colouring, orange, terra cotta, and crimson are some of the shades. 4d.
- „ **tridentata**, $\frac{1}{2}$, forms dense carpets of deep green foliage and white flowers; very pretty and quite distinct. 4d.
- „ **villosa**, $\frac{1}{2}$, exceptionally pretty and distinct; forms small tufts of foliage covered with tawny silky hairs, and produces bright yellow flowers from June to August. 1/-.
- „ **Hybrids**.—These are amongst the most splendid of garden flowers, chrome, yellow, orange, terra cotta, scarlet, and darkest maroon in every imaginable combination are the colours in which they delight; the list we offer covers some of the finest and largest varieties. All are double unless otherwise stated.
- „ „ **Fenelon**, a beautiful combination of orange, gold and scarlet. 4d.
- „ „ **Panorama**, deep blood red. 4d.
- „ „ **Dr. Andry**, orange suffused crimson. 4d.
- „ „ **Fiambeau**, crimson scarlet, tipped orange. 6d.
- „ „ **Corsaire**, single dark maroon, almost black, silvery foliage. 4d.
- „ „ **Vesuvius**, dark blood red, semi-double. 4d.
- „ „ **Smoutii**, single orange netted carmine. 4d.
- „ „ **Burnettii**, deep crimson, very showy. 4d.
- „ „ **Belisaire**, very fine rich yellow flowers. 6d.
- „ „ **Candidat**, fiery orange, one of the best. 6d.
- „ „ **La Vesuve**, fiery crimson, tipped orange, fine double flowers. 4d.
- „ „ **multiflora**, rich orange, crimson centre, very free flowering, semi-double. 4d.
- Pratia hircifolia**, a charming little creeping *Lobelia*, studded through all the summer months with large pure white flowers, loves a damp spot. 4d.
- Primula auricula**, see *Auricula*.
- „ **calycina**, $\frac{1}{2}$, showy rose-purple flowers in numerous large heads, and glossy green leaves. 6d.
- „ **capitata**, $\frac{1}{2}$, a very fine species from the Himalayan Mountains, with numerous dense round heads of violet-coloured flowers in silvery white calyces on white mealy stems. This species, like all the “Himalayan Primroses,” delights in moisture if it is not stagnant, and is nowhere so fine as in those positions where the roots can easily obtain a generous supply of water without being actually IN it. It is a good practice to “Plant Himalayan species of *Primula* with their feet in water.” This species also makes a fine pot plant, but, wherever used, it should be planted in masses, only then can the full beauty of the violet flowers and white mealy stems over the bright green foliage be fully appreciated. 6d.
- „ **clliata**, $\frac{1}{2}$, like a vigorous *P. viscosa* with bright rosy red flowers; very showy. 1/6.
- „ **cortusoides**, “Bear’s Ear Primrose,” $\frac{1}{2}$, a fine Japanese species more nearly approaching the “Chinese Primroses” than any other hardy species. Flowers bright rose colour, in numerous umbels; leaves pale green, soft, wrinkled. 4d.
- „ **denticulata**, $\frac{1}{2}$ –1, a splendid vigorous Himalayan species similar to *P. capitata* but of larger growth, and with round heads of bright lilac-coloured flowers. A fine subject for pot culture, but is never so effective as when planted in good soil under conditions recommended for *P. capitata*. 4d.
- „ „ **alba**, an exquisitely beautiful form, quite new. 4d.

- Primula denticulata** *Cashmiriana*, heads of light purple flowers with yellow centres, on stout stems, covered, like the flower calyces and the under sides of the large handsome leaves, with a mealy powder resembling gold dust. 4d.
- „ **farinosa**, "Bird's Eye Primrose," 1-2, this pretty plant is one of the genus of our native flora, and one of the most charming of "Primroses." Flowers pale lilac, with yellow centres, in small heads, which, like the under sides of the small leaves, are covered with a white powder. 4d.
- „ **Forbesii**, 1-2, one of the most bewitching of plants when in flower, best in pots, and amply repays attention; in winter and spring the slender whitish stems support numberless pale rosy lilac or bright rose-coloured flowers with bright yellow centres. 6d.
- „ **frondosa**, 2, a choice and beautiful species resembling *P. farinosa*, but larger in leaf and flower; handsome rosettes of white mealy foliage and rich rosy purple flowers. 6d.
- „ **glutinosa**, 2, umbellate heads of bluish purple flowers; a rare species, quite distinct, and of great beauty. 1/-.
- „ **integrifolia**, 1, purplish rose coloured flowers, most freely produced; a gem for the rockery. 9d.
- „ **involucrata**, 1-2, a beautiful Himalayan species, loves to be in the vicinity of water; produces annually rosettes of bright shining green leaves, and numerous stems bearing heads of white flowers tufted with lilac and with yellow centres; deliciously fragrant, fine for cutting. 6d.
- „ **japonica**, "Japanese Primrose, Queen of the Primroses," 1-3. Undoubtedly this species from Japan is the most showy and handsome, as well as one of the hardiest and most easy to grow. As recommended for *P. capitata*, this species and its coloured varieties grow most luxuriantly "with their feet in water." Magnificent plants may be grown, however, in the ordinary border in rich retentive soil, while all essentials may be supplied to plants in pots by standing in a saucer of water: flowers rich crimson-purple in numerous whorls on strong erect spikes; the type is no less handsome than the fine varieties. 4d.
- „ „ **bicolor**, white with crimson eye. 5d.
- „ **Kewensis**, 1, a hybrid and one of the best of Primulas, whorled spikes of deliciously fragrant flowers, rosettes of light green leaves, needs winter protection. In pots, 6d.
- „ **Kitalbellana**, 2, rosy purple flowers produced in abundance, several on each stem; a very showy plant for the rockery. 1/6.
- „ **marginata**, 1, with rather leathery leaves prettily margined with white powder, and pale lilac flowers; this species is charming in groups on the sunny side of the rockery, whether in flower or not. 1/-.
- „ **minima**, "Fairy Primrose," 2, aptly named, truly a "Fairy-like" plant altogether. Though the whole plant is scarcely more than 1 inch in height, the flowers are often over 1 inch and sometimes an inch and a half in diameter colour bright rose with white centre. 9d.
- „ **officinalis**, "Cowslip," 2, this favourite native plant, of such refined prettiness, has been thrust into the background by the more showy hybrid "Polyanthus," but the "Cowslip" is effective in many positions where the "Polyanthus" would be out of place. 3d.
- „ **Polissoni**, recently introduced from China, where vigorous specimens are said to attain a height of from 4 to 6 feet; resembling *P. japonica* and *P. imperialis* in habit, this magnificent species produces its rich purple flowers, 2 inch across, in numerous whorls on erect stems, during summer and autumn. 4d.
- „ **Polyanthus**, see Polyanthus.

Primula rosea grandiflora, 3-3, like other Himalayan "Primroses," this fine species likes a moist position, and with its varieties is one of the best and most brilliant of dwarf bog plants, when planted in masses. The flowers are produced with the greatest profusion during spring and summer in heads of about a dozen on stout upright stems, and are of a bright clear rosy carmine colour, a unique shade in "Primroses." 9d.

" *serratifolia*, a tiny alpine with rosy flowers and deeply serrated leaves. 1/6.

" *Sieboldii*, 3. There is now a fine race of beautiful varieties with flowers almost as varied in colour as the "Chinese Primula," so popular for greenhouse culture; in various colours. 4d.

" *sikkimensis*, "Himalayan Cowslip," 1½-2, undoubtedly one of the most beautiful of all "Primroses;" with pale yellow flowers, with a peculiar but agreeable perfume, drooping in clusters of from 20 to 60, on tall graceful stems, and leaves on large tufts. This fine moisture-loving species comes from the Himalayas, where, at an altitude of 12-17,000 feet, acres of ground are covered for many weeks with the lovely nodding heads of fragrant flowers. 4d.

" *spectabilis*, 3, a handsome vigorous species with rosettes of large fleshy leaves and several deep rosy purple flowers on each stem; late flowering. 9d.

" *verticillata*, "Abyssinian Primrose," 1, a handsome and very sweetly scented species, most suitable for greenhouse culture, with long silvery foliage and numerous citron yellow flowers produced in whorls on silvery erect stems. In pots, 6d.

" *viscosa*, 3, one of the handsomest and most easily grown of all alpine "Primroses," produces truss after truss of bright rosy flowers with white centres, from rosettes of pretty foliage. 6d.

" *vulgaris alba plena*, "Double White Primrose." 6d.

" " *Croussei plena*, double violet purple. 6d.

" " *lilacina plena*, old double lilac. 9d.

" " *sulphurea plena*, double yellow. 9d.

" " *"Pompadour"*, double crimson. 2/6.

" *wulfeniana*, umbels of large deep rosy purple flowers and rosettes of rather pointed leaves; a very handsome and showy species. 1/6.

Prunella grandiflora pyrenaica, "Self Heal," large showy flowers of a violet-blue shade of purple. 4d.

" *laciniata*, 3, with very handsome spikes of white flowers; a fine border plant; like the other species, will grow well in shade. 9d.

Pulmonaria angustifolia, "Blue Cowslip," 1, a very rare and pretty native plant with flowers which are at first pink, but ultimately a bright blue; the leaves are rarely spotted. 4d.

" " *arvernense*, 3; this fine plant, with numerous spikes of deep blue flowers and compact tufts of narrow deep green leaves, deserves a place on the rockery, and is one of the finest dwarf spring-flowering border plants. 4d.

" *rubra*, with brick-red flowers in early spring. 4d.

" *saccharata*, 1, a very handsome species, with marbled foliage and flowers which, although turning bluish with age, still retain a larger proportion of rosy pink colour than most species. 4d.

Pyrethrum.—In its particular line the Pyrethrum is without any serious competitor. It is an ideal flower for cutting; the stalks are long, often 2ft. or more, and are so strong that they carry without difficulty the large showy flower heads in the most graceful manner imaginable. The foliage is fern-like, and makes a perfect setting for the flowers. The colours vary from pure white, through delicate shades of pink and rose, to rich scarlet maroon. The collection we offer covers the finest varieties, both in Singles and in Doubles.

- „ **double vars.**—All 4d. each, 3/- doz., except where priced—
- „ „ **Aphrodite**, large pure white, one of the best.
- „ „ **Captain Nares**, deep purplish crimson.
- „ „ **Mont Blanc**, large pure white, early flowering.
- „ „ **White Aster**, pure white, fine form.
- „ **single vars.**—All 4d. each, 3/6 per doz., except where priced—
- „ „ **Acelum**, medium red, very free and early blooming.
- „ „ **Firefly**, splendid crimson, one of the best.
- „ „ **Cloire de Nancy**, dark pink, medium height.
- „ „ **James Kelway**, rich blood crimson, one of the brightest.
- „ „ **Mrs. Bateman Brown**, dark red, very large flowers.
- „ „ **Princess Marie**, pure white. 6d. each, 5/- doz.
- „ „ **Vivid**, glowing crimson.
- „ „ **mixed hybrids**, very fine colours. 3d. each, 2½ doz.

Pyrola rotundifolia, “Winter Green,” ½, one of the rarest and prettiest of British wild plants, the flowers are pure white, large, with a delicious fragrance, and are produced in long racemes resembling the “Lily of the Valley.” 1/-.

Ramondia pyrenaica, “Rosette Mullein,” ½, flowers violet-purple with bright orange centres, leaves deep green with long rusty hairs, one of the finest of alpine plants, likes shade. 6d.

Ranunculus aconitifolius, “Fair Maids of France,” 2, produces myriads of the prettiest single white flowers on compact branching stems; an excellent border plant, but nowhere so fine as by the water side. 6d.

„ „ **fl. pl.**, “White Bachelors’ Buttons,” quite as free, remains longer in flower, each flower is like a tiny double white “Dahlia;” fine for cutting. 6d.

„ „ **grandiflorus (platanæfolius)**, a splendid variety with much larger flowers, finely blushed with rose on the outside. 1/-.

„ **acris fl. pl.**, “Yellow Bachelors’ Buttons,” 2, a pretty companion for the above, with bright golden yellow perfectly double flowers on slender stems; fine for cutting, border decoration, or for naturalising, the double flowers last much longer than the native single type, and are produced in spring and early summer, and again in autumn. 6d.

„ **alpestris**, ½, with pure white flowers and three-lobed leaves; a most charming alpine. 9d.

„ „ **Traunfellneri**, a very pretty diminutive variety, scarcely more than 1 inch in height. 1/-.

„ **amplexicaulis**, ½, beautiful glistening snowy white and gold flowers, 3 to 6 on slender stems, with pretty glaucous foliage; a perfect gem. 6d.

„ **asiaticus**, this glorious Buttercup is the wild Buttercup of Palestine. It is unlike any other Buttercup in existence from the fact that its flowers are of the most splendid scarlet. Travellers say that no more wonderful sight can be witnessed than the fields of Palestine when this scarlet Buttercup is in flower. It is the parent of the French, Persian, and Turban Ranunculus offered in Bulb Catalogue, but the single form from which they have come is much more beautiful than many of its children, and we strongly recommend our friends to try it. It needs a little protection in winter. 4d.

Ranunculus—continued.

- „ **bullatus plenus**, 1, with large double orange-yellow flowers; a fine border plant. 4d.
- „ **Ficaria albus**, "Pilewort," 3, with pretty creamy white flowers and tufts of shining leaves; a most desirable form of the native species; flowers very early, and grows well under trees. 4d.
- „ **Lingua grandiflora**, 4, one of the finest of plants for a damp position, glorious masses of large golden yellow flowers. 4d.
- „ **Thora**, "Mountain Wolfsbane," 3, two or three bright yellow flowers on each leafy stem, leaves roundish entire; pretty on border or rockery. 6d.
- Reseda alba**, "Wild Mignonette," 2, a handsome hardy species, with tufts of beautifully cut silvery foliage and dense spikes of white flowers with ruddy brown anthers from May to September. 4d.
- Rodgersia pinnata**, a truly splendid plant, huge pinnate leaves, deeply furrowed, and of leathery substance, flower spikes 4 feet high, carrying whorls of Saxifrage-like flowers of a shining rosy pink. 1/6.
- „ **podophylla**, "Bronze Leaf," 2, gracefully erect panicles of creamy white flowers, and bronzy 5-parted umbrella-like leaves; strikingly distinct and remarkably handsome; when well grown will attain a height of 4 feet. 1/-.
- Rohdea japonica**, 2, white flowers with thick petals in dense short spikes, on stems rising from tufts of long green leaves. 1/-.
- „ „ **variegata**, with striped leaves, much used by the Japanese for decorative purposes. 1/-.
- Romneya Coulteri**, "Californian Tree Poppy," 3-6, one of the finest of known flowers, huge blooms as large as those of a Single Pæony, of the purest glistening translucent white, set off by a prominent "boss" of golden yellow stamens, highly fragrant, leaves of a most attractive glaucous green; keeps on blooming from June till frost; quite hardy. 2/-.
- Rudbeckia californica**, "Cone Flower," 4-6, a noble species, with solitary flowers of pure golden yellow and brown. 4d.
- „ **fulgida**, 1½, has the desirable dwarf habit of *R. speciosa*, with finer orange-yellow flower heads with dark purple centres; a splendid plant for cutting, may reach a height of 2 feet. 4d.
- „ **hirta**, 1½, solitary flowers with deep dark brown discs surrounded by bright golden yellow florets; early blooming. 1/-.
- „ **laciniata**, 5-7, pale yellow drooping florets and greenish cones; of branching free blooming habit; leaves freely divided. 4d.
- „ „ **fl. pl.**, "Golden Glow," handsome large double yellow flowers, fine for cutting, of free branching habit. 4d.
- „ **maxima**, 7-9, strikingly distinct; leaves of a bright glaucous hue, quite undivided and of large size, flower heads with long black-brown cones and pure golden yellow florets, one of the finest of flowers; attracts attention everywhere. 1/-.
- „ **nitida**, "Autumn Glory," 6, resembles *R. laciniata*, but has a double quantity of rather smaller flowers on stems of nice length for cutting; the leaves are less divided and the golden yellow ray florets are broader. 4d.
- „ **purpurea**, see *Echinacea purpurea*.
- „ **speciosa (Newmannii)**, 1½, a well-known free-flowering perennial, indispensable for border decoration and cut flowers; the orange-yellow florets contrast finely with the black-purple discs. 6d.
- Salix herbacea**, "Pigmy Willow," ½, the smallest of British shrubs, and the plant with woody stems which grows most near to the North Pole; admirable for associating with *Pyrola* and similar partial shade lovers. 1/-.
- „ **mysinites jacquiniana**, a very pretty "Arctic Willow," serving the same useful purpose of protection for many otherwise difficult plants. 6d.

- Salvia argentea**, "Silver Sage," 2-3, with strikingly beautiful silvery leaves, in large rosettes; flowers pinkish white. 6d.
- " **japonica**, 1½, flowers dark lilac in close spikes; a native of Japan. 4d.
- " **patens**, 2, not surpassed in the deep velvety Gentian blue of its large flowers by any perennials in existence; though not perfectly hardy, the tuberous roots of this species may be protected in well-drained soils by covering with ashes, or they may be taken up and stored in sand where the frost will not reach them. 4d.
- " **pratensis**, "Meadow Sage," 2, one of our most beautiful and rare native plants, with numerous spikes of rich purple flowers; graceful habit. 4d.
- " **alba**, a scarce white form. 6d.
- " **Przewalskii**, 4-5, a striking species from the Orient, of vigorous habit and with violet-coloured flowers in June, a circumstance which makes it valuable for early borders. 6d.
- " **ringens**, 2, of shrubby habit, with handsome foliage and spikes of large pale blue flowers. 6d.
- " **virgata (nemorosa)**, 3, a showy species; one of the finest of the genus; the leafy bracts are coloured, like the flowers, a fine violet-blue; it flowers in the wildest profusion, is a good perennial, and produces an effect of violet in its way unmatched in the garden. 1/-.
- Sanguinaria canadensis**, "Blood Root," ½, when well established produces sheets of pure white golden-centred Anemone-like flowers, followed by pretty glaucous foliage. 6d.
- Santolina chamaeyparissias**, 2, beautifully cut silvery foliage, and immense numbers of flowers which look like large golden buttons. 4d.
- Saponaria bellidifolia**, ½, with pale yellow flowers in heads, and basal leaves on long stalks. 6d.
- " **coymoides splendens**, the finest form of the "Alpine Soapwort," the colour of the flowers is a bright rosy crimson; one of the most showy of rock plants. 4d.
- " **officinalis fl. pl.**, handsome double flowers of deep rose pink, delightfully fragrant. 6d.
- " **Wienmanniana**, of trailing habit, charming rose-pink flowers. 1/-.
- Satureia montana**, "Winter Savory," 1, of sub-shrubby habit, with numerous spikes of pale purple flowers, very fragrant. 6d.
- Saxifraga aizoon**, ½, white flowers and rosettes of silvery margined leaves. 4d.
- Saxifraga aizoon** is the *Saxifraga* which is found in association with stones, gravel, and hard living all over the Alps. It is very variable, and the variations are often quite as strongly marked as the variations of distinct species. We append a list of the finest varieties. If clients who do not know them will leave the selection to us, they may rely on getting good value for their money. The plants will flourish in the poorest soil, the stonier the better, provided it isn't too dry, and will require absolutely no attention.
- " **atropurpurea**, with lovely bright rose-coloured flowers, very choice and rare. 4d.
- " **balcana**. 4d.
- " **brevifolia**. 6d.
- " **bulgarica**. 6d.
- " **carinthiaca**. 6d.
- " **Churchilli**. 4d.
- " **cultrata**. 4d.
- " **dubia**. 4d.
- " **flavescens**. 4d.
- " **Gaudini**. 4d.

- Saxifraga Aizoon la graveana.** 6d.
- " " **Malyi.** 6d.
- " " **minima.** 4d.
- " " **minor.** 4d.
- " " **notata.** 4d.
- " " **paradoxa.** 4d.
- " " **recta.** 4d.
- " " **robusta.** 4d.
- " " **rosularis.** 6d.
- " " **sempervivoides.** 4d.
- " " **stabiana.** 4d.
- " " **sturmiana.** 4d.
- " " **venetica.** 6d.
- " **Alberti**, fine heads of yellow flowers in early spring. 6d.
- " **ambigua**, encrusted foliage, white flowers. 4d.
- " **Andrewsii**, $\frac{1}{2}$, a most beautiful and interesting hybrid; the rosettes of leaves are bright green prettily serrated, with erect spikes of white flowers plentifully spotted with red. 6d.
- " **apiculata**, $\frac{1}{2}$, a charming hybrid, one of the first to flower, the whole spike, flowers, bracts, and stem, is a lovely shade of primrose yellow. 6d.
- " **bronchialis**, $\frac{1}{2}$, with creamy white flowers on branching stems, and dense tufts of growths clothed with narrow leaves. 6d.
- " " **cherlerioides**, has almost the appearance of an erect moss. 6d.
- " **burseriana**, $\frac{1}{2}$, undoubtedly this species and its varieties form a group which includes some of the loveliest of alpine. With sharp-pointed glaucous leaves forming tiny rosettes, in dense tufts, the plants have a true alpine aspect, while the pure white flowers produced singly or two together on slender ruby-red stems, are the incarnation of purity and delicate loveliness. 6d.
- " " **major**, a handsome form with larger flowers than the type. 1/-.
- " " **speciosa**, very large showy flowers, freely produced. 9d.
- " **cæsia major**, $\frac{1}{2}$, a most charming species, with densely crowded rosettes of small grey leaves, and delicate panicles of milk-white flowers. 9d.
- " **cartilaginea**, $\frac{1}{2}$, a very pretty species, with numerous elegant rosettes of narrow silvery-edged leaves, and graceful drooping panicles of white flowers; one of the most charming members of the genus. 6d.
- " **catalaunica**, $\frac{1}{2}$, with rosettes of silvery foliage and panicles of white flowers. 6d.
- " **circuenta**, $\frac{1}{2}$, beautifully silvered foliage, flowers white. 4d.
- " **cochlearis**, $\frac{1}{2}$, numerous white flowers in masses, gracefully weighing down the slender much-branched purple-brown stems, leaves small, glaucous, in tufted rosettes; one of the most charming species. 6d.
- " " **major**, a large-flowered form. 1/-.
- " " **minor**, quite a dwarf. 9d.
- " **cordifolia**, 1, this handsome vigorous species has brilliant flowers, which are produced in handsome clusters, often as early as February and as late as July, and shining evergreen leaves which take on bright ruddy and crimson tints in the autumn, and serve to cheer the winter aspect of borders or rockery. 4d.
- " **Cotyledon**, 1-3, perhaps the best known species next to the "London Pride," and deservedly a great favourite for almost every phase of gardening. In the rockery masses of it are scarcely surpassed in beauty by the "Queen of Saxifrages," *S. longifolia*; at the same time, it is of easy cultivation in the ordinary border, while in 6 inch pots magnificent plants may be had for conservatory decoration, 3 or even 4 feet from the ground to the tip of the long pyramidal spike of large pure white or crimson spotted flowers; when out of flower, the large rosettes of silvery margined leaves are very attractive and ornamental. 4d.
- " " **nepalensis**, the leaves take fine autumn tints. 4d.

- Saxifraga Cotyledon pyramidalis**, a robust form with white, crimson-spotted flowers in fine spikes. 6d.
- " **crustata**, white flowers in erect panicles, and handsome rosettes of leaves deeply encrusted with a silvery white deposit; a very fine plant in flower and out. 4d.
- " **cuneifolia**, $\frac{3}{4}$, one of the prettiest of the green-leaved species, with white flowers spotted with yellow at the base of each petal, and roundish leaves, deep rich green above, pale and reddish beneath. 4d.
- " **cuscutaeformis**, $\frac{3}{4}$, flowers white or pink on erect branched panicles rising from roundish toothed leaves; a rare Japanese species. 9d.
- " **Elizabethæ**, $\frac{1}{2}$, a beautiful hybrid, flowers soft sulphur yellow, lovely. 4d.
- " **Fortunei**, 1, an exceedingly beautiful and rare plant, producing in October large panicles of white flowers, handsome rosettes of long-stalked leaves bronze on the upper and crimson on the under surface. 6d.
- " **Gum**, $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{3}{4}$, this elegant native species and its many pretty varieties are of as easy culture as the "London Pride," to which they are allied. The flowers are produced in graceful airy panicles on slender stems, in colour white or pinkish, sometimes spotted; leaves bright green, with saw-like teeth, oval-oblong in shape on long stalks, in rosettes. 4d.
- " " **dentata**, leaves deeply serrated, very handsome. 4d.
- " " **minima**, a tiny little gem. 4d.
- " " **reniformis**, leaves kidney-shaped, a rare variety. 6d.
- " **L. C. Codseff**, $\frac{1}{2}$, a hybrid raised in these nurseries between *S. sancta* and *S. burseriana speciosa*; it has rosettes of deep green spiny foliage, and flowers of delicate lemon yellow, set off by deep red stems. 6d.
- " **granulata fl. pl.**, "Fair Maids of England," a form with pure white double flowers, more effective than the type, useful and lasting as cut flowers. Plants in pots, 6d.
- " **Hirculus**, "Marsh Saxifrage," $\frac{1}{2}$, a lover of damp, flowers large, $\frac{3}{4}$ of an inch across, bright yellow dotted with crimson, leaves in charming rosettes. 6d.
- " " **grandiflora**, with bright golden yellow flowers 1 inch across. 9d.
- " **Hostil**, $\frac{3}{4}$, a very useful and easily-grown species, produces a beautiful effect in masses, having silvery encrusted leaves in rosettes, and graceful panicles of white flowers spotted with purple. 4d.
- " **hypnoides Schroederi**, perhaps the best variety of the "Dovedale Moss" or "Eve's Cushion;" a rapid grower, forming dense cushions of soft green leaves, which are perfectly delightful all through winter, and which in spring form a background for clouds of snow-white flowers. 4d.
- " **Kolenatina**, $\frac{3}{4}$, rosettes of rather few leaves, with distinct whitish toothed margins, flowers in elegant panicles, of a striking reddish colour. 6d.
- " **Kotschyl**, $\frac{1}{2}$, forms dense dwarf tufts of blue-green foliage, with bright yellow flowers, freely produced several together in small leafy cymes. 1/6.
- " **lactea**, a distinct white-flowered species from Siberia. 4d.
- " **lingulata Australis**, 1- $\frac{1}{2}$, with longish narrow silvery leaves in rather loose rosettes and gracefully drooping panicles of white flowers spotted with rose. 4d.
- " " **lantoscana**, dense rosettes of silvery recurving leaves and drooping panicles of creamy white flowers; a splendid rock plant. 9d.
- " " " **superba**, produces a really magnificent effect when planted in masses, has all the beauty of *S. pyramidalis* combined with an inimitable grace of habit. 1/6.
- " **longifolia**, "Queen of Saxifrages," $\frac{1}{2}$, justly named; indeed, it would be difficult to imagine anything more enchantingly beautiful than a well-flowered plant of this species. Not only when in flower is the plant attractive; the handsome rosette of silvery leaves, often 6 to 9 inches in diameter, is a striking object all the year round. The flowers are pure white, and are produced in a dense pyramidal unbranched spike 2 ft. in length. 1/-.
- " **x macnabiana**, 1, a really handsome hybrid. The flowers are white, heavily spotted with crimson, and are freely produced in loose panicles from silvery rosettes of leaves. 9d.

- Saxifraga marginata**, 3, of tufted habit, with small oblong green leaves dotted on the margins with white, and arranged in dense rosettes. This lovely species has white flowers exceeding in diameter the rosettes of leaves produced, 5 or 6 in a loose panicle. 6d.
- " **muscoïdes**, 2, a pretty dense dwarf carpeter, with yellowish or purplish flowers; forms a turf-like mass of tiny rosettes, clothed in spring with numerous flowers in loose panicles. 4d.
- " " **Allionii**, a charming dwarf Saxifrage, with light green foliage in tiny rosettes, and white flowers in spring. 4d.
- " " **atro-purpurea**, one of the showiest of Saxifrages, flowers bright red. 4d.
- " " **densa**, foliage so packed as to give the effect of turf. 4d.
- " " **Rhei**, a very fine form, with large flowers which open a bright rosy pink colour and gradually fade as they grow older; strong growing, it reaches a height of 6 or 9 inches, and is one of our prettiest and most free blooming dwarf plants. 4d.
- " " " **Cuildford Seedling**," in greater demand than any other Saxifrage; this is due to the fact that the flowers are of bright crimson carmine, a colour not approached by any other member of the family. 6d.
- " **mutata**, 2, very distinct, with coppery yellow flowers in panicles, and rosettes of spatulate leaves with whitish crenated margins. 1/-.
- " **oppositifolia**, ^{1, 2}, with prostrate creeping stems, which root into the soil, and quickly form a dense network of brown stems clothed with tiny rosettes of deep green leaves, this "Purple Saxifrage" is, beyond adequate description, one of the most delightful of the many choice inhabitants of snowy regions. Found on some of the highest mountains in Britain, this little gem clothes itself in spring with numerous flowers of the richest hues, many of the flowers several times exceeding the rosettes of leaves in diameter. The typical species has flowers of a bright purplish rose colour. 6d.
- " " **alba**, a pretty variety with pure white petals and orange-red anthers. 9d.
- " **major**, with richly-coloured flowers, sometimes exceeding 2 of an inch in diameter. 6d.
- " **pedatifida**, 3, rosettes of five-lobed leaves and white flowers. 4d.
- " **peltata**, "Umbrella Plant," 3, with umbrella-like leaves rising from thick, prostrate rooting stems. The blade of the leaf is often over 1 foot in diameter, handsomely lobed and toothed, and of a bright green colour. Appearing in spring before the leaves, the flowers are a nice shade of pink or white, in roundish heads. Of handsome appearance, it may be grown by water side, but not in stagnant moisture. 9d.
- " **pennsylvanica**, 1-2, this N. American "Swamp Saxifrage" has greenish flowers in a many-flowered cyme, on stout stems, rising from clusters of long lanceolate leaves; very distinct appearance. 1/6.
- " **perdurans**, 1, of compact dwarf habit, with white flowers. 4d.
- " **polyphylla**, charmingly mossed, flowers white. 4d.
- " **Pseudo-Forsteri**, a charming hybrid, with attractive wedge-shaped leaves. 4d.
- " **Pseudo-sancta**, forms tufts of dark green foliage and produces heads of yellow flowers in March. 6d.
- " **rhætica**, 3, rosettes of silvery leaves, and panicles of white flowers. 6d.
- " **rocheliana**, 1, a very charming species resembling *S. marginata* in leaf and growth, but with the pretty white flowers on shorter stems in close leafy spikes; this species and its variety are two very ornamental rock plants. 1/-.
- " " **coriophylla**, with smaller greyish leaves, more plentifully dotted with white. 1/-.
- " **rotundifolia**, 1, with roundish coarsely toothed leaves on long stalks, and panicles of white flowers dotted with scarlet. 6d.
- " **Salomoni**, 1, a fine hybrid between *S. burseriana* and *S. rocheliana*, with beautiful large white flowers. 9d.
- " **sancta**, 3, forms dense tufted cushions of deep green pointed leaves; a rather shy bloomer in shady situations; should be fully exposed, when the short dense spikes of bright yellow flowers will be more freely produced. 6d.

- Saxifraga sarmentosa**, "Mother of Thousands, Aaron's Beard, Wandering Jew," this handsome species from China and Japan will not endure a winter of ordinary severity outdoors, except in very sheltered situations. It is very valuable for pot culture and indoor ferneries, &c., since under these favourable circumstances every part of the plant is ornamental. The leaves, green with whitish veinings above and crimson beneath, and the large panicles of white flowers spotted with yellow and scarlet, are scarcely more decorative than the bright red "Strawberry-like" runners bearing innumerable little plantlets. 4d.
- " **scardica**, 1, with dense cushion-like tufts of foliage similar to *S. burseriana*, but less glaucous, and ivory white flowers 3 to 4 in each head, on short slender stems; a rare and beautiful species. 1/-.
- " **splendens**, 1½, a most beautiful hybrid between the two most noble species of Saxifrage, viz., *S. longifolia* and *S. Cotyledon*; produces fine spikes of white flowers from handsome silvery rosettes. 9d.
- " **Stansfieldi**, for beauty of foliage probably the best of all the Mossy Saxifrages; it looks like a large tuft of some very finely-cut fern. 4d.
- " **taygatea**, 1, with rosettes of roundish bright evergreen leaves, and graceful spikes of white flowers. 4d.
- " **tricuspidata**, flowers white, a native of the arctic regions. 6d.
- " **umbrosa**, "London Pride," 1, a favourite border plant, produces cloud-like masses of pinkish flowers on red stems from pretty evergreen foliage. 4d.
- " **valdensis**, 1, racemes of large white flowers and close tufts of foliage in tiny rosettes; one of the choicest species, fine in masses on the rockery. 9d.
- " **Wallacei**, 1, one of the finest of its section, with white flowers of large size, freely produced, which exhale a delicious scent resembling "Hawthorn;" very pretty foliage of rather pale green colour. 4d.
- " **Zelebori**, 1, a rare species from the Austrian Alps, with silvery leaves in small rosettes and white flowers. 6d.
- Scabiosa caucasica**, 2, of ideal bushy habit, with masses of flowers produced with long stems in the best possible manner for cutting purposes, of an exquisite shade of pale mauve or lilac; this fine "Caucasian Scabious" blooms from early summer to late autumn. 6d., 4/6 per doz.
- " **alba**, a white-flowered counterpart of the preceding, with all the excellent qualities of the type. 9d.
- " **lucida**, 1, this pretty "Scabious," with rosy lilac heads of flowers, is very deserving of extended cultivation. 4d.
- " **silentifolia**, 1, forms tufts of dark green glossy leaves; a neat and beautiful plant with lilac flowers. 6d.
- Schizostylis coccinea**, "Kaffir Lily," 2, with "Iris-like" foliage and intense scarlet flowers in "Gladiolus-like" spikes; one of the finest of autumn flowers. 6d.
- Scutellaria alpina**, "Alpine Skull Cap," 1, a vigorous but neat species, forms mounds of purple flowers touched with yellow on the lower lips. 4d.
- " **indica japonica**, 1, with rich purple flowers; a fine Japanese species, quite unlike anything else; well deserves a frame to show off its delicate beauty. 6d.
- Sedum albenscens**, "White Stonecrop," spikes of yellow flowers, foliage almost white. 4d. each.
- " **album**, "Worm Grass," 1, with relatively large flowers in panicles on pinkish stems, and creeping growths clothed with evergreen leaves; a useful native species, ornamental throughout the year. 6d.
- " **anopetalum**, 1, glaucous foliage and greenish yellow flowers; a pretty evergreen. 6d.
- " **atropurpureum**, 1, erect habit, with dark coppery-purple foliage. 9d.
- " **brevifolium**, "Mealy Stonecrop," 1½, a beautiful little evergreen plant which looks like a mass of silvery rose-tinted globules of meal, so rounded and covered with powder are the pretty leaves. The flowers are white and pink, but the chief charm lies in the foliage. Fully deserving of extensive cultivation, this little gem is rather fragile, though quite hardy, and must be given shelter from rough weather, winds, &c. A position full south on a rocky ledge suits it admirably. 4d.

Sedum dasyphyllum, $\frac{1}{2}$, a neat and pretty native species, found in a few places in the South on old walls, &c. Closely resembling *S. brevifolium* in habit, this species has a bluish silvery appearance, and should be afforded care similar to that advised for the "Mealy Stonecrop;" the flowers are of a pinkish colour. 4d.

" **glanduliferum**, thickly beset with short hairs, very distinct. 4d.

" **Ewersii**, $\frac{1}{2}$, a very ornamental plant with handsome roundish glaucous leaves and clusters of purplish flowers. Quite a diminutive species; it is particularly pleasing on account of the silvery white appearance of the leaves and semi-trailing stems. 4d.

" **kamtschaticum**, $\frac{1}{2}$, with numerous prostrate stems bearing bright deep green leaves and large bunches of rich orange flowers; one of the most showy of evergreen "Stonecrops." 4d.

" **lydium**, $\frac{1}{2}$, a charming little evergreen species, forms dense tufts of deep green foliage tinged with a ruddy bronze shade; flowers very small, pinkish. 4d.

" **magellense**, a miniature species, very charming. 6d.

" **maximum**, $\frac{1}{2}$, a strong erect-growing species with roundish heads of white flowers spotted with red, and ruddy green foliage. 6d.

" **Nevii**, $\frac{1}{2}$, a prostrate evergreen species with white flowers in short erect cymes, and densely-crowded leaves in small rosettes on prostrate stems. 1/-.

" **obtusatum**, $\frac{1}{2}$, a rare and charming plant from California. The evergreen leaves are of the brightest emerald colour in spring and early summer, and contrast finely with the crimson red stems. Later, in autumn, the leaves become suffused with crimson-brown, a pretty shade of colour which is retained throughout the winter; flowers yellow. 4d.

" **oreganum**, $\frac{1}{2}$, with pale rose-coloured flowers and bright green leaves on erect stems; a very pretty species. 4d.

" **populifolium**, 1, a remarkable and pretty plant; forms woody erect stems which are clothed in summer and autumn with "Poplar-like" leaves, and bear terminal clusters of bluish-white flowers with a scent like "Hawthorn." In winter the numerous bare purple stems make a charming effect. 4d.

" **roseum**, "Rose Root, Midsummer-men," 1, a native plant whose roots when dried are strongly rose-scented; found on seaside cliffs; flowers reddish purple or yellowish; leaves glaucous. 9d.

" **rupestre**, $\frac{1}{2}$, with masses of clear yellow flowers and small glaucous leaves on trailing stems; turns a bright ruddy colour in autumn during dry weather. 4d.

" **sexangulare**, $\frac{1}{2}$, of very neat appearance, with small evergreen leaves densely crowded on trailing stems, and umbellate heads of bright yellow flowers. 6d.

" **Sieboldii**, $\frac{1}{2}$, a very ornamental evergreen species with semi-erect stems bearing roundish leaves, horizontally in threes, and terminal heads of pinkish flowers spotted with green. 6d.

" **spathulifolium**, $\frac{1}{2}$, certainly one of the best of dwarf "Stonecrops;" the effect when in flower is particularly pleasing. Glaucous leaves in pretty rosettes mingling with pinkish stems bearing citron-yellow flowers. 6d.

" **spurium**, $\frac{1}{2}$, a plant of procumbent habit, with evergreen leaves and pink or whitish flowers in numerous heads; an excellent subject for quickly covering dry banks, &c.; the stems root freely at the nodes. 3d.

" **stenopetalum**, $\frac{1}{2}$, erect stems, bearing heads of showy yellow flowers. 6d.

" **ternatum**, $\frac{1}{2}$, with white flowers and prostrate stems densely clothed with evergreen leaves. 6d.

Sempervivum affine, dark green rosettes marked with rose, red flowers. 4d.

" **anomalum**, $\frac{1}{2}$, with bright mauve-purple flowers, 4 to 8 in dense head, and brown-tinted green leaves. 4d.

" **arachnoideum**, "Cobweb House Leek," $\frac{1}{2}$, rosette leaves threaded from tip to tip with white hairs, outer ones reddish brown. The flowers are bright red in colour, 6 or 7 together on a leafy stem; well-grown clumps have a beautiful appearance. 4d.

" **gnaphalium**, the Edelweiss "wooled" variety. 6d.

- Sempervivum bontignyanum**, $\frac{1}{2}$, rosettes of leaves tipped with red-brown and pale rose flowers in large panicles. 4d.
- " **ambriatum**, $\frac{1}{2}$, bright red flowers on stems clothed with red-tinted leaves, rosette green, $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches across, outer leaves red with age. 4d.
- " **globiferum**, "Hen and Chickens House Leek," $\frac{1}{2}$, the rosettes of red-brown tipped leaves are surrounded by smaller clusters on prostrate stems; flowers pale yellow flushed with purple. 6d.
- " **Greenii**, $\frac{1}{2}$, with pale red flowers on stems clothed with hairy red-tinted leaves, and rosettes of glaucous green leaves tipped with red, $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches across. 6d.
- " **Heuffelii**, $\frac{1}{2}$, a very distinct species with rosettes of bright red-brown tinted leaves and straw-yellow flowers on stems clothed with red-brown leaves. 6d.
- " **mettenianum**, $\frac{1}{2}$, the rosettes of leaves are rather small and flat, with many young ones around; flowers pink. 4d.
- " **murale**, green rosettes, tipped chocolate. 4d.
- " **obscurum**, purple rosettes with "hen and chicken" offshoots. 4d.
- " **Pittoni**, $\frac{1}{2}$, a very neat and pretty species, with primrose yellow flowers on stems clothed with purple-tipped leaves, and rosettes of claret-purple tipped leaves, $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches across. 6d.
- " **Regina-Amaliae**, $\frac{1}{2}$, forms handsome rosettes of purplish brown leaves, 3 to 4 inches across; flowers pale yellow, on stems clothed with brown leaves. 6d.
- " **sanguineum**, very bright and densely-set rosettes, flower red. 4d.
- " **Schnittspahni**, rosettes of green leaves, pink flowers. 4d.
- " **Seguieri**, red purple rosettes in autumn. 4d.
- " **tectorum**, "Common House Leek, Sengreen, Bullock's Eye, Jupiter's Beard," 1, forms handsome rosettes of pale green leaves distinctly tipped with bright red-brown; flowers pale red with a deeper stripe, on erect densely leafy hairy stems. 4d.
- " **Theobaldii**, medium-sized rosettes, the tips of the leaves covered with small hairs, flowers pink. 4d.
- " **Thomayerii**, *S. hirtum* x *S. arachnoideum*. 4d.
- " **Tissleri**, from Switzerland; rare. 2/6.
- " **triste**, 1, a really handsome plant, having bright red flowers on stems thickly clothed with bright red-brown leaves, and rosettes of the same colour, 3 inches across. 4d.
- " " **bicolor**, similar to above, but with brighter-coloured rosettes. 4d.
- Senecio Cliverum**, 4-5, a recently introduced species from China, with large, handsome, shining green leaves and rich orange-yellow flower heads. This distinct species is effective as a border plant, or may be used with excellent effect near the water-side. 6d.
- " **pulcher**, 2-3, strikingly distinct, with shining green leaves, and flower heads with yellow discs and bright crimson purple ray florets. This remarkably fine border plant is of the easiest culture, but is very uncommon. 6d.
- Shortia galacifolia**, "Crimson Leaf," $\frac{1}{2}$. The heavily-fringed flowers, first white, change to pale rose, and are freely produced in spring on rosy red stems, while the ever-green leaves are remarkable for their rich colouring, particularly in the dull months of the year. Plants well established in pots, 1/6.
- Sibthorpia europæa**, "Cornish Moneywort," $\frac{1}{2}$, with roundish prettily-lobed leaves on slender, creeping, rooting stems; a capital carpeter. 4d.
- " " **variegata argentea**, one of the prettiest of variegated plants, leaves charmingly margined with silver. 6d.
- Sidalcea candida**, "Greek Mallow," 3, with numerous pretty white flowers in terminal spikes on leafy stems, not unlike a miniature Hollyhock. 4d.
- " **malvæflora**, 3, a very showy plant of excellent habit, flowers rosy purple in numerous terminal spikes. 4d.
- " " **oregana**, flowers deep rose-pink. 6d.
- Silene acaulis**, "Moss Campion, Cushion Pink," $\frac{1}{2}$, forms dense tufts of rather spiny short leaves, not unlike some "Rockfoils" in appearance; masses of charming rose-pink flowers which scarcely rise above the foliage. 4d.

- Silene acaulis alba*, with pure white flowers. 4d.
- " " *aurea*, the tufts of leaves are of a golden yellow colour. 6d.
- " " *exscapa*, with paler flowers than *acaulis*. 9d.
- " *alpestris*, "Alpine Catchfly," $\frac{1}{2}$, a pretty alpine with Chinese white flowers in small panicles and shining green leaves; easy to grow, but quite a choice plant. 4d.
- " *maritima* fl. pl., "Double Bladder Campion," "Double Sea Catchfly," with handsome double white flowers, resembling a double "Pink." 6d.
- " " *rosea*, like the above in its trailing habit, but with rosy single flowers. 6d.
- " *Schaffa*, $\frac{1}{2}$, when freely planted this little gem forms sheets of bright rose-pink flowers from June or July to September or October, a time when dwarf plants of this colour are particularly scarce. 4d.
- " *tartarica*, 1, a scarce species from E. Europe, with white flowers. 9d.
- " *vallesia*, $\frac{1}{2}$, of dwarf creeping habit, with bright rose-coloured flowers which are crimson on the underside. 6d.
- Silphium perfoliatum*, "Cup Plant," 6-8, this is a very fine foliage plant with square stems and large opposite leaves which join around the stem, forming cup-like cavities; flowers yellow, in corymbose heads. 4d.
- " *terebinthinaceum*, "Prairie Burdock," 6-9, with large toothed leaves nearly 2 feet in length on long stalks, and small yellow flower heads. 9d.
- " *trifoliatum*, 6, deep green leaves in whorls of 3 or 4, and yellow flower heads in loose panicles. 9d.
- Sisyrinchium angustifolium*, "Blue-eyed Grass," 1, forms tufts of elegant grass-like foliage and slender stems bearing several pale blue flowers in terminal clusters. This pretty plant seems almost ubiquitous; a native of N. America, it has become naturalised in Australia and N. Zealand, and is a doubtful native of Ireland—an excellent proof of its vigour and hardiness. 4d.
- " *californicum*, $\frac{1}{2}$, yellow flowers freely produced in succession for many weeks in late summer and autumn; plant in a well-drained, sheltered position. 6d.
- " *striatum*, 1-2, a distinct hardy species from Chili, with numerous yellow flowers in spicate racemes, on leafy, sometimes branching, stems. 4d.
- Smilacina racemosa*, "False Spikenard," 2-3, with small white flowers in feathery panicles 3-6 inches long on erect leafy stems. 9d.
- Soldanella alpina*, $\frac{1}{2}$, with violet-coloured flowers 2-5 in a loose umbel, deeply fringed and drooping; this little gem opens its flowers quite at the edge of the snows. 4d.
- " " *alba*, rare and very beautiful. 1/-.
- " " *pyrolæfolia*, with pretty foliage resembling that of the "Winter Green." 9d.
- " *Cauderi*, a very rare and interesting hybrid between *S. alpina* and *S. minima*. 9d.
- " *minima*, $\frac{1}{2}$, a lovely diminutive species, with solitary flowers of a soft lilac shade marked with purple within. 1/-.
- " *montana*, $\frac{1}{2}$, resembling *S. alpina*, but with larger leaves, and flowers the colour of which more nearly approaches blue. 6d.
- Solidago Buckleyi*, 1, with deep yellow heads of flowers; an excellent rockwork plant. 6d.
- " *juncea*, 2-3, as is the case with several other species, the basal leaves form a cheery evergreen carpet during the winter; flowers yellow in erect spikes. 4d.
- " *odora*, 3, when bruised the leaves emit a pleasant scent resembling aniseed; flower heads yellow in a one-sided panicle on slender stems. 6d.
- " *serotina lepidota*, with large heads of flowers in pyramidal inflorescences on black stems 6 feet in height. 4d.
- " *Shortii*, 5, quite unlike any other "Golden Rod;" its distinctive feature is its habit of producing its wealth of flowers in delightful Spiræa-like side sprays, producing an effect of golden rain; one of the most ornamental of garden plants. 4d.
- " *spectabilis*, 3-4, with graceful deep golden yellow spikes of fragrant flowers. 4d.
- " *Virgaurea nana*, a rockwork plant of great value; it is always of tiny stature, and in August, when most other rock plants have passed, this little beauty absolutely smothers itself with amazing masses of rich golden yellow flowers. 4d.

- Sphæralcea munroana**, $\frac{1}{2}$, a charming half-hardy trailer, which grows with great rapidity, and produces its bright rose-coloured flowers most abundantly from midsummer till late autumn; the flowers are curiously like those of *Pyrus japonica*. 6d.
- Spiræa Aruncus**, "Goat's Beard," 4-6, with handsome thrice pinnate foliage and magnificent branching plumes of creamy white flowers; one of the finest of all border plants, and makes a grand object by the waterside. 6d.
- " **Kneiffii**, a very distinct and ornamental variety, having the ultimate leaflets deeply cut; a very striking foliage plant with fine plume-like masses of pure white flowers. 1/6.
- " **astilboides**, 2, of dwarf but elegant habit, this fine plant may be likened to a small form of *S. Aruncus* with pure white feathery racemes of flowers; a fine border or waterside plant, it may also be successfully forced in pots. 6d.
- " **cæspitosa**, $\frac{1}{2}$, a delightful small growing species, forms dense carpets of silky leaves, not more than 6 inches in height, covered with small white flowers in pretty spikelets for several weeks in summer; a rare plant, exceedingly pretty on sunny slopes or on the rockery. 1/-.
- " **camtschatica (gigantea)**, 6-8, a noble species with handsome palmate foliage and large fleecy panicles of white flowers; may best be described as a gigantic edition of our native "Meadow Sweet;" fine by waterside or in any moist soil. 4d.
- " **crispifolia**, a delightful pigmy, only grows about 6 inches high, and covers itself in summer with spikes of very attractive rose pink flowers. 6d.
- " **decumbens**, $\frac{1}{2}$, of dwarf habit, spreading by means of underground stems, this charming alpine from the Tyrol, &c., is a most delightful picture when in flower. The white flowers are borne in dainty corymbs above a carpet of pretty toothed leaves. 4d.
- " **filipendula**, "Dropwort," 2, an ornamental native plant with tufts of pretty pinnate foliage and panicles of white, sometimes blush tinted, flowers. Fine for naturalising, the double form is better for borders. 6d.
- " " **fl. pl.**, one of the most handsome of dwarf "Meadow Sweets," the panicles of double white flowers last a long time both when cut and on the plant. 6d.
- " **gigantea**, see *camtschatica*.
- " **japonica**, see *Astilbe japonica*.
- " **lobata (Venusta)**, 4, this fine N. American species is one of our best border plants. It produces long feathery plumes of deep carmine-rose flowers. 6d.
- " **palmata**, 3, this species and its fine varieties are all showy border plants of excellent habit, doing best in moist soils, but not exacting in this respect. The leaves are handsomely 5 to 7 lobed, and form dense tufts, from which rise the numerous leafy stems bearing bright crimson flowers in large panicles. 6d.
- " " **alba**, with white flowers of extraordinary and striking purity. 6d.
- " " **elegans**, flowers rose coloured, a particularly delicate "shell" shade. 4d.
- " **pectinata**, $\frac{1}{2}$, a native of the Rocky Mountains; of tufted creeping habit, with twice or thrice three-cleft leaves, and dense woolly racemes of white flowers; looks more like a *Saxifrage* than a *Spiræa*; very pretty and suitable for the rockery. 1/-.
- " **Ulmaria**, "Common Meadow Sweet," 2-3, a well-known native plant, excellent in damp situations, for naturalising by waterside, &c.; the two varieties are first-rate border plants. 4d.
- " " **fl. pl.**, with double white flowers. 4d.
- " " **variegata**, foliage prettily marked with yellow. 6d.
- Stachys densiflora**, $\frac{1}{2}$, with crowded spikes of pink flowers, and glossy foliage; an attractive species. 6d.
- " **grandiflora superba**, flowers of a deep and rich shade of purple violet. 9d.
- " **lanata**, "Lamb's Wool," 1, the whole plant is enveloped in a dense coating of white woolly hairs; very useful for edging; when out of flower the total height is barely 4 inches. 4d.
- Statice auriculæfolia**, 1, of dwarf and compact habit, with rather glaucous leaves and clouds of pale lavender coloured flowers. 6d.

- Statice incana**, "Red Sea Lavender," 1, with flowers variously coloured pink, white, or red, and evergreen foliage of a glaucous hue. 6d.
- " **latifolia**, "Great Sea Lavender," 2-3, one of the best border species, forms dense cloudy masses of small deep lavender-coloured flowers a yard high and often more in diameter, while the handsome evergreen leaves are bright all through the winter. 6d.
- " **spathulata**, 1, from Barbary, with purple and white flowers, leaves very ornamental, evergreen, glaucous. 6d.
- " **tartarica**, 1, with bright ruby-red flowers in loose panicles, from tufts of ornamental leaves. 6d.
- Stokasia cyanea**, "Stokes' Aster," 1½, one of the finest of border plants, enormous and very beautiful flowers of pale lavender blue with red centres. 4d.
- " " **præcox**, flowers several weeks earlier than the type. 6d.
- Tanacetum argenteum**, "Silver Tansy," 3, a remarkably pretty plant of sub-shrubby habit, forms perfect bushes of silvery rosettes and golden yellow flower heads. 6d.
- " **aucherianum**, 1½, stronger growing than the above; flowers yellow, leaves silvery white. 4d.
- Tellima grandiflora rubra**, 2, the foliage is richly coloured dark crimson-purple in autumn and winter; flowers greenish, in Heuchera-like panicles. 4d.
- Teucrium Chamædrys**, "Wall Germander," 1, a naturalised native plant with whorls of rosy purple flowers in many spikes from shrubby stems; on old walls, &c., this plant is very useful and effective. 4d.
- " **flavum**, 3, a grey-leaved plant with spikes of yellow flowers, native of Palestine. 6d.
- " **Marum**, "Cat Thyme," 1, a pretty shrubby species for dry positions, with an abundance of rosy-lilac flowers. Cats have an unaccountable fondness for this plant; they will devour it down to the last bare stump, so that it should be planted in positions inaccessible (!) to its feline friends, or be given protection. 6d.
- " **Pollium**, "Poly Germander," 3, with white fleecy foliage and spikes of yellow flowers; a handsome sub-shrubby plant from the Holy Land; quite hardy in well-drained sandy soil. 6d.
- " **pyrenaicum**, 3, a perfectly hardy and very pretty plant of trailing habit, with silvery foliage and spikes of purple and white flowers. 9d.
- Thalictrum aquilegifolium**, 4, a remarkably handsome species with "Columbine-like" foliage, and heads of feathery tassel-like flowers; sepals white, stamens purplish. 4d.
- " **Delavayi**, 1-2, one of the most charming of plants, quite dwarf, flowers relatively large, of beautiful lilac. 9d.
- " **Fendleri**, 2, a rare plant from the Rocky Mountains; small "Maidenhair Fern-like" foliage, pretty pale purple flowers. 6d.
- " **flavum**, "Common Meadow Rue, False Rhubarb, Fen Rue," &c., 4-5, with pale yellow sepals and bright yellow stamens; the flowers are freely produced in crowded umbellate heads; a very ornamental native plant. 6d.
- Thermopsis caroliniana**, "False Lupin," 4-6, with spikes of bright yellow flowers; one of the showiest of border plants; once planted should be left alone, as it resents disturbance. 1/-.
- " **fabacea**, 2-3, a dwarf species of good habit; very free-blooming, flowers yellow. 4d.
- Thymus erectus**, 1, a pretty dwarf shrub for the rockery, with erect twiggy stems clothed like an "Irish Yew" with deep evergreen leaves, and brightened with clusters of rosy flowers in summer. 4d.
- " **Serpyllum**, "Wild Thyme, Brother-wort," 3, a delightful native creeping plant with sweetly-scented foliage, which is hidden in summer by a sheet of rose-purple flowers. 4d.
- " " **albus**, showy masses of pure white flowers. 4d.
- " " **citriodorus argenteus**, bushy habit, clothed with evergreen leaves prettily variegated with silvery white, and deliciously lemon scented. 4d.

- Thymus Serpyllum citriodorus aureus**, with golden variegation and the same delightful fragrance. 6d.
- " **coccineus**, with dark green foliage and rich crimson flowers; makes a patch of brilliant colour for many weeks in any sunny position. 6d.
- " **lanuginosus**, very pretty indeed; the growths and leaves are clothed with soft grey woolly hairs; flowers lilac. 4d.
- " **micans**, with rosy purple flowers and dark green leaves; quite distinct and very pretty. 6d.
- Tiarella cordifolia**, "Foam Flower," 1; when well grown, the numerous spikes of feathery white flowers with chocolate anthers are very pleasing and graceful; after flowering, the plant sends out short runners, which take root, and a healthy colony is soon formed. 6d.
- " **polyphylla**, dark green leaves marked chocolate, under side elegantly veined with red. 1/-.
- Townsendia Wilcoxiana**, "Rocky Mountain Daisy," $\frac{1}{2}$, a rare North American alpine with rosettes of deep green leaves, and relatively large Aster-like flowers. 6d.
- Trachelium cœruleum**, "Throat-wort," 1-2, with small, very numerous, violet-blue flowers in cloud-like panicles, which meet in a balloon-like mass in well-grown plants. 6d.
- Tradescantia virginica**, "Flower-of-a-day," "Spider-wort," $1\frac{1}{2}$, with numerous erect stems bearing in the axils of the leaves and in terminal heads loose clusters of three-petalled flowers, large, and purple-lilac in colour; leaves long, narrow, gracefully drooping; although the flowers are short-lived, they are produced in such plentiful profusion that from early summer till late in autumn there is a constant supply. 4d.
- Tricyrtis hirta**, "Japanese Toad Lily," 2-3, very free blooming; the white flowers are plentifully besprinkled with purplish dots. 6d.
- Trifolium alpinum**, $\frac{1}{2}$, the rarest of the rare "Clovers," seldom supplied true. The flowers are large, pale red in colour, often exceeding $\frac{1}{2}$ inch in length, 3 to 8 in each umbel. This is the plant whose powerful fragrance attracts the attention of any alpine climber who happens to pass near a clump of it. 9d.
- " **repens pentaphyllum**, "Calvary Clover," $\frac{1}{2}$, a free-growing creeping variety, with beautiful bronzy purple foliage edged with green; makes a very effective carpet plant, grows anywhere; flowers white in round heads. 4d.
- Trillium grandiflorum**, "Great Wood Lily," "Wake Robin," 1-2, with 3-petalled flowers of more than "lily whiteness," 3 to 4 inches across, and rich green leaves. When fading the petals are suffused with rose-pink, and a healthy colony with flowers in every stage of development is one of the most attractive of spring sights; Trilliums all like shade, and a soil not too dry. 6d.
- Trollius asiaticus Fortunei**, a fine variety with a large number of rich orange-coloured sepals, giving a full "double appearance" to the flowers. 9d.
- " **Loddigesii**, rich golden yellow with orange red stamens. 9d.
- " **tschungaricus**, 2, a fine species from Turkestan, resembling *T. europæus*, but the golden yellow flowers are tinted red on the outside. 6d.
- " **europæus**, "Mountain Globe Flower," $1\frac{1}{2}$ 2, with pale yellow flowers; a very handsome and showy native plant. 6d.
- " **napellifolius**, much taller than any of the others, very floriferous, with showy orange-yellow flowers. 9d.
- " **hybridus**, "Excelsior," 2 $\frac{1}{2}$, a new form with deep orange flowers. 9d.
- " **japonicus fl. pl.** "Improved," 2 $\frac{1}{2}$, a selected variety of great beauty; flowers large, deep orange. 9d.
- " **"Lemon Queen"**, 3, medium-sized lemon-yellow flowers. 1/-.
- " **"Orange Globe"**, 2, very fine well-formed flowers of a rich orange-yellow colour; one of the best. 9d.

- Tropaeolum speciosum**, "Flame Nasturtium," a climbing plant of rapid growth. There is rarely any difficulty in establishing this grand climber, if pot plants are obtained, and when "at home" the sheets of deep green foliage almost smothered with brilliant scarlet flowers are sights to make the gods envious. A cool, shady position is the one most favourable to luxuriant growth, but we have seen this "Flame Nasturtium" growing well in a variety of situations, so that total shade is not an essential condition. We recommend planting pot roots in spring or early summer in sandy peaty soil, in cool positions, or in a good, fairly-retentive loam in more sunny situations. Pea sticks form the best supports. Plants in pots, 1/-.
- "**tuberosum**, "Peruvian Nasturtium," quite hardy if deeply planted, when it is useful on walls, borders, or trellises. Flowering profusely from July to October, the orange and scarlet flowers hang in great masses, intermixed with the pretty foliage. 4d.
- Valeriana montana**, "Mountain Valerian," $\frac{1}{2}$, on border or rockery this charming dwarf species forms patches of beautiful shining green leaves and pink flowers. 4d.
- "**supina**, $\frac{1}{2}$, shining green leaves and loose heads of tinted white flowers. 4d.
- Veratrum album**, "Langwort, Lyngwort, White False Hellebore," 4-5, flowers white tinged with green; of stately and elegant appearance. 9d.
- "**nigrum**, 4-5, very handsome and effective as a foliage plant alone; flowers chocolate purple in long dense pyramidal racemes; always attracts attention in our ornamental borders. 1/-.
- Verbascum longifolium**, 6, flowers large, golden yellow, in tall unbranched spikes, from rosettes of handsome grey woolly leaves, often over a yard across. 4d.
- "**nigrum**, "Dark Mullein," 3, yellow flowers with bright purple filaments; a pretty perennial native species. 5d.
- "**album**, a charming white variety, very effective. 4d.
- "**thapsiforme (densiflorum)**, 3, a perennial species with handsome evergreen foliage prettily frilled on the edge, and stout branching spikes of coppery yellow flowers; one of the showiest of flowering plants, and of a colour hardly found elsewhere. 4d.
- Veronica austriaca**, "Austrian Speedwell," 1, large flowers of a fine blue, in numerous long spikes on erect stems; a most effective border plant from June till early autumn. 4d.
- "**Bidwilli**, a dwarf creeper, rapidly covering the ground, and loaded all through the summer with innumerable flower spikes of purest white; A1 in all respects. 4d.
- "**cataracta compacta**, a charming alpine carrying masses of white flowers touched with pink. 4d.
- "**circæoides**, $\frac{1}{2}$, a charming prostrate plant, with large and very pretty pale bluish-lilac flowers. 4d.
- "**crassifolia**, $\frac{1}{2}$, with spikes of white flowers; a handsome border plant. 4d.
- "**gentianoides**, 1, with shining green leaves not unlike those of "Gentianella," and spikes of rather large porcelain-blue flowers; a very refined, evergreen, early-flowering dwarf border plant. 4d.
- "**pallida**, palest possible shade of porcelain blue, an exquisite colour. 4d.
- "**variegata**, foliage prettily variegated with creamy white. 4d.
- "**Guthrieana**, really a dwarf shrub, not more than 9 inches high, carrying evergreen leaves and spikes of very dark blue flowers. 4d.
- "**incana**, $\frac{1}{2}$, a very effective dwarf species with silvery white foliage and spikes of deep blue flowers; fine for edgings and similar work. 5d.
- "**Michauxii**, 4-5, a tall, elegant species from Persia; with terminal racemes of pale lilac flowers on willow-like stems. 4d.

- Veronica pectinata*, $\frac{1}{2}$, the entire plant is clothed with grey woolly hairs, and decked with pretty pale blue flowers; likes best a sunny ledge in sandy soil; from Greece. 6d.
- " " *rosea*, a very pretty plant indeed, with charming rose-coloured flowers. 4d.
- " *peduncularis*, a dwarf plant, smothered in early summer with masses of pure white flowers. 4d.
- " *polifolia*, 1, with decumbent stems, and pale blue or rose coloured flowers in short dense spikes; from the alpine regions of Lebanon, &c. 4d.
- " *repens*, $\frac{1}{2}$, a pretty densely-creeping plant from Corsica; forms bright green carpets of foliage plentifully bestrewn with lovely porcelain-blue flowers; delights in moist situations in the rock garden, and makes a lovely carpet for bulbous plants. 4d.
- " *Royal Blue*, 2, real deep navy blue, a splendid colour. 4d.
- " *saxatilis rosea*, $\frac{1}{2}$, a variety of the "Alpine Speedwell" with rich rose-coloured flowers. 4d.
- " *spicata*, 1, the plants usually sold under this name are *V. longifolia* and varieties; the true species is a rare native of this country, found in Wales, Suffolk, and Cambridgeshire, with clear blue flowers in dense terminal spikes. 6d.
- " *spuria (amethystina)*, $\frac{1}{2}$, a very showy and attractive border plant, produces masses of flowers on rather loose diffuse stems, colour a lovely shade of amethystine blue. 6d.
- " *subsessilis*, "Japanese Speedwell," $\frac{1}{2}$, undoubtedly possessed of the richest tyrian purple flowers among border "Speedwells." Produced in dense racemes, from the axils of the upper leaves, on stout stems, the magnificent "brushes" are most effective in late summer and autumn. 9d.
- " *Teucrium dubia (prostrata, rupestris)*, $\frac{1}{2}$, a favourite dwarf plant, known under various names; there are few perennials which give such a wealth of beautiful blue flowers for so long a period. 4d.
- Viola cornuta*, "Horned Violet," $\frac{1}{2}$, a fine showy species, produces dense carpets of bloom, one of the best spring and summer flowering plants. 4d.
- " " *alba*, sheets of pure white flowers. 4d.
- " *elatio*, 1, with erect stems bearing pale green leaves and large pale blue flowers; of bushy habit, very distinct. 4d.
- " *pedata*, "Bird's-foot Violet," $\frac{1}{2}$, undoubtedly the most charming of the "Violets" from America. Greatly resembling a "Pansy," the large flowers, sometimes over an inch across, are of a blue-purple or lilac colour, though this species is very variable and there are several fine forms. 9d.
- " " *bicolor*, the two upper petals are of a deep dark velvety violet colour. 9d.
- Wahlenbergia serpyllifolia*, "Thyme-leaved Hairbell," $\frac{1}{2}$. This is certainly the gem of the genus. From tufts of narrow deep green foliage are produced relatively large flowers resembling those of *Campanula pulla* in the intense deep violet-blue; stems slender, carrying one flower each. 1/-.
- Wulfeia amherstiana*, 1, produces rich purplish-blue flowers on slender scapes 5-10 inches long; a rare plant from the Himalayas. 6d.
- " *carinthiaca*, $\frac{1}{2}$, very similar, but with smaller flowers; a very rare plant only found in Carinthia. 6d.
- Xerophyllum asphodeloides*, "Turkey's Beard," 2-4, forms tufts of narrow, spiny, grass-like foliage, from which arise handsome spikes of white flowers in early summer. 1/-.
- Zauschneria californica*, "Humming-bird's Trumpet," 1, with pretty hoary leaves, on stems which become woody at the base, and brilliant vermilion tubular flowers. 4d.
- " " *mexicana*, of bushy habit, flowers vivid scarlet. 4d.
- " " *splendens*, this is a greatly-improved variety, distinguished by the more hoary foliage and increased masses of flowers. 6d.

Greenhouse Plants.

- Anthemis Perfection**, "Double Marguerite."—Quite certain to be one of the best market plants of the future; invaluable for cutting; large double flowers of the purest white produced in endless succession. In pots, large 1/-, smaller 6d.
- Asparagus plumosus**.—The feathery leaves make a mist of pale green, admirable for all sorts of decorative work. In pots, large 9d., smaller 6d.
- " **" nanus**.—The well-known market variety; leaves flat; graceful beyond words, quite indispensable. In pots, large 9d., smaller 6d.
- " **Sprengerli**.—Larger in all its parts than either of the above; first class for table decoration. In pots, large 9d., smaller 6d.
- Aralia Sieboldii**.—See body of catalogue.
- Hellebore**, Lord Roberts. Large plants just coming into bloom; in pot, 9d. Smaller, to bloom later, in pots, 4d.
- Maidenhair Ferns** (*Adiantum cuneatum*).—In pots, large 9d., smaller 6d.
- Pelargoniums**, finest mixed varieties. In flowering pots, large 1/-, smaller 6d.
- Primula verticillata** ... } Both of these charming Primulas only show their best beauty in a greenhouse; for description see body of catalogue. In pots, 9d.; smaller, 6d.
- " **Kewensis** ... }
- Smilax** (*Myrsiphyllum asparagoides*).—Quite indispensable where "trails" are needed for window or table decoration. Well established, in pots, 6d.
- Tomato**, Bees' Perfection.—We grow this Tomato in preference to all others for the supply of our shops. The fruits are round, smooth, of medium size, of delicious flavour, and borne in immense quantity. In pots for delivery in March, 2/6 per doz.
- Palms**.
- " **Kentia Belmoreana** ... } The two hardest Palms; will stand a lot of rough treatment. In pots, 1½ to 2½ feet, 2/- to 2/6 each; 6 to 12 inches, for growing on, 4d. to 6d. each.
- " **" Fosteriana** ... }
- " **Latania Borbonica**.—One magnificent specimen 6 feet high and as much through; would make a fine vestibule plant. In large pot, £3.
- Conifers**.—In pots, from 1½ to 3½ feet high, in picked ornamental kinds for use in our shops, 1/- to 2/6 each.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS.

The following list contains the best varieties only. We have made a very careful selection, and have omitted all inferior sorts. All are 3d. each, 2/6 per dozen (of one kind); not less than 6 at the dozen rate.

EARLY-FLOWERING VARIETIES.

- Bronze Masse**.—Beautiful bronze sport of the well-known type.
- Harvest Home**.—Bronzy red, tipped with gold.
- Horace Martin**.—Magnificent deep yellow; flowers in great profusion; first rate for garden decoration.
- Miss B. Miller**.—Beautiful deep golden yellow; large blooms; dwarf, sturdy, and a most useful variety.
- Nellie Blake**.—Bronze and gold; an excellent variety for cutting.
- Pink Masse**.—Possesses all the most valuable qualities of the Masse section; flowers of a pleasing pink, very freely produced.
- Polly**.—A lovely shade of deep orange; one of the most popular varieties.

MID-SEASON VARIETIES.

- A. J. Balfour**.—Lovely shade of pink; very useful for cut bloom.
- Elaine**.—Still one of the best and most popular mid-season whites.
- La Triumphants**.—Pink; magnificent bold flower; quite in the front rank.
- Market Red**.—Velvety metallic red, bronze reverse; one of the finest.

O. J. Quintus.—White; a rare old favourite.

Soleil d'Octobre.—Grand large blooms of a golden yellow colour; an indispensable variety.

Source d'Or.—A first-class bronze variety; par excellence for sprays.

LATE VARIETIES.

Framfield Pink.

Madame R. Oberthur.—Pure white.

Madame Panckoucke.—White.

Mrs. J. Thompson.—White.

Mrs. W. F. McNeill.—Deep rose.

Mrs. C. Glenny.—Primrose yellow.

Mrs. F. Judson.—Pure white, incurved flowers of fine form and substance.

Mrs. C. Rundie.—Pure white.

Nivette.—Pure white.

Queen of the Exe.—White flushed with pink; one of the best late varieties.

Tuxedo.—Bronzy orange; one of the best; makes a fine display at Christmas.

„ yellow standard.

SINGLE VARIETY.

Miss C. Crissie.—Rich chocolate crimson, very handsome and free flowering; an excellent variety for cut bloom.

CLIMBERS.

Ampelopsis sempervirens (striata), evergreen. Little known, but one of the finest of climbers. It is reputed tender, and may well be given some protection at first, but we know it on an east wall in this neighbourhood entirely unprotected, romping up to the top of the house. Its leaves, which are permanently retained, are about the same size as those of *A. Veitchi*, and are of a dark and shining green, most refreshing to the eye. It makes close clinging tendrils, and requires no nailing—in fact, it is first class in all respects, and we strongly recommend our clients to try it as a charge from too much Ivy. 1/- each, 9/- per doz.

Scianum jasminoides grandiflora.—Quite hardy here on a south wall; flowers of purest white; in three years will go to the top of a high house. 6d. each, 5/6 per doz.

CLEMATIS.

Colette Deville, pretty violet carmine. 6d.

Comete, white with lovely mauve tints. 6d.

Cratere, reddish purple, with violet centre; large flowers. 6d.

Duchess of Edinburgh, good double pure white, very sweetly scented; exceptionally vigorous. 6d.

Fiammula rubro-marginata, a pretty form having a reddish tint on the margins of the leaves; very attractive climber. 6d.

Hybrida splendida, delightful blue, strong grower. 6d.

Kermesina, floriferous variety with wine red flowers, excellent. 6d.

Lilacina floribunda, pale grey lilac. 6d.

Madame Baron-Veillard, lilac rose flowers in great profusion; good grower. 6d.

Madame la Coultre, pure white; lovely sort. 6d.

Madame Van Houtte, pure white; good shape. 6d.

Miss Bateman, white with creamy bands. 6d.

M. Koster, beautiful red, very large; good strong grower; blooms last a long time. 6d.

Montana grandiflora, an exceedingly attractive variety with pure white flowers; very free; a vigorous grower; well adapted for pergolas, &c.

Sir Garnet Wolseley, striking bars of plum red; very large. 6d.

Viticella modesta, large drooping pale blue or pale purple flowers during summer; suitable for pergolas, arbours, &c. 6d.

Extra strong Clematis, different colours, 5/6 dozen.

OFFER OF CLIMBING ROSES.

IN 6-INCH POTS.

Aglala.
Ards Pillar.
Blush Rambler.
Caroline Testout. (Cl.)
Cheshunt Hybrid.
Crimson Rambler.
Dawson Rose.
Dorothy Perkins.

" " (white), 3/-.
Emile Fortepaule.
Flower of Fairfield. 3/-.
Gloire de Dijon.
Hiawatha.
Kaiserin Augusta Victoria.
Lady Gay.

Longworth Rambler.
Madame Jules Gravaux.
Minnehaha, 2/-.
Mrs. W. J. Grant (Cl.).
Niphetos (Cl.).
Rambling Rector.
Reine Marie Henriette.
Reine Olga de Wurtemberg.
Rubin.
South Orange Perfection.
Tea Rambler.
Tausendschon, 2/-.
Veilchenblau, 2/6.
Waltham Rambler.
Wedding Bells, 2/-.

The above Collection at 1/6 each, except where priced.

NEW ROSES OF 1909, in 4½ in. pots.

His Majesty (H.T.), dark crimson shaded deep vermilion; great depth of petals, high-pointed centre; sweetly perfumed. Awarded Gold Medal, National Rose Society, 1908. 3/6.

NEW ROSES OF 1908, in 4½ in. pots.

Coquinnia (Wich.), delightful shade of porcelain pink, with yellow base; large flowers; very distinct. 1/6.

Dr. O'Donel Browne (H.T.), the petals are smooth, shell-shaped, and massive; colour carmine rose, deliciously perfumed and very free flowering. 2/-.
Flower of Fairfield (Wich.), new perpetual-flowering Crimson Rambler. 2/6.

Les Gloriettes (China), coppery red on clear yellow ground, of medium size, full; very free flowering. 1/-.
Rhea Reid (H.T.), described as equal in all respects to Liberty, but a stronger grower. 2/-.

NEW ROSES OF 1907, in 4½ in. pots.

Altmarker (H.T.), rich golden yellow, tinted cochineal red, very large and full; well-formed buds. 1/6.

Delight (Cl.), single carmine-red flowers, dark and shining foliage. 1/6.

Kronprinzessin Cecilie (H.T.), soft delicate silvery rose, large flower of perfect form; long pointed buds; very free. 1/6.

Madame Leon Constantin (T.), splendid satiny rose, centre salmon; long pointed buds; large double flower; free flowering. 1/6.

Mrs. A. R. Waddell (H.T.), salmon, reverse of petals pomegranate-red; large and very free-flowering. 1/-.

Snowstorm (Pol.), pure white, semi-double, varying from 6 to 25 blossoms in a truss. 1/-.

GENERAL LIST.

Madame Edmee Metz (H.T.), rosy pink, shaded salmon; very free. 1/-.

Miss Helyett (Hybrid Wich.), tree of exceptional vigour, flowers very large, produced singly, rosy carmine with salmon centre; very floriferous. 1/6.

Mrs. E. G. Hill (H.T.), flowers of immense size, opens well, white interior, deep coral red exterior, very fragrant. 1/3.

Climbing Niphetos (T.), usually pure white, but occasionally pale lemon, long pointed buds, very free-flowering; a splendid variety. Extra strong, in pots, 1/- to 2/-.

ORNAMENTAL TREES AND SHRUBS.

- Baccharis Patagonica** ("Bacchus Tree"), little known, but first class; fine, dark, glossy, evergreen leaves; perfectly hardy; will grow anywhere. 4d.
- Berberis** ("Purple-leaved Barberry"), very unusual foliage of a dark claret purple; a most effective plant. 6d.
- Berberis stenophylla**, a magnificent shrub when in flower, and a keen rival of *Darwinia* in popularity. The slender branches cross and recross one another, forming a dense thicket, clothed with small, narrow foliage, above which the bright yellow flowers appear, literally smothering the whole plant. 6d.
- Cassina fulvida** ("Golden-leaved Aster"), a hardy evergreen shrub producing a most striking and unusual effect by the golden colour of its small leaves, white flowers in great profusion. 4d.
- Cotoneaster buxifolia**, evergreen, Box-like leaves, with reddish crimson berries. 6d.
- Cotoneaster microphylla**, a fine rockery plant, with brilliant scarlet berries. 6d.
- Cotoneaster Simonsii**, one of the largest, orange yellow fruit. 6d.
- Cotoneaster thymifolia**, a choice and beautiful alpine, with Thyme-like leaves; makes a fine contrast for brilliant Alpine flowers. 6d.
- Cytisus præcox**, one of the finest "Brooms" extant, and one of the first to flower; a charming shrub, from 5 to 6 feet high. It forms one solid mass of creamy yellow blossoms. 6d.
- " **Scoparius Andreanus** (*Cenista Andreana*), perhaps the cream of the "Brooms." Although not long in commerce, it is now universally cultivated. The flowers are of a deep golden yellow, with an intense rich red-brown keel. 6d.
- Elaeagnus**, ornamental deciduous and evergreen shrubs, with beautiful foliage. The flowers of all are deliciously scented, and are succeeded by pretty coloured berries.
- " **pungens Simoni variegata**, beautifully variegated with gold and silver markings. 9d.
- " **aurea reticulata**, a remarkable plant with golden and green variegated foliage; quite as hardy as a Holly. 9d.
- Euonymus Bungeanus**, a fine form, with unusually coloured fruits. 4d.
- " **radicans Carrierei**, strong-growing, trailing shrub, with green leaves; well adapted for covering rocks, roots, &c., 4d.
- " **fol. argenteis variegatis**, with silver variegated foliage; one of the most effective of variegated rockery shrubs. 6d.
- Fuchsia myrtifolia**, hardy in a sheltered position. Can be used to make an unusual and striking effect on a rockery. Scarlet flowers, much smaller than usual among *Fuchsias*, and gracefully borne in the greatest profusion. 4d.
- " **Riccartoni**, can be used as a hedge plant; 4ft. high; wreathed with small scarlet and purple blossoms. 4d.
- Cenista Hispanica** ("Spanish Gorse"), an excellent dwarf shrub, very spiny, and entirely covering itself with masses of golden yellow flowers; fine for rockwork. 4d.
- " **tinctoria flore plena** ("Double Dyers' Greenwood"), one of the few double-flowered plants in the Pea family; makes no seed, and in consequence keeps up the display of its showy golden flowers for an unusually long time. 6d.
- Helianthemum** ("Sun Roses"), while many hardy shrubs are easy to grow, probably none grow so readily as these. In habit they are dwarf and trailing, and do well on dry sunny banks where little else will grow. Although the individual flowers are not of long duration, this is amply compensated for by the immense profusion in which they are borne.
- Hibiscus**, deciduous flowering shrubs, bearing innumerable large and showy flowers. Unfortunately, they are not by any means grown as much as they deserve. In ordinary garden soil or in damp situations they thrive luxuriantly. We offer them in various colours, blue, pink, dark red, white, single and double. 4d.

Hypericum calycinum ("Rose of Sharon"), perhaps the best of all plants for covering places where nothing else will grow. Equally at home under the shade of trees or rambling among heaps of stones in full sunshine; an excellent covert plant; very handsome, with its large golden flowers and masses of wire-like stamens. 3d. each. Strong plants, 6d.

" **moserianum** ("Red-tipped St. John's Wort"), flowers large and showy, and distinguished from all other "St. John's Worts" by the fact that the stamens are strikingly tipped with scarlet. 6d.

" **ascyron**, the largest-flowered of the "St. John's Worts." 6d.

" **glandulosum** (**androsæmum**), produces a wealth of bright yellow flowers throughout the summer. 6d.

" **Patulum**, a shrub much taller than any of the above, and very free flowering. 6d.

Ligustrum ovalifolium ("Oval-leaved Privet"). 1½–2½ feet, 1/- per doz.; 3 to 5 feet, 4d. each, 3/- per dozen.

Neillia opulifolia, a strong-growing shrub with pretty white flowers on numerous umbels in May and June. 4d.

" " **aurea**, golden yellow foliage; a very showy and effective shrub. 6d.

Olearia Hastii ("The Snow Bush"), densely clothed with evergreen leaves. The flowers are borne in terminal heads, appearing about August, and literally smother the whole plant. 4d. each; strong plants, 9d.

Osmanthus aquifolia ("Holly-leaved Olive"), compact evergreen shrub, with spiny Holly-like leaves. Flowers very fragrant. 4d.

Othonopsis cheirifolia ("Barberry Ragwort"), a creeping plant with striking glaucous leaves, against which the large yellow flowers stand out in fine contrast. 4d.

Phillyrea decora, a fine evergreen shrub, with large, thick, and leathery leaves of a splendid deep green colour. 6d.

Phlomis fruticosa ("Jerusalem Sage"), pretty oblong leaves, clothed with a yellowish down; auxiliary clusters of large, showy, yellow flowers in July. 4d.

Potentilla fruticosa ("Shrubby Cinquefoil"), this charming dwarf shrub is worth anyone's while to grow. It is as accommodating as it is beautiful. No weather or hard conditions affect it. It will flourish on little else but stones on a rockery, or in the most highly fertilised border. It harmonises admirably with herbaceous plants, and its handsome chalky yellow flowers, borne in the greatest confusion, never look better than against masses of *Gypsophila paniculata*. 3d.

Rosmarinus officinalis ("Rosemary"), the old favourite, with delightfully-scented dark evergreen foliage, and masses of blue and white flowers in spring. 6d.

Spiræa arifolia, immense panicles of white flowers during the summer months, stiff dark green foliage, silvery beneath. 4d.

" **japonica** **Anthony Waterer**, the deepest red, and perhaps the finest of all the *Spiræas*. 4d.

" **Menziesii**, erect strong grower, with terminal spikes of bloom of the prettiest rosy pink. 4d.

Veronica ("Speedwell"), although generally considered to be rather tender, these beautiful evergreens will thrive well in any moderately-sheltered position not too far from the sea. They are a charming class of shrubs. Some of the dwarf-growing kinds are excellent subjects for rockery work. The flowers of these shrubby "Speedwells" are of various colours, and in many cases are produced with such freedom as to almost smother the whole plant.

" **buxifolia**, a stout shrub, 2 to 3 feet high; leaves thick and fleshy; white flowers. 3d.

" **pinguifolia**, lovely spikes of white flowers in June; nice glaucous foliage. 3d.

" **Traversi**, a charming "Speedwell," and one of the most useful; short deep green leaves, and blush-white flowers. 4d.

Vinca major ("Large-flowered Periwinkle"), a fine plant for covering all sorts of places where hardly anything else will grow; runs by underground stolons, and rapidly covers large areas. Will do under trees or in full sun, but in all cases wants lots of room. Quite hardy. Dark evergreen leaves, large violet-blue flowers. 3d.

Yucca flaccida filamentosa ("Adam's Needle"), fine, hardy, very free-flowering Yucca. 6d.

" " " strong plants, 9d.

Hardy Bedding Plants.

Violas.

Plants of easy culture, producing charming coloured flowers in great profusion throughout the greater part of the year. They are beautiful bedding plants, and if planted in masses they produce a most brilliant effect.

COLLECTION A, including only very fine varieties, 9d. per doz., 5/6 per 100.

Amy Barr, deep pink, very large and fine.

Ardwell Gem, bright orange yellow, very free.

Dove, large creamy white, slightly edged lilac, very fine.

Duchess of Fife, pale yellow, edged lavender blue.

Forget-me-not, a charming variety, aptly named.

J. B. Riding, rosy crimson, a splendid bedder.

John Quastin, light mauve, self, good doer.

King Cup, a beautiful yellow

Kitty Hay, orange yellow.

Molly Pape, deep yellow, self.

Primrose Dame, beautiful primrose, very large.

Rolph, lavender, very free.

William Niel, pale rose, lovely.

COLLECTION B.—2d. each, 1/- doz., 7/6 per 100.

Archie Grant, rich indigo blue.

Blue King, dark blue, very large.

Bridal Morn, rich heliotrope colour.

Bullion, bright golden yellow, dwarf.

Captain Shaw, rich purple, upper petals rose, veined purple.

Councillor W. Waters, purple self, dwarf.

Constance, pale mauve.

Goldfinch, the colour of a goldfinch.

General Clery, beautiful lavender, free flowering.

Kitty Bell, pale lavender, rayless.

Lord Beaconsfield, purple violet, top petals white.

Kitty Pope, deep yellow, self.

Auriculas, a splendid strain, colours various. 1/- per doz.

Canterbury Bells, in 3 distinct colours. 1/6 per doz.

Foxgloves, a very fine strain, 1/6 per doz.

Myosotis alpestris (Forget-me-not), the garden favourite. 1/6 per doz.

Polyanthus, in various colours. 1/- per doz.

Wallflowers, in variety. 6d. per doz., 3/- per 100.

Sundries Department.

All Goods Carriage Forward except when otherwise stated.

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Bees' Imperishable Aluminium Label For Plants, Roses, Shrubs, Trees, etc., etc.

We have laid down a plant to produce a most durable and satisfactory aluminium label, with names distinctly printed in raised letters. These labels may be had strung with aluminium wire for attaching to rose trees, &c., or perforated at both ends.

The labels will last for years, and as long as a shred of the label remains the name embossed upon it will be readable as when first produced.

Price, without wire, 8d. per doz., 5/- per 100, post free.

„ with wire, for suspending, 9d. per doz., 5/6 per 100, post free.

The above price is for the average label of 4 inches and less in length.

When ordering, if possible send printed names of plants, roses, &c.

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(pro. pat. appl. 8650).

This label has been designed to supply a long-felt want, viz.: A practically everlasting label at a low price. Sample label, 3d., post free.

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The Name Plate is aluminium, 3 inches long. Any name not exceeding 18 letters can be supplied. The letters are raised, and are always quite easy to read. Stem 10in. long.

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BEES' "MERSEY" LABEL.—No. 1, price 1/4 doz., 10/- 100. No. 2, 1/7 doz., 12/- 100. No. 3, 1/3 doz., 9/6 100. No. 4, 1/6 doz., 11/6 100. No. 5, 1/10 doz., 14/- 100. Not less than 50 at 100 rate.

BEES' MANURES and FERTILIZERS.

BEES' ROSE FERTILIZER.—This mixture contains in correct proportion the elements required for the successful and vigorous growth of Rose Trees. Full directions for use with each bag. Bags, 6d., 1/- each.

BEES' CARNATION FERTILIZER.—This fertilizer is specially prepared for producing healthy growth of Carnations. Bags, 6d., 1/- each.

BEES' ALL PURPOSES FERTILIZER.—This is a highly-concentrated garden fertilizer; in it are all the elements for producing rapid and robust growth. Bags, 6d., 1/- each.

BEES' FRUIT TREE FERTILIZER.—This is a first-class fertilizer, which goes directly to the formation of fruit. Bags, 6d., 1/- each.

BEES' SWEET PEA FERTILIZER.—A special and most carefully prepared fertilizer, which greatly improves the colour and substance of bloom and foliage. Bags, 6d., 1/- each.

BEES' LEGUMINOUS FERTILIZER.—Great care has been exercised in producing this Fertilizer. It is highly recommended for Peas and Beans. Also greatly improves general vegetable crops. For the kitchen garden it cannot be excelled. Bags, 6d., 1/- each.

BEES' POTATO FERTILIZER.—This Fertilizer we highly recommend with every confidence, having used it for two seasons on our potato farms in Ireland. Bags, 6d., 1/- each.

BEES' TOMATO FERTILIZER.—A remarkably rich fertilizer, specially compounded for the successful culture of Tomatoes, containing all the elements of plant food. Produces fruit very rapidly. Bags, 6d., 1/- each.

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SPENT HOPS.—The best of all fertilizers for Azaleas and Rhododendrons. 1 Bushel for 1/9; 1/- for half-bushel.

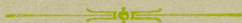
All other Fertilisers, Insecticides, and Sundries stocked and offered at current prices.

See Our Other Catalogues, Free on Application.

MANURES, FERTILIZERS, &c.

	Per 7lb.	Per 14lb.	Per 28lb.	Per cwt.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Basic Slag, fine ground	0 8	1 0	1 9	6 0
Bone Meal, English, fine quality	1 0	1 10	3 4	12 6
Bones, 1 inch	0 9	1 4	2 6	8 6
Bones, 1 inch	0 9	1 4	2 6	8 6
Clay's Fertiliser, tins 6d. and 1/-	2 6	4 6	7 6	20 0
Fame's do. for top dressing, tins 6d. and 1/-	2 6	4 6	7 6	20 0
Ichthemic Cuano, tins 6d., 1/-, and 2/6 each	—	4 6	7 6	20 0
Kainit	0 8	1 0	1 9	3 6
Nitrate of Soda, per lb. 3d.	1 3	2 3	4 3	16 4
Sulphate of Ammonia, in large 3lb. tins, 1/- per tin	1 6	2 9	5 0	18 6
Superphosphate of Lime	0 8	1 0	1 8	5 6
Thomson's Vine, Plant, and Vegetable Manure.—Full directions for use with each sack or tin. Tins 6d., 1/-, 2/-, and 3/6 each	2 6	3 6	6 0	20 0
Charcoal Nuts, pure wood	1 0	1 9	3 0	10 4
Charcoal Powdered, pure wood... ..	0 8	1 0	1 9	6 0
Coker Nut Fibre, clean and sweet. 1/6 per bushel.				
Lawn Sand, for killing coarse weeds on lawns and to encourage the growth of fine grasses. 1/- per sample tin, 2/- per 7lb.				
Liquid Weed Killer.—One gall. makes 51 galls., sufficient for 160 to 200 square yards. Prices (carriage paid): 1/2-gall. 2/3 (tin free); 1-gall. 3/6 (drum 9d.); 2-gall. 7/- (drum 1/6); 3-gall. 10/- (drum 2/-); 4-gall. 12/6 (drum 2/6); 5-gal. 15/- (drum 2/6); 10-gall. 27/6 (drum 5/-); 20-gall. 55/- (cask 5/-); 40-gall. 100/- (cask 5/-). Cost of drums will be refunded when returned, carriage paid, in good order and condition.				
Powder Weed Killer.—Packed in air-tight tins. Mixes readily in cold water without heat of fumes. Equal in effectiveness to the liquid. Convenient to store and handle, it will keep for an indefinite period. Measure to make small quantity enclosed with each order. Prices (carriage paid), tins free:—No. 1 Tin, makes 25 galls., to dress 80 to 100 yards, 2/3; 2 tins 3/9; 12 tins 21/-. No. 2 Tin, makes 100 galls., to dress 320 to 400 square yards, 7/-; 5 tins 32/6; 10 tins 62/6; 20 tins 120/-.				
Silver Sand.—2/- cwt., 9/- 5 cwt. Quotations per ton lots on application.				

AGENCY.



As before, we offer to our Agents a commission of 10 per cent. (2/- in the £) on all orders sent to us through them; and 20 per cent. (4/- in the £) on all seed orders only.

The Agency has proved so profitable to the Agents that we are now represented all over the United Kingdom, in most of the Colonies, and in Foreign Countries. But the market for Seeds, Roses, Bulbs, &c., is so large that there is always room for fresh agencies.

For the convenience of clients residing in distant countries, we shall be pleased to send address of nearest Agent.

This need not interfere in any way with anyone's regular employment or duties.

Our Catalogues are always at the service of our Agents, and we shall have great pleasure in posting as many as may be wanted.

Anyone desiring to take up our Agency is requested to write for the Agency form, which gives all necessary particulars.

We do not bind ourselves to appoint Sole Agents in any district. The size and character of the district in question will always be taken into account when considering a second application for Agency in the same locality.

Our Agency is open to Gardeners, but only for business other than their employers, unless with their employers' written consent. We always, however, make it a practice to write to employers with whose gardeners we do business, asking permission to give the Gardeners our Agency commission, customary before the passing of the recent Act.

We publish the following Catalogues:

In January a Catalogue of

SEEDS IN 1d. PACKETS.

Quite the most marvellous Catalogue issued. It enables a garden to be filled from end to end with masses of flowers, or rich store of vegetables, at hardly any expenditure. We give for 1d. the quantity of Seeds you are accustomed to buy for 6d. We carefully test all our Seeds before sending out. The quality cannot be surpassed. Hosts of testimonials from prize winners each season.

In Spring a Catalogue of Herbaceous and Alpine Plants. Our Collection is one of the most famous in the kingdom, and we spare no pains to keep it supplied with all really good novelties as they come out.

In April a Catalogue of Bedding Plants. These plants can be inspected at any time at our Sealand Nurseries. They are finely-rooted stuff.

In August a Catalogue of Bulbs. Almost all our Bulbs are grown in our own Nursery at Hillegom, Holland. To get the finest quality of Bulbs, we find it necessary to grow them ourselves. Relying on middlemen and jobbers only means trouble. The Hillegom soil produces the finest bulbs in the world.

In October a Catalogue of Trees, Shrubs, Roses, and Herbaceous Plants. These things are all grown on the bleak, exposed land of our wind-swept Sealand Nursery. The consequence is that they are splendidly rooted and thoroughly hardy. When moved to milder quarters they grow as if by magic.

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We grow and force a large quantity of the best decorative flowers for use in our florists' shops. Should any of our customers like to be supplied with these flowers by post, we shall be glad to give them exceptionally good terms.

We constantly supply wreaths, crosses, harps, anchors, &c., also bridal, ballroom, and presentation bouquets all over the country. The supply of flowers is, of course, within the scope of the Agency scheme.

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